

38525 Abdul Basit 346

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English ESSAY

The year 2025 -- Turning point for Pakistan

MON TUE WED THS FRI SAT
This is a completely irrelevant outline. The examiner is not going to read your essay beyond this point. Basic grammar and structure are being evaluated. Detailed feedback is at the end

Outline:-

Introduction.

Internal changes and adaptation

You are not asked the changes that the state has gone through, but how these changes are a turning point.

- 1) URAAV
- 2) Solar boom: a bright future
- 3) Mining: a critical need
- 4) Counter terrorism by a Hard state
- 5) Technology for safety
- 6) Industrial reforms and ~~major~~ reforms
- 7) Agricultural reforms
- 8) Constitutional ammendment

Number the main headings

External Revival of Pakistan

- 1) Renewed deterrence on Eastern front
- 2) New doctrine on western front
- 3) Reforged ~~SMDMA~~
- 4) Weapons exports
- 5) Peace keepers

None of these points highlight a turning point.

Major victories

Forever Problems for Pakistan

Conclusion

~~Introduction:~~

For world 2025 was an year filled with conflicts, deteriorating environment and democratic backsliding, but for Pakistan 2025 marked a year with strategic deterrence, Green revolution and strengthened democratic process. Pakistan saw multiple changes internally and externally and it responded to all challenges in effective manner. 2025, for world, might have been year of endless/forever wars but for Pakistan a bright future is visible ahead due to 2025.

No headings in an essay.

Short introduction. It should be 200-250 words and have a proper structure

~~Internal Changes and adaptation:~~

From Political, social, economic and environmental issues that are of global concern Pakistan dealt with them with effective management and planning. It adapted new policies where it could have and continued old ones where it should have.

Unrelated to the context of the essay. The topic is not about Pakistan's capacity to deal with the issues faced by the world, but how the issues Pakistan faced became a turning point for it.

~~DURRANI:~~

Pakistan on 31st december 2024 made it's new year pledge that it will fly. This was new year's pledge. Pakistan decided that next year will be different. It will work on it's human development, environment, enterpenuership, education and

Informal expression

Argue from an academic and mature perspective. This is not something to write in an academic exam.

No a

energy sectors upon a surface level analysis. It is safe to say Pakistan did a lot of work on itself. If it continues to do so, it will have a bright future ahead of it.

2) Solar boom: a bright future:

Pakistan is in dire need of energy and is environmentally vulnerable. So, Pakistan found a solution in solar energy. In 2025, Pakistan installed more than 35 GW of solar panels. This was more than entire solar energy capacity of France.

No argumentation No analysis. No relevance to the topic

Solar boom means cheaper electricity for state and consumer. The zero carbon emission is just cherry on top. Pakistan is 7th largest green energy producer. This is essential for Pakistan's industrial and developmental needs.

3) Mining: a critical need:

In April 2025, Pakistan held mineral forum, which was intended to attract foreign investors. The new craze in 2025 was critical minerals and Pakistan has a lot of them. Pakistan needs technological assistance to take these minerals out of ground and turn them into chips. The

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AI Frontier is calling and whoever will have more grip on market will be victor for ages. Maybe these rare minerals will provide a better future for Pakistan.

Counter terrorism by a hard state

In 2025 Pakistan took off its gloves and established a new policy on internal front.

Every terror act will be met with swift response. The terrorists will be brought to justice. It is worth noting that this policy has given fruitful results but its effectiveness is questionable in long run.

Technology for safety

Pakistan learned from other states and incorporated technology to improve public safety. The introduction of safe city comes as well as use of drones to rescue flood victims shows the Pakistan's changed mindset to accept and incorporate technology in every day life. The state's incentive to increase digitalization of economy means a secure and corruption free monetary exchange. It will be terrible for Non-State Actors and money launderers but secure for

everyone else.

6) Industrial reforms and SOEs:

Language is very informal

We needed a lot of reforms in industrial sector as well as in state owned enterprises. The Pakistan lived upto its pledge and privatized its white elephants such as PIA and QESCO and others.

This was coupled with industrial reforms and incentives such as decreased interest rates and reduction in US imposed tariffs. The state's non interference in market translated well for industrial and business sector.

The foreign companies such as BYD and Changan entered Pakistan's market and announced new factories in

No link to it being a turning point for Pakistan

Pakistan.

7) Agricultural reforms:-

Agriculture sector has always been important for Pakistan. It was/is Pakistan's economic backbone. Pakistan suffered multiple challenges such as suspension of Indus waters treaty. The climate challenges such as floods of 2025 that caused billions of dollars worth of damages. The government wanted to build new canals but public anger meant they couldn't. The

Irrelevant. No link to the topic.

Pakistani farmers increased the food production. Pakistan saw an increase in ~~fruit & fish and meat~~ production. The reduced tax (but also subsidies) might give Pakistan it's much needed food security. Pakistan's agricultural subsidies for long time were not producing any fruitful results. Under IMF pressure Pakistan ~~introduced~~ ~~only~~ ~~introduced~~ ~~new~~ ~~tax~~ ~~system~~ e.g. from 29% - 46% depending on type of farm and land. It also removed subsidies that were in effect.

8) Constitutional amendment:-

2025 was a year of demo-cratic backsliding globally. Critics would argue it was same for Pakistan and it's "Hybrid Regime" but Pakistan saw a strengthened parliament that ~~using~~ ~~its~~ ~~powers~~ introduced a new constitutional amendment. This amendment presented a lot of reforms in military and judiciary. The introduction of federal constitutional court will reduce backlog of cases. The CDF will provide better communication blw all armed forces. The life time immunity to President and Field heroes of nation

will mean prestige for nation's champions.

External revival of Pakistan:-

2025 did not just adopt new policies and pledges inside Pakistan. Pakistan created a new image on external front. In trade, technology, counter terrorism, and diplomacy Pakistan was the highlight of the world.

1) Renewed defence on Eastern front:-

Pakistan shares its eastern border with India, a state that is 7 times larger in terms of territory, 5 times in military spending and 2 times in military personnel. India has always been hostile towards Pakistan. Both countries have accused each other of financing cross border terrorism. In May 2025, both countries had a fire conflict. Pakistan reestablished conventional defence with India. This meant added respect for Pakistan and strategic value in Pakistani stock on external front. The Pakistan has shifted its policy that any attack on Pakistani soil will cause an equal and surgical response on Indian soil. Pakistan's response to rebellion and jihad operation

Sindhu was praised globally.

2) New doctrine on western front

Pakistan has suffered from terrorism more than any other regional country except Afghanistan. In 2025 there were 2000+ deaths due to terror attacks inside Pakistan. These attacks were sponsored by India backed terrorists. The Pakistan's strikes deep in Afghanistan meant that no more verbal condemnations. The soil that harbors threat for Pakistan will be struck and those that harbor terrorists will pay price of it. This shift in Pakistan's policy saw Afghan government denounce terrorism and terrorist organizations such as TTP.

3) Re-forged SAGAs

The Pakistan Saudi relations saw a major development when both states signed a Strategic mutual defence Agreement. This meant that "an act of aggression against one, will be an act of aggression against other". The decline in American power and increase in Pakistan's conventional military power saw a shift in Pakistan's external perception as

a security provider. This perception along with effective results of domestic weapons means a shift in global preference for Pakistani weapons.

4) A Weapons exporter:-

In 2025 Pakistan signed multiple weapons deals with multiple states. Inspired by Turkish model of defense industrialization Pakistan's domestic weapons have become new market favorite. Pakistan did many notable deals such as:

- 4.2 billion \$ deal with Azerbaijan
- 6 billion \$ deal with Indonesia
- Multi billion dollar deal with Libya
- Weapons deal with Turkey.
- Part with USA
- 4 billion \$ weapons deal with Sudan.

No bullets in an essay

These deals means over 10 billion USD worth of exports for Pakistan. This will result in not only decreased trade deficit. The data obtained from these weapons

5) ~~Peace keeper:-~~

Pakistan's commitment to global peace was astonishing in

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2025 we not only achieved peace in our eastern front. We played a significant role in global peace mediation. US, China, Thailand and Cambodia, Azerbaijan and Armenia as well as KSA and Iran. Their negotiations were facilitated by Pakistan.

Pakistan also wants to play a role in ensuring peace for Palestinians. The Pakistan's presence in Sheik Al-Sheikh was evident of that. Similarly, Pakistani troops were present under UN banner across the globe.

Major Victories:-

Pakistan saw major victories on diplomatic front such as tariff negotiations with USA or trade deals with upper saharan african states. Improved ties with Bangladesh were a major victory for Pakistan. The successful judgement from ~~IMF~~ world bank on LWT also showed turn in Pakistan's perception

forever Problems for Pakistan:

Even though Pakistan saw a gain in economic policies the IMF problem still looms over us. The difference does not mean

GENERAL FEEDBACK FOR ESSAYS

Content (40%)

Your interpretation should be in depth, comprehensive and academic. Always address the asked part. It should be evident in your outline, which should be self-explanatory in nature. Essays/Outlines that give related information without addressing the asked part do not qualify.

The whole essay should be relevant. Even if 1-2 arguments are irrelevant the essay will not pass.

Distribution of topic should be according to the demand of the topic statement i.e. if there is one scoring point it should be given more weight, if there are 2 or more scoring points all should be given equal weight.

All claims made in the essay must be substantiated. Out of 15-17 arguments at least 9-10 should be academically backed with proper references. The rest should be backed by either case studies or generally known information.

Evidence must be authentic and come from proper and authentic academic sources. Newspapers do not qualify as an academic source. Illustrations and vague mentions of events do not qualify as academic evidence.

Essays that are lacking in evidence do not qualify.

LANGUAGE (25%)

Focus on enhancing your grammar as any essay with 4-5 grammatical mistakes does not pass.

Your essay must be in the tone and tense of the topic statements. Essays that fail to comply do not pass.

Your sentence structure should be simple, yet clear and diversified.

Vocabulary used should be simple, clear and concise. Expression should always be formal and academic.

You are never to write in 1st and 2nd person pronouns.

You must always use the given keywords and your topic for your thesis statements and main headings in your outline.

STRUCTURE (20%)

Your essay must follow the selected pattern and that structure should be maintained throughout.

INTRODUCTION: The introduction is the longest paragraph of the essay, at least 200 words. It should start with a hook, must give the glimpse of what's to come and must have a thesis statement. Besides hook, your introduction should not have any sort of information and reference. Avoid definitions in introduction.

BODY PARAGRAPHS: Approximately 150 words at most and all the body paragraphs must be consistent in length. Should follow the proper structure of an academic paragraph i.e. it must have a topic sentence, supporting point, evidence and concluding sentence. The topic sentence and concluding sentence must align with each other. There should be no new information in the concluding sentence.

One paragraph represents one subheading in the outline and consists of one idea.

CONCLUSION: Must start with the concluding phrase. There should be no new information in the conclusion. It should recap the arguments. Conclusion does not have any examples and information. If you are ending it on a hopeful note