

GENERAL FEEDBACK FOR ESSAYS

87/10

Content (40%)

Your interpretation should be in depth, comprehensive and academic. Always address the asked part. It should be evident in your outline, which should be self-explanatory in nature. Essays/Outlines that give related information without addressing the asked part do not qualify.

The whole essay should be relevant. Even if 1-2 arguments are irrelevant the essay will not pass. Distribution of topic should be according to the demand of the topic statement i.e. if there is one scoring point it should be given more weight, if there are 2 or more scoring points all should be given equal weight.

CHILD LABOUR: A NEGLECTED ISSUE

All claims made in the essay must be substantiated. Out of 15-17 arguments at least 9-10 should be academically backed with proper references. The rest should be backed by either case studies or generally known information.

Int. Outline:

Evidence must be authentic and come from proper and authentic academic sources. Newspapers do not qualify as an academic source. Illustrations and vague mentions of events do not qualify as academic evidence.

I. Introduction:

Essays that are lacking in evidence do not qualify. Be clear and precise in your thesis statement. No extra detail, no passive wording.

Thesis statement:

LANGUAGE (25%)

Focus on enhancing your grammar as any essay with 4-5 grammatical mistakes does not pass. Your essay must be in the tone and tense of the topic statements. Essays that fail to comply do not pass.

Your sentence structure should be simple, yet clear and diversified.

Society, once a barrier to immoral and illegal acts has now become a facilitator to ignite economic growth, or are as a result of natural disasters, poor GDP growth, or terrorism by neglecting and tolerating them and sometimes normalizing them as done with the child labour.

Vocabulary used should be simple, clear and concise. Expression should always be formal and academic.

II. Child Labour: A neglected issue

You are never to write in 1st and 2nd person pronouns. The whole topic statement cannot be your thesis statement. You must always use the given keywords and your topic for your thesis statements and main headings in your outline.

III. Factors leading to the negligence of child labour

STRUCTURE (20%)

Your essay must follow the selected pattern and that structure (one in the parentheses or the one before that).

INTRODUCTION: The introduction is the longest paragraph of the essay, at least 200 words. It should start with a hook, must give the glimpse of what's to come and must have a thesis statement. Besides hook, your introduction should not have any sort of information and reference. Avoid definitions in introduction.

a. Cultural trend (many poor parents still happen to send their children to schools instead of sending them at work)

b. Poverty (nearly 40% of Pakistan's population is below poverty line, making this a reason to child labour)

c. Society's tolerance is the major contributor to child labour

d. High expenses of education (Despite a constitutional promise of free education)

BODY PARAGRAPHS: Approximately 150 words at most and all the body paragraphs must be consistent in length. Should follow the proper structure of an academic paragraph i.e. it must have a topic sentence, supporting point, evidence and concluding sentence. The topic sentence and concluding sentence must align with each other. There should be no new information in the concluding sentence. One paragraph represents one subheading in the outline and to write the one idea.

CONCLUSION: Must start with the concluding phrase. There should be no new information in the conclusion. It should recap the arguments. Conclusion does not have any examples and information. If you are ending it on a hopeful note, remember that solutions and hopes are not the same. You are not asked to write the cause of child labour. Not every constitution promises free early education.

COHERENCE (15%)

the practical implementation is ~~value~~
e. Lack of Government attention (No policy for combating or penalizing child labour) ~~X~~

There are multiple policies, organisations and frameworks for child labour. Implementation is what's lacking.

IV. Impacts of child Labour:

- Poor performance of the country (wasting youth in labouring rather than utilizing excellent minds)
- Low literacy rate (already low at 60% compared to other countries)
- Child suffers from untreatable health issues at a young age
- Violation of children rights
- Bad portrayal of country's image

Write impacts of neglect not of child labour

V. Way forward:

- Free and quality Education (Article 25-A)
- High penalties on the promoters of child labour
- Increasing social safety nets
- Society's role to combat child labour

Regarding what??

VI. Conclusion

Your suggestions should highlight how to overcome neglect.

Child Labour: A neglected issue

~~Child cafes have a special connection to Chotus (a name used for a young child).~~ ~~Short introduction.~~

You are writing in English.

~~Should be at least 200 word. Preferably ranging between 200-250~~

No use of 1st and 2nd Person in essay writing.

~~I visited a cafe and unconsciously a thought struck in my mind how easily we ask young children to serve us, crushing their bones in uncountable pieces. It is not only the issue of a cafe but there are numerous industries, factories, and markets labouring children and taking the work of an adult. The condition is threatening. Many nations struggle with the issue and have combat it unlike Pakistan. Indulgence of fresh young minds in the cause of child labour is a catastrophe to the country. Society, once a barrier to immoral and illegal acts has now become a fuel to ignite some vices that are as drastic as natural disasters, poor GDP growth or terrorism by neglecting and tolerating them and sometimes normalizing them as ^{done} happened with the child labour.~~

No structure, no overview of essay.

Not the paragraph in the outline. Where is paragraph II

~~Child labour is more of the result of poverty and expensive education. The direct contributor to child labour is that society has neglected it as something to be worried for. How often we see ourselves~~

Unacademic. Lacks a proper overview of the topic.

served by children in hotels. Clothes markets have employed young children as well as there are children in tailor shops. Children are working everywhere but we never questioned their masters neither their parents about them doing an illegal act. This way, we are tolerating it. Thus, this is a fact that child labour is a neglected issue. No government has made any policy to combat it neither any NGO has raised voice against it.

This is not the argument mentioned in the outline.

Also your outline is about reasons for neglect not what causes child labour.

One of the foremost reasons behind child labour is the parents' priorities. Many parents send their children to schools working for their future while many others excuse their poverty being a reason of their child's employment. Therefore, it can be deduced that child labour is a varying trend that differs from society to society, mentality to mentality. Some parents think of their child's future while others prefer the present.

No structure to the paragraph. There is no analysis of how it is a neglected issue. Also no evidence.

Poverty is a common issue of many Pakistan is struggling with poverty since its inception. Nearly 40% of the country's population is below poverty line. This huge population means a huge population of child labour. Seeing children employed everywhere has and diverted the attention. When something gets normalise society accepts it. Poverty has not left any option to the parents except taking work from their child.

Irrelevant to the topic. One it does not discuss the cause of neglect. Second it is specific to Pakistan. Third, it is not structured like an academic paragraph with proper topic sentence, explanation and analysis, evidence and concluding sentence.

Moreover, even if some parents manage to earn the bread without letting their child work, the high expenses of education become an obstacle. A school as small as a 2 room house, poor quality of education still charges a high fee to the students. Pakistan failed to fulfil its constitutional promise of free and quality education. This limits many students to get education posing their future at stake. One can do things only learn or earn. When children are made deprived of learning they are forced toward earning.

Government, the guardian of its people do not actually take care of the people. Government of Pakistan has not taken any step so far in order to prevent the child labour. In the recent, flyovers are being built, electric buses are moving, scholarships are being granted and pensions are being increasing yet hardly any step taken to prevent child labour.

Such pathetic condition where the innocent youngs are being exploited by the cruel adults, guarantees failure. This evil has drastic impacts at the child himself, the society and the country.

Among the worst impacts of child labour is the poor health conditions, of the children. These young children are made to do a work equal to many adults. The stakeholder take the benefit

of their innocence and unawareness and exploit them in all possible ways. Burning of child's body, fractures, muscles weakening, poor growth, mental health problems and death all are the common impacts of workplace exploitation. Many children get diseases that are incapable of being treated due to two possible reasons:

Another ~~impr~~ drastic impact of child labour is the poor performance of country. A country whose ~~pe~~ youth is indulged in lifting the loads of bricks and cement, creates a technology void. Youth is the actual wealth of a country and Pakistan, a country with 60% of overwhelming population is wasting all its potential of growth by neglecting the serious issue of child labour.

Additionally, child labour is a factor that increase the illiteracy rate of a country. Pakistan having a literacy rate of 58% only is already failing the race with its competitors. When children are sent to work rather than at schools, this would increase the illiteracy rate of the country.

Child labour is also a violation of children rights. In the 1973 constitution of Pakistan, it is explicitly mentioned that no child should be taken work from, but in practice this right has no implementation.

In addition to that, child labour worsens the image of the country Pakistan, already struggling for its image, once having been in the FATF grey list has another threat to its image. Child labour ruin the country's image in front of the fast paced world with high protocols for children and their rights.

However, this condition demands pragmatic measures. Free and quality education, promised in the article 25-A of the 1973 constitution should be made mandatory. The country should step out of its paper phase and start implementing the paper promises.

Along with that the people who send their children to work should be penalized. Alongside parents, the other stakeholders who put child at employment and exploit them should be charged with high penalties including fine, closing of that firm and imprisonment.

Governments can play their role in combating child labour by increasing social safety nets. There are numerous schemes like Benazir income support program (BISP) and various others. Their uninterrupted flow should be made easier and along with that new schemes for poor families should be introduced. Poor families should be given monthly stipend and all the

obstacles that prevent the child from getting education should be eradicated.

Along with that

In compulsion to that, society should play its ~~role to fight~~ with the evil of child labour. Society members should act ~~as a watchdog and report~~ any case of child labour and child exploitation. Society should see child labour as an evil just like they do of any deviant behaviour.

Another part that society could play in this regard is that it can fund the expenses of a child as per what it ^{can} afford. These measures would help in the eradication and combating of child labour.

In conclusion, children are innocent and delicate. They are the asset of any country. ~~They are~~ the ones who are loved the most. But still certain situations such as lack of society's attention, government's diversion, poverty, high expenses of education, directly or indirectly cause child labour. Society is the factor that ~~is~~ usually criticizes ~~deviant~~ acts of people, but its negligence towards child labour is contributing to an increased rate of child labour. Employing children at ~~dhabas~~, markets, or factories, have increased risks of health problems, and putting the future of

Tone and phrasing does not match the topic

such children at stake. Significant measures such as governmental policies, society's role as a watchdog, social safety nets and providing free and quality education could help secure the future of the children as well as the country.

End