

# GENERAL FEEDBACK FOR ESSAYS

11/01/26

## Content (40%)

Your interpretation should be in depth, comprehensive and academic. Always address the asked part. It should be evident in your outline, which should be self-explanatory in nature. Essays/Outlines that give related information without addressing the asked part do not qualify.

The whole essay should be relevant. Even if 1-2 arguments are irrelevant the essay will not pass.

Distribution of topic should be according to the demand of the topic statement i.e. if there is one scoring point it should be given more weight, if there are 2 or more scoring points all should be given equal weight.

All claims made in the essay must be substantiated. Out of 15-17 arguments at least 9-10 should be academically backed with proper references. The rest should be backed by either child case studies or generally known information.

Evidence must be authentic and come from proper and authentic academic sources. Newspapers do not qualify as an academic source. Illustrations and vague mentions of events do not qualify as academic evidence.

Essays that are lacking in evidence do not qualify.

Child Labour: A neglected issue  
Outline  
i) Introduction  
ii) Child Labour is a neglected issue  
iii) Increasing number of child working in factories.

## LANGUAGE (25%)

Focus on enhancing your grammar as any essay with 4-5 grammatical mistakes does not pass.

Your essay must be in the tone and tense of the topic statements. Essays that fail to comply do not pass.

Your sentence structure should be simple, yet clear and diversified. Cause not a manifestation of neglect. Vocabulary used should be simple, clear and concise. Expression should always be formal and academic.

You are never to write in 1st and 2nd person pronouns.

You must always use the given keywords and your topic for your thesis statements and main headings in your outline. Phrasing does not specify whether it is a cause or a manifestation.

ii) Child Labour is a neglected issue  
iii) poverty is a major cause  
iv) Child Labour is becoming normal in society

## STRUCTURE (20%)

Your essay must follow the selected pattern and that structure should be maintained throughout.

INTRODUCTION: The introduction is the longest paragraph of the essay, at least 200 words. It should start with a hook, must give the glimpse of what's to come and must have a thesis statement. Besides hook, your introduction should not have any sort of information and reference. Avoid definitions in introduction.

BODY PARAGRAPHS: Approximately 150 words at most and all the body paragraphs must be consistent in length. Should follow the proper structure of an academic paragraph i.e. it must have a topic sentence, supporting point, evidence and concluding sentence. The topic sentence and concluding sentence must align with each other. There should be no new information in the concluding sentence. One paragraph represents one subheading in the outline and consists of one idea.

CONCLUSION: Must start with the concluding phrase. There should be no new information in the conclusion. It should recap the arguments. Conclusion does not have any examples and information. If you are ending it on a hopeful note, remember that solutions and hope are not the same.

v) Lack of free education is one of the cause of child Labour.  
UNICEF (25 million children in Pakistan are out of school)  
vi) Lack of government policing to reduce child labour  
vii) Existing laws are not fully implemented.  
viii) Lack of strict enforcement

## COHERENCE (15%)

There should be connectivity and flow between the paragraphs. Use proper connectors for this purpose not firstly, secondly, thirdly and so on. The sequencing of paragraphs must be logical.

The essay must align with the outline in sequence, idea, and content. If not it will be deemed incoherent.

Unity of idea must be maintained within the paragraph, otherwise it will be considered incoherent. Effect not neglect.

ix) children are cheap labour  
x) nearly 138 million children world wide are engaged in child labour  
xi) slow down of national development

### 3) Way forwards to reduce child labour

- i) Government should enforce strict laws against child labour.
- ii) provide free education for all children
- iii) Educate parent and communities about the harms of child labor
- iv) Give economic support to poor families to reduce their dependence on children's income.

Short outline.

Your topic is neglect of the issue not the issue it self. If you want to write way forward they should be on how to overcome the neglect of the issue.

### 4) Conclusion

Everyday, countless children are made to work instead of learning and playing, losing the joys of childhood and chance to grow into a better future. Many of them work in factories, industries, farms and households. These problems affect their mental and physical health.

The topic is not about Pakistan, do not make it so

In Pakistan, child labour affects around

No facts and information in introduction.

12.5 million children. Major reasons

of child labour are poverty, lack of law enforcement, lack of free education

and social acceptance. Many families depends on these childrens to fulfill

their needs. Millions of children are

forced to work instead of going to school

and enjoying their childhood. In Pakistan

No facts and information

25 million children remain out of school.

Many children work in hazardous environment which badly affect their

health. In factories and workshops

children are exposed to extreme heat,

dust and chemicals. Children work

long hours in this fields which cause

serious injuries and long-term health

In your outline your heading is not about causes of child labour. You cannot write about anything that is not in the outline in your essay.

Not in outline.

problems. child labour is a serious and neglected issue that harms millions of children worldwide and it can only be addressed through strict law enforcement, free education and awareness campaigns to protect their future.

Does not match your outline.c

The number of children working in factories in Pakistan has been steadily increasing. Children are often employed because they are inexpensive, obedient and can perform multiple task. Factory work exposes them to work for many hours with heavy machinery, toxic chemicals and unsafe conditions, which can cause permanent physical and mental harm.

Start with the argument not with the case study.

This does not how increasing number of children in factories reflect that child labour is a neglected issue.

According to UNICEF millions of children in Pakistan are engaged in textiles, glass production and brick kilns where safety standards are almost non-existent. Children in these environment frequently suffer from injuries and respiratory problems. Therefore the increasing presence of children in such factories need to be checked and enforce strict law to protect children.

You are discussing too many points in a single paragraph. Why are children working, the working conditions and the effect on children. And multiple of each at that.

Wrong  
Unrelated

Moreover, child labour is a direct violation of children's basic human rights, denying them the opportunity to live and learn freely. Every child has the right to get education, health facilities and protection. However, millions of children in Pakistan are forced into work instead of attending school. It is the fundamental right to every child that he get free education. UNICEF reports that the number of children which are out of school are rapidly increasing especially in rural and less developed areas.

Unrelated to how child labour is a neglected issue

Health is another basic right of child but it is compromising in Pakistan as well as global level. Children works many hours in factories and farms where they exposed to chemical and heavy machinery.

In addition, poverty remains one of the primary reasons children are forced into labor. Poor families rely on their children's income to meet basic needs such as food, clothing and shelter. As a result children are sent

caused by child labour  
is not related

to work in factories and farms.  
majority of child labours come from  
low-income families. poverty not only  
pushes children into work but also  
prevents them from education. Children's  
are backbone of our society. If they  
don't get education then economy of  
country will also suffer. Therefore,  
alleviating poverty through social welfare  
programs is essential to reduce child  
labor. Government can also help such  
families through financial support to  
avoid them from child labour.

Furthermore, child labour has become  
persistent normalize in society World  
making it a neglected problem. In  
many areas it is common to see children  
working from a very young age and  
society often views their labour as  
necessary for family survival. Such  
children are considered as contributing  
member of society rather than victim.

Amol