

# English Essay

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## Democracy in Pakistan :- Hopes and Hurdles.

1. Introduction :-

(a) :- Hook :-

(b) :- Background

(c) :- Thesis Statement :- While Pakistan's democratic evolution is hindered by economic instability and the failure of political parties to institutionalize, the successful, peaceful transfer of power in recent years provides a glimmer of hope for a more stable civilian-led future.

2. An overview of Political History of Pakistan :-

→ Inception of Pakistan and initial problems

→ The game of musical chair during the first eleven years.

- > Imposition of martial law by Ayub Khan
- > Secession of East Pakistan
- > Democratic Pakistan in the 70's
- > Overthrow of democratic government by General Zia-U-Haq
- > Miracles of 58-2(b) in the 90's
- > Entry of Pervez Musharraf and Partial restoration of democracy and charter of democracy.
- > Revival of democracy.

~~3~~  
~~Major~~

3.1- Major Hurdles to Democracy:-

- \* Military intervention in Politics
- \* Weak Political Institutions
- \* Judicial - Executive conflicts
- \* Economic Instability
- \* Corruption and Government failures
- \* Media and Civil Liberties Concern

### 41. Hopes for Democracy:-

- \* Strong public Political Awareness
- \* Youth Bulge = Democratic Energy.
- \* Constitutional Framework
- \* Peaceful Transfers of power
- \* Vibrant Civil Societ and media.

### 51. Recommendations:-

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### 61. Conclusion:-

- Democracy in Pakistan remains a work in progress.
- Democracy is challenged but persistently alive
- The future of democracy in Pakistan will depend on strengthening institutions over individuals and ensuring rule of law