

Instructions to Secure Good Marks in the Current Affairs Paper

Important Note: Marks will be awarded strictly on the following parameters: Content 60%, References 15%, Subject-specific language 15%, Graphs, charts & diagrams 10%. → Sunday
→ 14/1/26

Final Mock Exam 2026 Subjective Part - II

Key Guidelines: Each question should be attempted with 12-13 clear headings. The answer must be 8-9 pages (sides) in length to score above 15 marks per question.

Questions usually contain 3-4 parts; each part carries equal weightage, so all parts must be discussed equally and proportionately.

Content & Argumentation: Always use examples from current and ongoing events to justify your arguments.

Demonstrate strong analytical depth, not mere narration of facts. Support arguments with relevant data, reports, international indices, treaties, and recent developments.

Structure & Presentation: Begin every answer with an attractive, context-setting introduction. End with a forward-looking, well-linked conclusion that ties back to the question. Use headings directly derived from the question statement - pick words and phrases from the question itself.

Alignment with the Question: Each argument must be explicitly linked to the specific part of the question being asked. If your heading is not aligned with the demand of the question, the content, no matter how accurate, will not be rewarded. Avoid generic or unrelated headings; precision is key.

Language & Visuals: Use subject-specific terminology relevant to international relations, geopolitics, economics, and security studies. Incorporate simple graphs, flowcharts, tables, or maps wherever relevant to enhance clarity and scoring potential.

Q. No: 6

Introduction: "Around 67% of the emissions of the carbon gas are due to the developed world."

~ stance of Developing world at united nations framework on climate change

The Paris climate agreement was signed in 2015

This agreement was based on carbon cut off plan

to be made use of reforestation and climate fund

that was established by the developed world for the

developing countries. However, in my

view, the climate change agreement by lifting

the burden on countries that was imposed by others,

he has increased the pace of industrialization and

transportation. It violated the Paris climate

agreement. Therefore, it is the collective responsibility

of the world to decrease the

emissions of carbon gas by 2015 to implement

the Paris challenge successfully and to contribute

in the fund that was previously established by

the developed nations for the climate vulner-

able nations.

1. Trump pulled out from Paris climate agreement:

1.1) Paris climate agreement of COP21:

The agreement was signed between different countries, organizations and multi-national companies in 2015. This agreement was known as the Paris climate agreement or conference of parties COP21.

1.1.1) Different countries have given their plan to phase out carbon gas emissions.

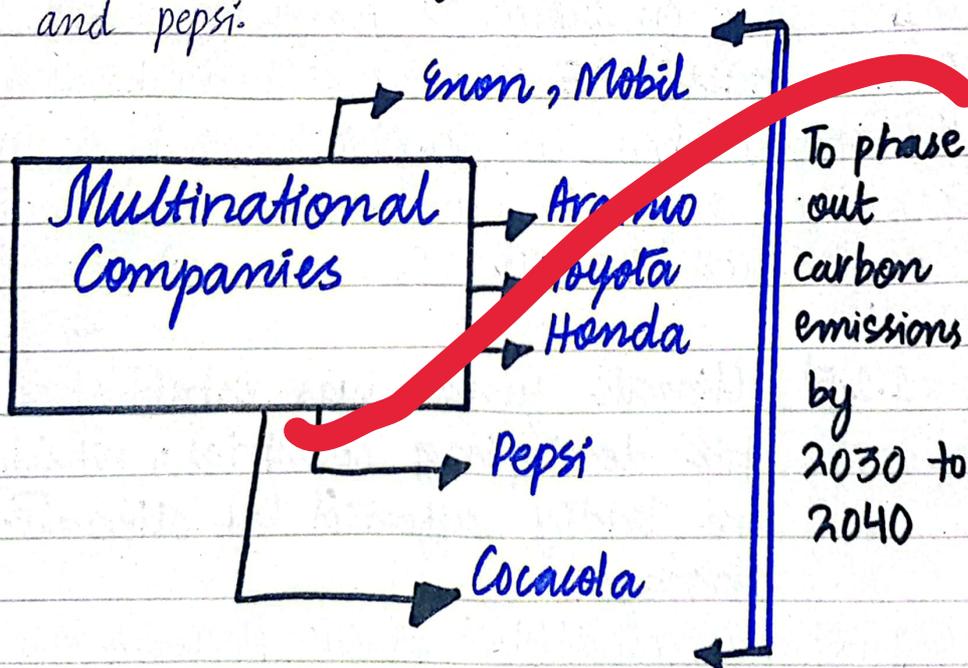
Different countries have given their plans to phase out carbon emissions; such as:

- **United States:** To phase out carbon gas emissions completely by 46% by 2030.
- **Europe:** To phase out carbon gas emissions completely 45% by 2030.
- **China:** To phase out carbon gas emissions completely 40% by 2040.
- **South Africa:** To phase out carbon gas emissions completely by 40% by 2040.

1.1.2) Multinational companies have given their plan to completely phase out carbon emissions:

Different multinational companies have given their plan to phase out carbon emissions; such as:

- Hydrocarbon based companies: Exxon, Mobil and Aramco
- Transport based companies: Toyota and Honda
- food and Beverage companies: CocaCola and Pepsi.



1.1.3) A comprehensive plan was developed to phase out carbon emissions from 2015 to 2030:

A comprehensive plan was developed to phase out carbon emissions completely from 2015 to 2030. And, this plan was shared with different countries, organizations and companies to implement it effectively.

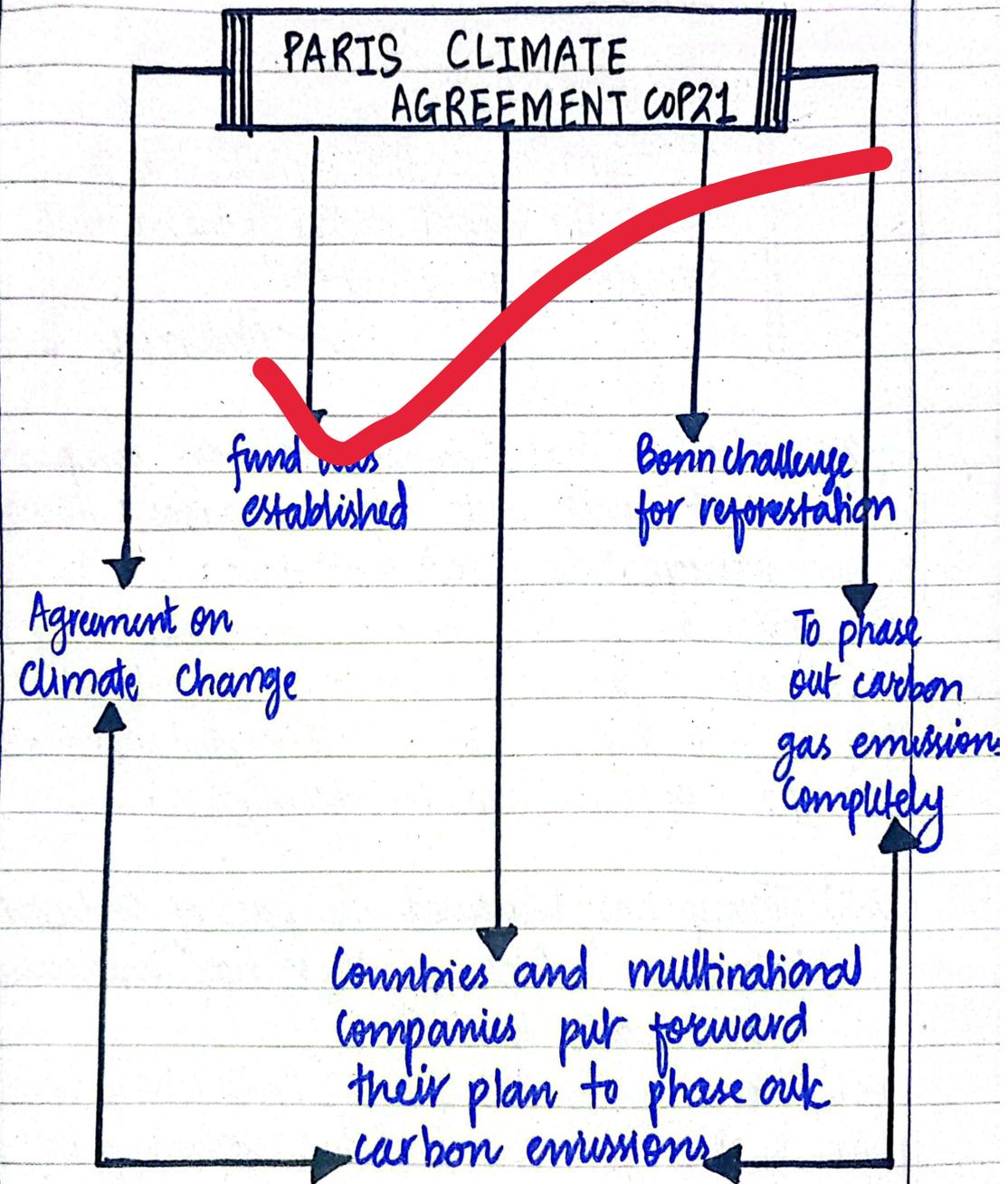
1.1.4) Bonn challenge was put forward in the Paris climate agreement for reforestation:

A challenge was put forward to decrease the carbon gas emissions, it was known as **BONN CHALLENGE**. This was entirely based on the reforestation in countries, so that plants can be implanted and carbon gas could be reduced in the environment.

1.1.5) Climate fund was established for developing countries; which are badly affected by climate change:

A fund was established at the platform of Paris Agreement for especially those countries which were badly affected by the climate change. In this fund, United States, Europe, Canada,

China and Brazil would contribute upto \$100 billion for the recovery of those countries which are badly affected by the climate change.



2. Trump pulled out of Paris climate agreement and lifted the ban; that was previously imposed by Obama:

"It is neither Russia; nor war on terrorism. It is the climate change that is the biggest threat to the national security of the country."

~ Obama

2.1) Obama has imposed tax on companies that emit out carbon gases; However Trump has lifted that tax:

After Paris agreement, Obama was committed in the climate change agreement to make binding. However, Trump has lifted all these taxes that were previously imposed by Obama.

2.2) Trump has increased the pace of industrialization which further has increased carbon gas emissions:

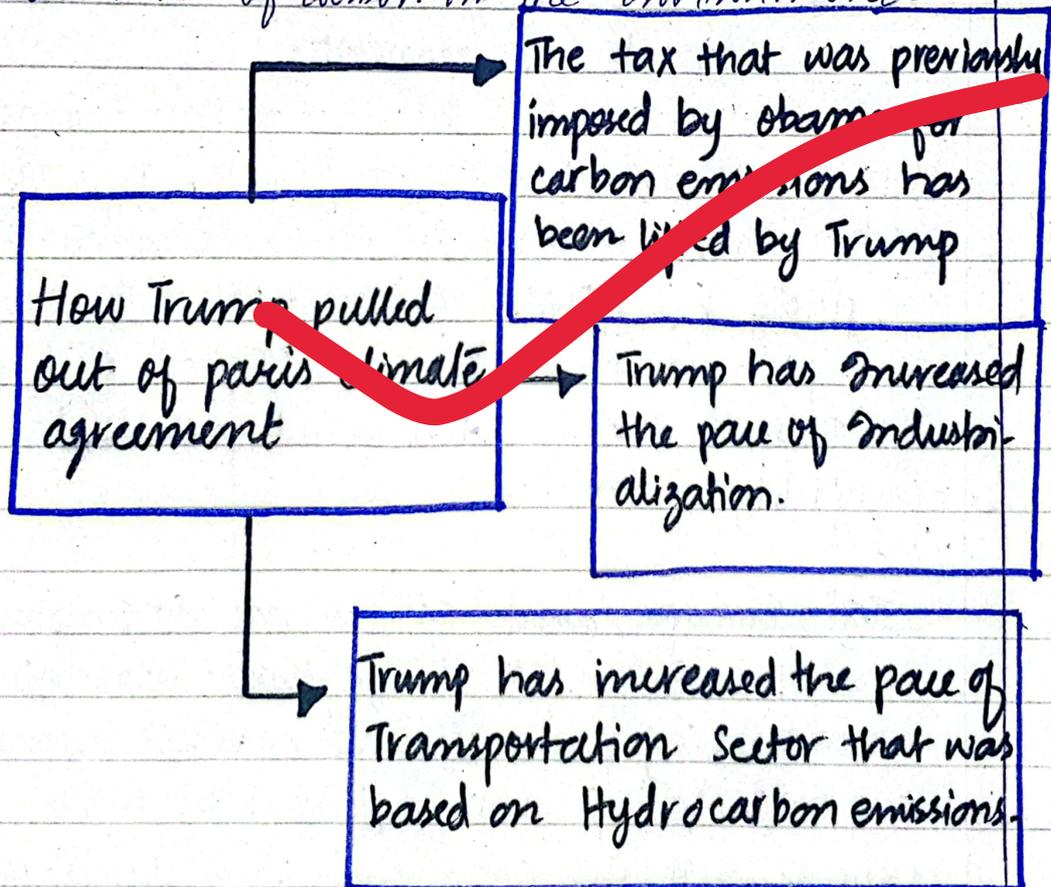
Trump has increased the pace of industrialization that further has increased the carbon gas emissions. It significantly violated the treaty of climate change.

"America first, and American products first."

~ Trump slogan

2.3) Trump has increased the pace of transportation making companies:

Trump has also increased the pace of transportation based companies. It not only increase the transport which was based on Hydrocarbons but also increase the emissions of carbon in the environment.



3) How China and Europe could help the world to continue achieving the promises of COP21:

China and Europe could help the world to continue achieving the promises of COP21 by following points:

3.1) Europe and China should decrease carbon emissions by 2040; which they already declared in Paris Climate Agreement:

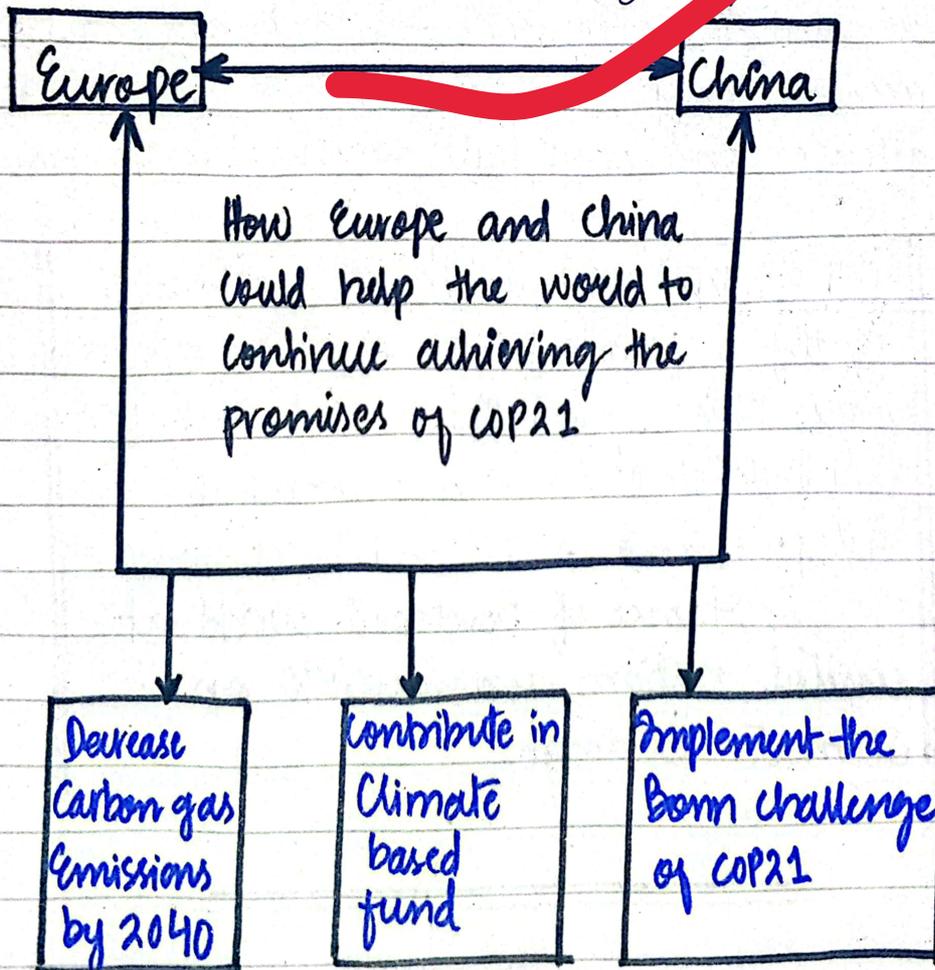
Europe and China; both has declared in the Paris climate agreement that they will reduce their carbon emissions and cut their carbon emissions completely by 2040. They should be on their words and plan. It should be implemented effectively by them. So that, carbon emissions would be completely evaluated.

3.2) Europe and China must implement the Bonn challenge that was given during Paris climate change agreement:

Europe and China must implement the Bonn challenge that was given during the Paris climate change agreement. If this should be implemented

effectively; the emissions of the carbon gas would be reduced.

3.3) Europe and china must contribute the climate fund that was established during paris climate change agreement. Europe and china must contribute in the fund that was previously given in the paris climate agreement. This fund will help developing countries to cope with the climate change effects.



Conclusion: Climate change is the biggest challenge of 21st century. Therefore, an agreement was put forward for climate change called Paris climate agreement. It was based on reducing carbon emissions, to increase reforestation and to contribute in the climate fund. However, Trump has pulled itself out of the agreement by lifting ban on carbon based companies, increased industrialization and transportation. For instance, Europe and China must implement Paris climate agreement by reducing carbon gas emissions, accept and implement the Bonn challenge and contribute in the climate fund.

“Both developed and developing world are equally responsible for the emission of carbon gases. China contributed to 34%, USA contributed to 15%, Europe contributed to 9% plus and India contributed to 7%.”
~ Stance of Developed world in United Nations framework for Climate Change.

Q No: 8

Introduction: "The situation in Gaza is catastrophic with childrens are paying the heaviest price as well as women." ~ United Nations Security Council

The Gaza peace plan is based on twenty points peace agenda. It was given by Donald Trump. It is based on immediate cessation of hostilities, Governance and oversight, Humanitarian aid and reconstruction, security forces and demilitarization and security of Borders. However, this peace plan would get success only if Trump effectively implement the deal, give aid to Gaza for the reconstruction of infrastructure and bring peace in the middle east. Pakistan and Islamabad policy towards the deal was very clear; it has always supported the muslim brother nation and always will. Gaza has all support of Pakistan in the Gaza peace deal.

"If Gaza peace deal would be implemented successfully it will bring peace in the middle East." ~ DW

1. Gaza peace plan that was based on twenty points given by Donald Trump:

Donald Trump has given the Gaza peace plan in the month of September 2025. This plan is based on the twenty points plan that is implemented successfully if both the parties that is Israel and Hamas would agree.

1.1) Immediate Cessation of hostilities once both sides agreed that is Israel and Hamas:

- The immediate cessation of hostilities once both parties agreed that is Israel and Hamas.
- Hamas would give back all the captured persons back to Israel.
- Israel would give back all the captured persons to Hamas.
- Exchange of prisoners from both the sides, that is Hamas and Israel.

1.2) Governance and oversight: Palestinian Technocratic Committee will be established provided by Board of Peace of Donald Trump:

● A committee shall be developed known as **Palestinian Technocratic Committee.**

● This committee shall be chaired by the **International Board of Peace** which is run by **Donald Trump.**

● This committee shall establish the peace in the Gaza.

● This committee will make sure that no any violence created by Hamas.

1.3) Humanitarian aid and reconstruction of Gaza by neutral agencies and parties such as United Nations and Red Crescent:

● The immediate supply of electricity, water, food and other necessities in Gaza.

● These Humanitarian aid and supply is provided by the neutral agencies and parties such as **United Nations and Red Crescent.**

● This aid would supply in a way that schools, colleges, hospitals would be made.

● This aid also made infrastructure that was previously destroyed in Israel Hamas was-

1.4) Security and Demilitarization:

- Security forces would be deployed.
- These security forces would be responsible for the destruction of tunnels, weapons.
- Demilitarization of Gaza should be occurred in a way that no weapons left.
- Gaza should be devoid of any tunnel and weapon on its land.

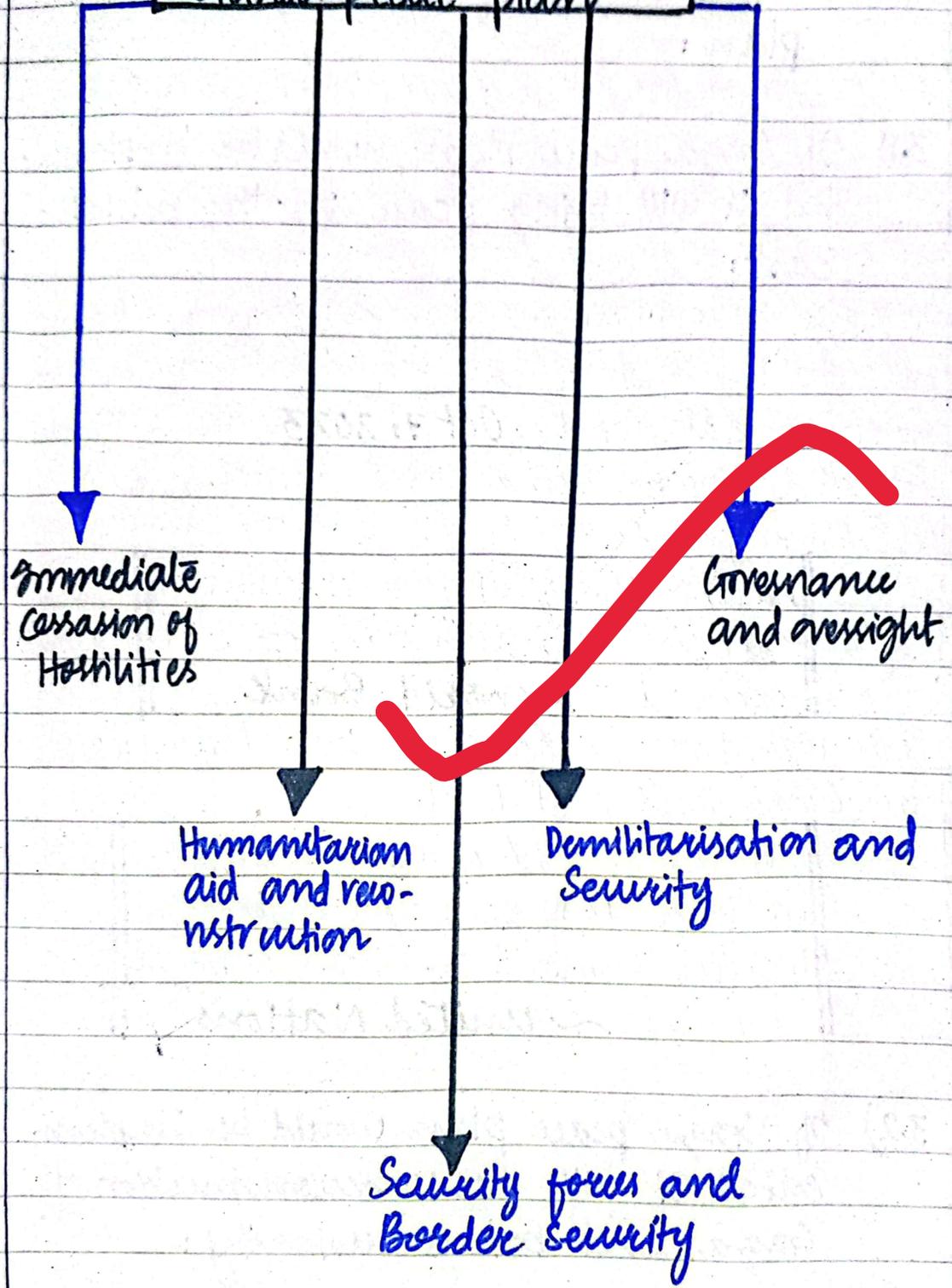
1.5) Security and Border forces:

- Security and Border forces should be established.
- This security is responsible for the training of police officers.
- This security also ensures the safe transit trade among borders.
- It will prevent any violence on the land on Gaza.

2. Acceptance of the deal by Netanyahu:

This twenty point peace plan deal is accepted by Netanyahu. However, Hamas has said that they have not received any deal written yet.

Gaza peace plan



3. The chances of the Gaza Peace plan:

The chance of the Gaza peace plan success are:

3.1) If Gaza peace plan would be implemented it will bring peace in the middle East:

If Gaza Peace plan would be implemented successfully in the middle East, it would bring peace in the middle East. Oct 7, 2023, the war was started between Hamas and Israel, would permanently ends.

During the first few months of war, \$18.5 billion damage has occurred. ~ World Bank

This war has already caused huge destruction in Gaza and West Bank.

More than 69% of the buildings in Gaza have destroyed with 1,251,000 homes have been destroyed. ~ United Nations

3.2) If Gaza peace plan would be implemented it will cause reconstruction of Gaza and brings austerity:

If Gaza peace plan would successfully be implemented, it will bring peace in the middle east and it will immediately cause reconstruction of buildings and it can bring austerity.

3.3) Trump can make Gaza peace plan successful:

Israel is the ally of United States. Therefore, if Trump can put his more efforts, he can easily convince Netanyahu and can implement the deal effectively for the success of Gaza.

4. The policy of Islamabad regarding the plan and its possible fallout on Pakistan:

4.1) Islamabad has welcomed the deal of Gaza peace plan:

The policy of Islamabad towards Gaza peace plan was positive. It has supported the deal. It brings peace and austerity in the middle east.

4.2) Pakistan has supported its muslim brother nation:

As Gaza and west Bank palestinians are muslim

brothers of Pakistan. Pakistan has supported them and said that organization of Islamic Council should also support them.

Conclusion: The peace in Gaza depends upon the deal that was given by Donald Trump. The deal is based on twenty points which are based on Immediate cessation of hostilities, Governance and oversight, Security and demilitarization, Humanitarian aid and reconstruction, Security and Border forces. If this deal would successfully be implemented it will bring peace and stability in the middle east.

~~Conclusion~~

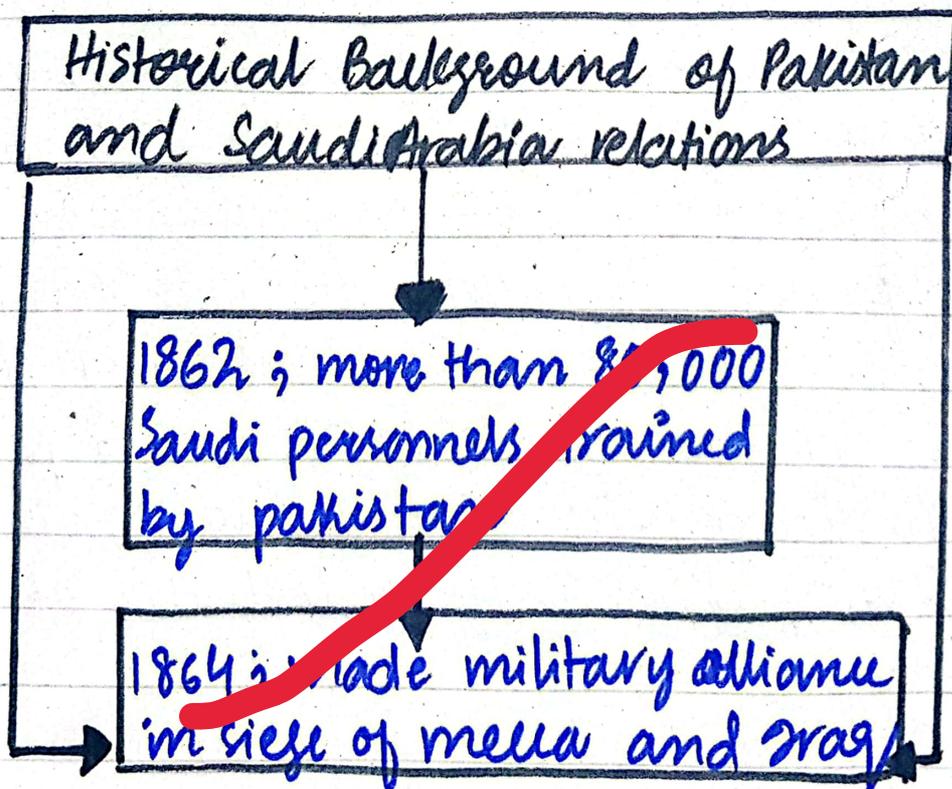
Q NO: 5

Introduction: "Pakistan and Saudi Arabia have signed the defense pact which is known as Saudi Pakistan defense pact." ~ Dawn

Pakistan and Saudi Arabia has good ties even before signing the pact such as training of Saudi personnels by Pakistan and formation of a joint military alliance between Pakistan and Saudi Arabia after the siege of Mecca. Pakistan and Saudi Arabia had recently signed a pact that is based on joint military and security operations, intelligence sharing, and the training of the military personnels. This pact also consist of nuclear projects which would be defensive for both of the countries. Pakistan's economic growth can be enhanced through selling of the oil of Saudi Arabia to Pakistan at the lower price and the loan and aid given to Pakistan by Saudi Arabia at very low interest rate.

1. Pakistan and Saudi relations before signing defense pact:

Pakistan and Saudi Arabia's both have good relations before signing the pact. In 1862, Pakistan has trained more than 80,000 Saudi personnels. In 1864, Pakistan and Saudi Arabia has signed a joint military cooperation together due to **Siege in Mecca and Iraq**. Therefore, in the past Pakistan and Saudi Arabia both have good ties with each other.



2. Pakistan and Saudi Arabia would have far-reaching geopolitical achievement for both the countries and economic opportunities for Pakistan:

2.1) The deal was signed between Saudi and Pakistan just after the Israel Iran war: The deal was signed between Saudi and Pakistan just after the attack of Israel on Iran. It was signed on September 20, 2025.

2.2) Saudi Arabia would support Pakistan in any hostility and Pakistan would provide military support to Saudi Arabia in any hostility.

The main points of the pact was to provide support to each other. Saudi Arabia would provide support to Pakistan in any conflict, while, Pakistan shall also provide support to Saudi Arabia in any conflict.

2.3) Nuclear projects are also the part of the deal:

According to Saudi official; It was hinted that nuclear projects are also the part of the deal.

“Nuclear projects are also the part of the deal.” ~ Saudi official

2.4) any attack on one country should be considered as an attack on both the countries:

According to this deal; it was cleared that any attack on one country should be considered as an attack on both the countries. So that both the countries should provide military support to each other.

2.5) Pakistan through this deal is balancing ties between Saudi Arabia and Iran.

Pakistan through this deal is trying to balance ties between Saudi Arabia and Iran. As Saudi Arabia is a Sunni majority country while Iran is a Shia majority country. Therefore, Pakistan is preventing any sectarian conflict and trying to balance its relations between Saudi and Iran.

2.6) India is the second largest trading partner of Saudi Arabia; Saudi Arabia is trying to balance its ties between Pakistan and India.

India is the second largest trading partner for Saudi Arabia. Therefore, Saudi Arabia through this deal is trying to balance its ties between India and Pakistan.

2.7) Saudi Arabia can boost Pakistani economy by providing loans at minimum interest and supplying oil at cheap prices:

The economy of Pakistan can be benefited through this pact. Saudi Arabia would provide Pakistan with economic opportunities such as selling oil to Pakistan at low price and giving loan to Pakistan at low interest rate.

Conclusion: Pakistan and Saudi Arabia had recently signed a Saudi-Pakistan defence pact. This pact consists of cooperation of both the countries in every thick and thin. It also consists of nuclear projects, military cooperation, joint intelligence sharing. Through this pact, Saudi Arabia can boost economy of Pakistan by giving loan at lower interest rate, as well as selling oil to Pakistan at low price.
