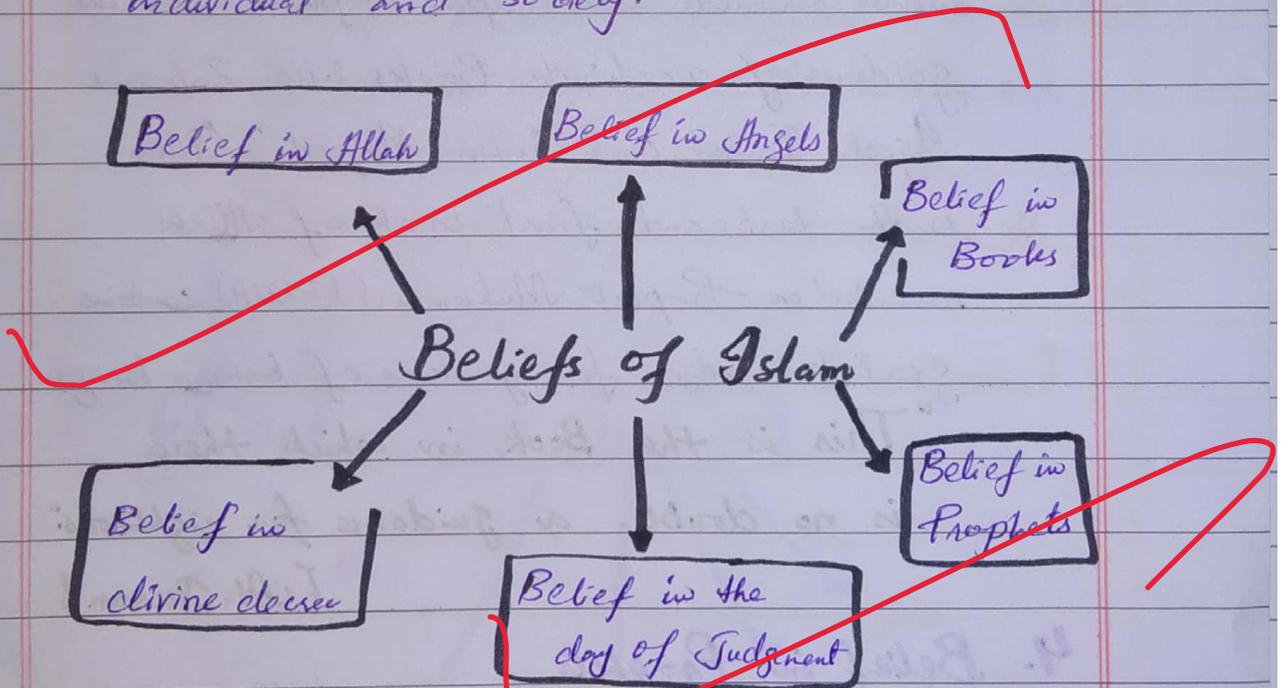


QUESTION No.1

Introduction

The basic beliefs of Islam are, the belief in oneness of Allah, His Angels, His Books, His Prophets, in the day of Judgement, and divine decree (Qadar). The doctrine of Akhirat is after death human beings will be resurrected and judged by Allah. Good deeds will be rewarded and wrong deeds will be punished. These beliefs transform the life of an individual and society.



1. Belief in oneness of Allah (Tauheed)

In Islam belief in Allah is the basic fundamental belief. Allah is one and He has created this universe.

"Say: He is Allah the one and Only"
[Surah Al-Ikhlâs]

2. Belief in Angels

Belief in Angels, which created by Allah and gave them special works.

"Over you are appointed guardians, noble scribes, who know all that you do."

[Al-Quran]

3. Belief in Books

Allah revealed books upon Prophets, for the guidance of mankind. Books like Zaboor, Injeel, Taurat and Quran Majeed. Quran is the last and final book of Allah revealed on Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) contains great knowledge for guidance of human beings.

"This is the Book in which there is no doubt, a guidance for righteous."

[Al-Quran]

4. Belief in Prophets

Allah send the Prophets for teaching and guiding people. Prophet Muhammad is the last Prophet of Allah.

"Muhammad is the Messenger of Allah and the last Prophet."

[Al-Quran]

5. Belief in the Day of Judgement

To believe that the day of judgement will occur and everyone will be judged by Allah. Good deeds will be rewarded and bad deeds will be punished.

"Every soul shall taste death."

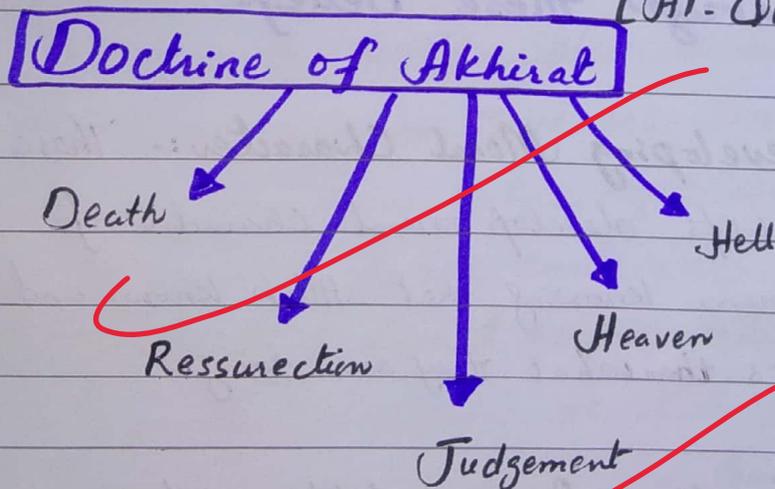
[Al-Quran]

6. Belief in the divine decree (Qadr)

To believe that everything happens with Allah's knowledge and wisdom while humans are also responsible for their deeds.

"Indeed all things we created with decree."

[Al-Quran]



1. **Death** :- This life is temporary, everyone will die

"Every soul shall taste death."

[Al-Quran]

2. **Ressurrection** :- After death on the day of judgement everyone will be ressurected for accountability.

3. **Judgement** :- On the day of Judgement everyone will be judged by Allah according to their deeds.

4. **Heaven** :- Those who are good doers will be given reward as in heaven.

5. **Hell** :- Wrong doers will be punished and thrown into Hell.

Reformation of Individual life through these beliefs

1. **Developing Moral Character** :- These beliefs develop moral character of human, knowing that Allah knows and sees ~~them~~ what they are doing.

2. **Creating Accountability** :- These beliefs create accountability in a person. To know that on the day of judgement everyone will be accountable before Allah.

3. **Giving purpose to life**:- These beliefs

give purpose to life of an individual.

Believing in Allah that He has created us for worship and doing good deeds and will reward us in Hereafter.

4. **Providing hope and inner peace**:- These

beliefs make humans hopeful that the challenges of life temporary and after that there comes ease.

"After hardships, there comes ease"

[Al-Quran]

Reformation of Society through these beliefs

1. **Establishing Justice**:- These beliefs establish

justice in the society. Islam teaches that all human beings are equal regardless of race, wealth and social status. Exploitation and oppression are strictly condemned.

2. **Promoting social responsibility**

These beliefs promote social responsibility, making humans responsible for their actions.

3. **Strengthening family systems**

These beliefs strengthen family ties, respect for parents, women, and children.

4. Encouraging Brotherhood :- These beliefs encourage brotherhood, mutual respect, and unity.

Conclusion

Beliefs of Islam in oneness of Allah, His Angels, Books, Prophets, in the day of judgement, and divine decree; Belief in Akhirat that all human beings will die and judge by Allah on the day of judgement. These beliefs reform life of individual and society by promoting justice, strengthening family systems, encouraging brotherhood, developing moral character of an individual and creating accountability.

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QUESTION No. 2

Introduction

Salat (Prayer) is the second most important pillar of Islam. It is obligatory worship, which offers five times daily. It develops God consciousness, brings inner peace and satisfaction. Encourages honesty and patience. Creates equality, and punctuality.

Concept of Salat

Salat is the obligatory prayer in Islam and it is the core pillar of Islam. Salat is performed by every muslims five times daily. Fajr, Zuhr, Asr, Maghrib, and Isha. It involves physical movements like standing, bowing, and prostrating) and specific recitations from the Quran. The main purpose of Salat is worship and obedience, spiritual discipline, purification and remembrance of God. It has spiritual, social and moral benefits.

Impacts of Salat on Spiritual life of an Individual

1. Develop God Consciousness (Taqwa)

Salat develops God Consciousness. It creates strong connection with God. An

individual feels like he is talking to God in Salat. He avoids sins and do righteous deeds.

2. Bring inner peace and Satisfaction

Salat brings inner peace and satisfaction in an individual's life. He begs Allah for forgiveness of his sins which brings inner peace for him.

3. Increase Sincerity and Humility

Salat increases sincerity and humility of a person. He knows that God sees and knows everything. He performs prayer with sincerity and humility.

4. Provide spiritual Purification

Salat provides spiritual purification by connecting man with God.

"Successful indeed are the believers those who humble themselves in their prayers".

Impacts on Moral life of an individual

1. Salat encourages honesty, and patience in an individual.

2. Salat prevents immoral behaviour, sins and wrong actions.

3. Salat creates accountability in a person.

"Indeed Prayer prevents immorality and wrong doings."

[Al-Quran]

Impacts on Social life of an individual

1. Salat creates equality among individuals. All are equal before Allah. It reduces social discrimination.

2. It creates punctuality and discipline

"The believers are but brothers."

[Al-Quran]

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Conclusion

Salat is the second pillar of Islam. It is obligatory worship, which offers five times daily. It brings peace and satisfaction, build connection with Allah, create accountability, and prevent from sins.

QUESTION No. 3

Introduction

In Islam all humans are creation of Allah. They all are equal regardless ^{their} race, colour, linguistic and ethnicity. They are the children of Adam and Eve. Islam recognizes women as dignified and blessings of Allah. They have given their rights of marriage, property and earning. By legal protection and moral trainings human and women dignity can be maintained by Islam.

Human Dignity in Islam

Humans are created by Allah, they are the children of Adam and Eve. They all are equal and have given the

rights and duties in Islam. They have given huge respects and honours in Islam. They are the noble creation of Allah.

"And indeed we have honoured the children of Adam".

[Al-Quran]

Recognition of women dignity in Islam

1. Spiritual Equality

In Islam all men and women are spiritually equal.

"Indeed, Muslim men and women... Allah has prepared for them forgiveness and great reward."

[Al-Quran]

2. Right to life and Respect

Islam give women right to life and respect.

"And when a girl buried alive is asked for what sin she was killed."

[Al-Quran]

3. Right to Education

In Islam, women can get education, it is their right.

"Seeking knowledge is obligatory upon every Muslim".

(Hadith)

4. Economic Rights

Islam give women economic rights.

Women buy, sell and manage property independently. Women keep their earnings and inherit wealth.

5. Marriage Rights

In Islam, women have right to get marriage with their choice and also right of taking divorce from husband.

"The best of you are those who are best to their wives".

[Al-Quran]

Efforts adopted by Islam to maintain human and women dignity

1. Legal Protection

By preventing laws against injustices, crimes and corruption, Islam can maintain human and women dignity.

2. Moral Trainings

By conducting moral trainings like emphasizing respect and good behaviour, human and women dignity can be maintained.

3. Family Systems

By respecting of family members, respect of mother, sister and children human and women dignity can be maintained.

4. Social Justice

By promoting social justice like accountability and equality before law, human and women dignity can be maintained.

5. Spiritual Accountability

Believing in Akhirat, that in Akhirat all men and women will be accountable before Allah. This spiritual accountability can be necessary to maintain dignity of human and women.

Special Situation of Mother

"Paradise lies under the feet of mother" (Hadith)

Conclusion

In Islam, Human beings are creation of Allah which has huge respect and dignity in Islam. Women have right to life, and respect, education, economic and marriage rights. They are considered blessings of Allah in Islam. To maintain the dignity of humen and women, Islam should prevent laws against injustice, ^{give} moral trainings, and promote social justice.

Give weightage to your content by adding more headings
And refrence Quran and hadith where it is relevant
Make flowcharts for competitive edge