

ANSWER #2

1. INTRODUCTION:

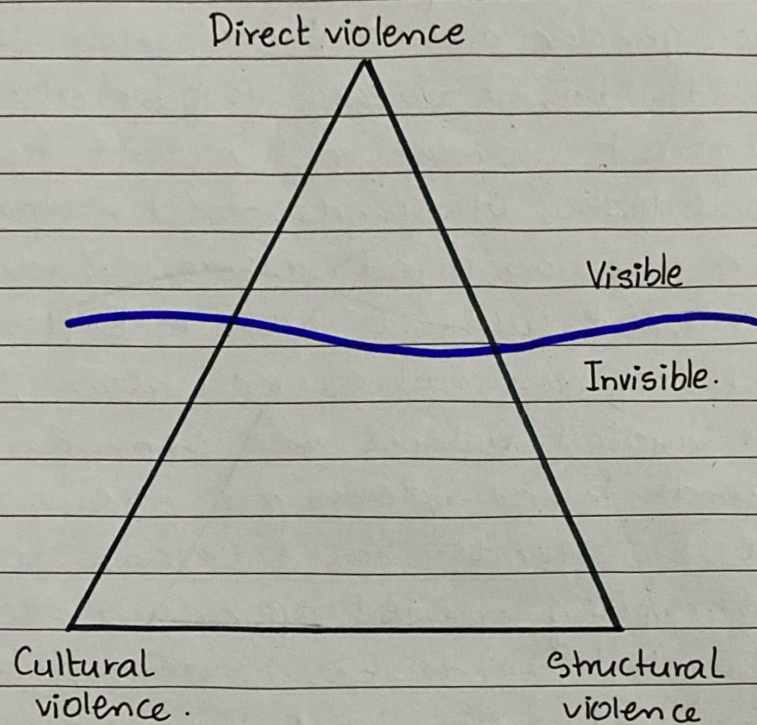
Gender Based violence refers to the violence against a particular gender considering the gender as weak and incompetent. The gender based violence is particularly done against women in the world. There are different forms of genderbased violence in Pakistan such as direct violence, structural violence and cultural violence. Different practical reforms such as education, strict actions against violence and seminars regarding gender based violence are necessary to combat the gender based violence in Pakistan. Moreover, policy oriented approaches such as laws against gender based violence, honor killings reforms and actions, and increasing the women's role in politics and judiciary is also necessary to combat gender based violence in Pakistan.

2. GENDER BASED VIOLENCE:

Gender Based violence is defined as,

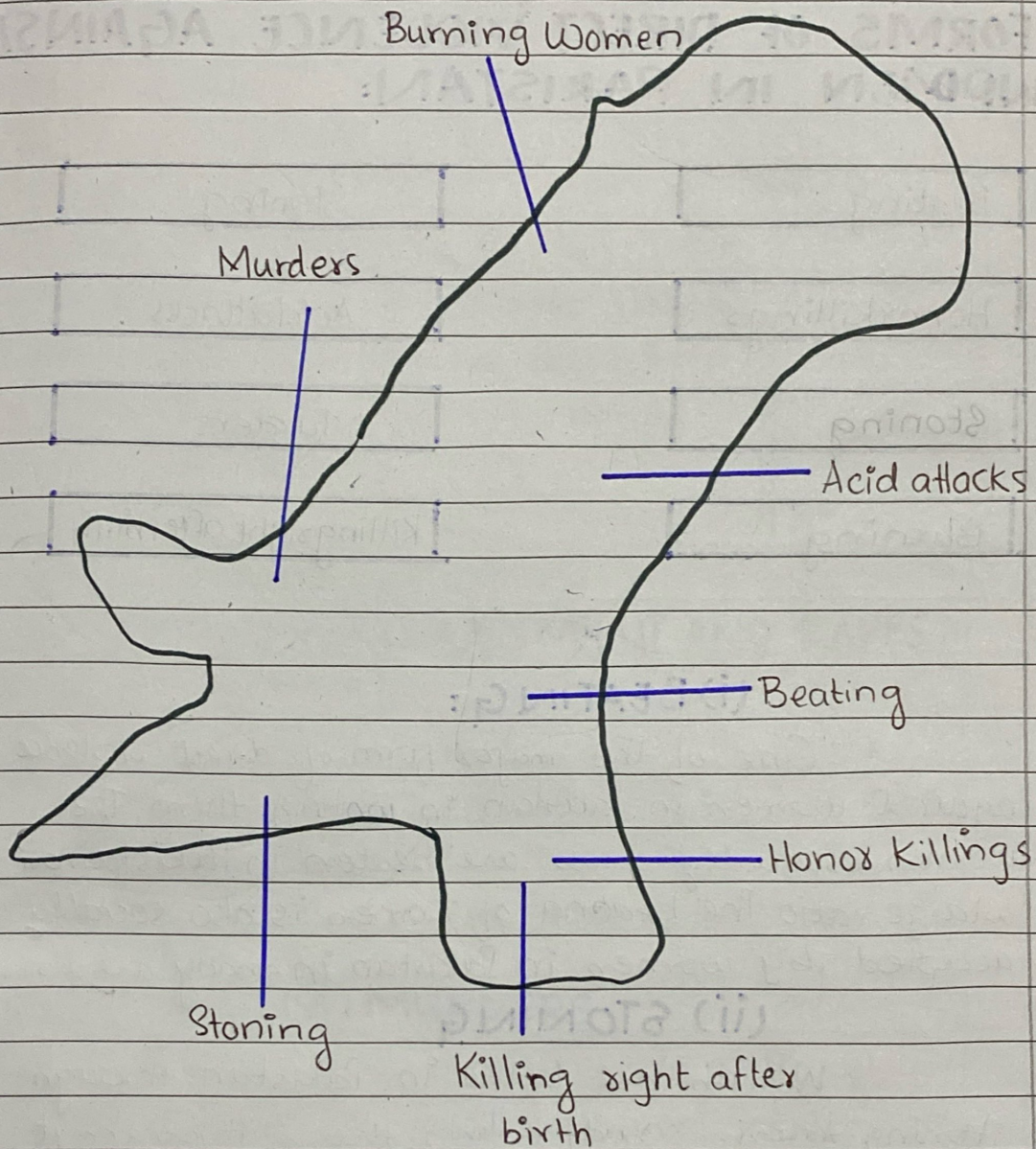
Violence against a particular gender in society considering the gender as weak and incompetent. Gender Based Violence is particularly done against women around the world.

3. FORMS OF GENDER BASED VIOLENCE IN PAKISTAN:



PRISM SHOWING DIFFERENT FORMS OF VIOLENCE IN PAKISTAN.

In Pakistan gender based violence is seen in different forms. the direct violence against women is the one seen around the country such as beating, killing and stoning etc. while the structural violence and cultural violence are the invisible part of violence against women in the country.



MAP SHOWING DIFFERENT
FORMS OF GENDER-
BASED VIOLENCE
IN PAKISTAN.

3. FORMS OF DIRECT VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN IN PAKISTAN:

Beating

Stoning

Honor Killings

Acid attacks

Murders

Burning

Killing right after birth

(i) BEATING:

One of the major form of direct violence against women in Pakistan is beating them. The women especially wives are beaten in Pakistan on a large ratio. The beating of women is also socially accepted by women in Pakistan in many areas.

(ii) STONING

Women are killed in Pakistan through stoning them and killing them through it. The women are punished on their actions and mostly the punishment of stoning is given in tribal areas against women in tribes.

(iii) ACID ATTACKS

Acid attack is also a major form of gender based violence in country. Women are attacked by Acid especially when they reject the marriage proposal of ~~the~~ men in country.

(iv) HONOR KILLING:

Honor killing is the major form of gender based violence in Pakistan. Women are considered honor of men in Pakistan and killed on the basis of their deviance as punishment by men of their family.

According to Human Rights watch atleast 405 women were killed in 2023 in Pakistan due to honor killing

(v) HARRASSMENT AND RAPES:

Women are raped and harassed in Pakistan. Harrassment against women is common especially in offices and public areas. Moreover, rapes are also a major form of gender based violence in Pakistan.

(vi) MURDERS

Women are murdered in Pakistan due to many reasons. Women are murdered mostly on the reason of marriage and property issues and conflict with inlaws of women.

(vii) BURNING WOMEN

Women are burned alive in Pakistan. This form of direct violence is the most common yet most painful form of gender based violence in country.

(vii) KILLING RIGHT AFTER BIRTH.

Women when born, young girls are killed and considered as a burden on the family. Girls are killed right after birth mostly through graving them under sand.

4. STRUCTURAL VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN IN PAKISTAN:

1 - CORRUPTION

2 - POVERTY

Corruption and poverty are the major reasons against the gender based violence against women in Pakistan. Women are kept uneducated and in poverty so that they can be curb of their gender based ~~rights~~ rights. This is the hidden invisible form of gender based violence in Pakistan.

5. CULTURAL VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN IN PAKISTAN:

1 MYTHS

2. CULTURE

The cultural factors are also a major form of gender based violence against women in Pakistan. Women are bound to live their lives according to the Pakistani culture and any deviance result indirect

gender based violence against women in Pakistan.

6. PRACTICAL STRATEGIES TO REDUCE GENDER BASED VIOLENCE:

Education regarding gender based violence

Strict actions against violence

Increasing women's participation in economy

Seminars and conferences on Gender Based violence

6.1 EDUCATION REGARDING GENDER BASED VIOLENCE:

It is necessary to educate women regarding the laws and rights regarding the gender based violence to reduce the gender based violence against women in Pakistan.

6.2 STRICT ACTIONS AGAINST GENDER BASED VIOLATIONS:

Strict actions are necessary against the individuals involved in the Gender Based Violence to reduce it in Pakistani society.

6.3 INCREASING WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION IN ECONOMY:

Women when economically strong, can support themselves against the gender based violence and hence it can reduce the gender based violence in Pakistan.

6.4 SEMINARS AND CONFERENCES ON GENDER BASED VIOLENCE:

Seminar and conferences are necessary to educate women regarding the gender based violence and educate men regarding the sensitivity of the issue.

7 POLICY ORIENTED STRATEGIES TO REDUCE GENDER BASED VIOLENCE:

7.1 INCREASING WOMEN'S ROLE IN POLITICS AND JUDICIARY:

Increasing the women's role in politics and judiciary will help control the issue through making of laws and policies in support of women in country.

7.2 END TO HONOR KILLING CRIMES THROUGH LAWS:

Strict laws should be made to end and control the honor killing crimes in Pakistan.

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CONCLUSION:

Genderbased violence is a major issue in Pakistan. There are different forms of gender based violence in Pakistan, such as beating, acid attack, burning and killing. Policies and practical reforms are necessary to combat the issue.

ANSWER #6**1 INTRODUCTION:**

Political participation is a fundamental human right of an individual including men and women. There are several obstacles to women participation in politics. For instance the obstacles to women in politics include token culture of political parties and men's hidden position behind women in politics. Moreover, the hindrance to women as voters include lack of education of women regarding politics, male dominance on voter rights and women unable to vote during elections. The gender quota has major positive and negative impact on women's representation in country such as positive impact include effective representation of women in politics and the force to political parties to include women in politics. However, the negative impact include, unequal gender quota in political system and men's manipulation of gender quota in politics in Pakistan.

2. **POLITICAL PARTICIPATION AS A FUNDAMENTAL HUMAN RIGHT:**

The political participation is the fundamental right of each individual in the world. The political representation gives the individual freedom to choose their leader and freedom of speech and leadership of the state. Political participation is necessary for each individual regardless of the gender and status of an individual in any country in the world.

3. **OBSTACLES FACED BY WOMEN IN PAKISTAN'S POLITICAL SYSTEM:**

3.1 **WOMEN'S OBSTACLES IN POLITICS AS POLITICIAN:**

Party token not given to women.

Women considered incompetent for leadership roles.

Harassment against women in politics

Cultural obstacles for women in politics.

(i) PARTY TOKEN NOT GIVEN TO WOMEN:

In Pakistan, the women politicians are given lesser party tokens for elections as women are considered as less competitive in the country. Moreover, tokens are prioritized for men in the country as men are leading the political system of Pakistan.

(ii) WOMEN CONSIDERED INCOMPETENT FOR LEADERSHIP ROLES:

Women in Pakistan are considered weak and incompetent for leadership of the country. Therefore, even when women are in politics, they are given lesser support and lesser tokens in the elections.

(iii) HARASSMENT AGAINST WOMEN IN POLITICS:

Women in politics, as in other fields, face harassment. The success of women is majorly hindered in the political area due to harassment against them.

(iv) CULTURAL OBSTACLES FOR WOMEN IN POLITICS:

Women also face cultural obstacles in the political field in Pakistan. Women having leadership potential cannot join politics in Pakistan due to the cultural barriers in Pakistan.

3.2 WOMEN'S OBSTACLES IN POLITICS AS VOTERS:

Lack of education of politics and political parties

Men's dominance on women's voter rights.

Women not sent to vote during elections.

(i) LACK OF EDUCATION OF POLITICS AND POLITICAL PARTIES:

Women in Pakistan do not have education of politics and political parties due to this reason they contribute less as voters in politics in Pakistan and hence less education act as a hindrance to women in politics in Pakistan.

(ii) MEN'S DOMINANCE ON WOMEN'S VOTER RIGHTS:

Women's lack of education result in ~~the~~ men's dominance on women votes. Women lesser have their independent vote and usually vote the political party their husbands ~~and~~ or fathers support.

(iii) WOMEN NOT SENT TO VOTE DURING ELECTIONS:

Women are usually not taken or included during the election system. This result in low female voter turnout each election in Pakistan.

Women voter % in 2018 = 46%

Women voter % in 2024 = 41%

Source : Election
Commission of
Pakistan.

4. POSTIVE IMPACT OF GENDER QUOTA SYSTEM ON WOMEN'S REPRESENTATION:

(i) EFFECTIVE REPRESENTATION OF WOMEN IN POLITICS:

Gender quota compel for the effective representation of women in politics and hence has major importance in political system in Pakistan.

(ii) WOMEN'S INCLUSION IN POLITICAL SYSTEM:

Women are included in politics necessarily due to gender quota. The quota assigned for women help in increased

Participation of women in politics.

5. **NEGATIVE IMPACT OF GENDER QUOTA ON WOMEN'S REPRESENTATION:**

(i) MEN IN POLITICS USING GENDER QUOTA FOR THEIR BENEFIT:

Men in political parties use gender quota for their benefit through supporting the women who support their win in the political system.

(ii) UNEQUAL GENDER QUOTA AN ISSUE YET:

The gender quota in political system is still unequal which also impact the ~~gender~~ women representation in politics.

5. **CONCLUSION:**

Political participation is the fundamental right of each individual in the world regardless of their gender or status. The political representation in Pakistan is faced with several issues in Pakistan. Moreover, the gender quota is necessary for the increased participation of women in politics in the country.

ANSWER # 1

1. INTRODUCTION:

Women in development, women and development and gender and development are the major approaches of development including women's participation. The gender and development is the most effective strategy for the achievement of gender equality in Pakistan as it includes the inclusion and development of both the genders in the development stage. Hence GAD is the most needed approach in Pakistan for development.

2. WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT:

Women in development refers to the inclusion of women in the development structure of the country through different policies and reforms. It signifies the inclusion of women in different workplaces and economic system in country.

3. WOMEN AND DEVELOPMENT:

Women and development refers to the inclusion of women in development and assessing the hindrances countered by women in the economic system.

4 **GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT:**

Gender and development is a more recent approach supporting the inclusion of all gender in the development efforts.

5 **DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WID, WAD AND GAD:**

The major difference between the three approaches, women in development, gender and development and the women and development is of the inclusion of women and other genders in development of country.

The WID only includes the focus on women inclusion in politics. The WAD includes the inclusion of women in politics with the women inclusion and countering the obstacles against women development path. However, the GAD is the new approach focusing on the inclusion of both gender in development of country.

6 **EFFECTIVE APPROACH FOR ACHIEVING GENDER EQUALITY IN PAKISTAN:**

The most effective approach for achieving gender equality in

Pakistan is the Gender and development (GAD) approach. Through this approach, both genders will equally participate in the achievement of gender equality in the country, paving the way for Pakistan towards development.

7 CONCLUSION:

Women in development, women and development, and gender and development are major approaches supporting the inclusion of women in development. GAD approach is the necessary approach to achieve gender equality in Pakistan.

ANSWER # 3.

1 INTRODUCTION:

The first wave, second wave and third wave of feminism are the major western feminism movements in the West. The movement had a major impact on the feminism activism in Pakistan. The first wave had no direct impact on the feminism movement as Pakistan was not formed by then as an independent country. However, the second and third wave significantly impacted the feminist movement in the country.

2 MAJOR WAVES OF WESTERN FEMINIST MOVEMENTS:

First wave of feminism

Second wave of feminism

Third wave of feminism

2.1 FIRST WAVE OF FEMINISM:

The first wave of western feminism demanded the liberty and political rights for women in the west. Moreover, it also demanded the property rights for women.

2.2 SECOND WAVE OF FEMINISM:

The second wave of feminism with the political rights demanded the equality of women in all field. Moreover, it also demanded women's child rights and abortion rights.

2.3 THIRD WAVE OF FEMINISM:

The third wave of feminism demanded the equality of women and all the genders in the west and the world. Moreover, the third wave included the representation of women in all fields of the country.

3 INFLUENCE OF WESTERN FEMINIST MOVEMENTS ON FEMINIST ACTIVISM AND GENDER RIGHTS IN PAKISTAN:

3.1 INFLUENCE OF FIRST WAVE OF FEMINISM ON PAKISTAN'S FEMINIST MOVEMENTS:

The first wave of feminism has no direct influence onto Pakistan feminist movement as the ~~move~~ country was not independent and formed at that time. However, soon after the inception of Pakistan women started demanding their rights in country.

3.2 INFLUENCE OF SECOND WAVE OF FEMINISM ON PAKISTAN'S FEMINIST MOVEMENTS:

Creation of APWA
in Pakistan.

Creation of CEDAW
in Pakistan.

The second wave of feminism included Pakistan also. The women in Pakistan influenced by the feminist movement created different forums for the feminism activism in country. The creation of APWA and CEDAW was the result of the influence of second wave of feminism in Pakistan.

3.3 INFLUENCE OF THIRD WAVE OF FEMINISM ON FEMINIST ACTIVISM IN PAKISTAN:

Women Protection Bill.

Me too movement in Pakistan.

The third wave of feminism had significant impact on the feminism activism in Pakistan. It influenced the formation of women protection bill and also initiated the ~~women protection bill~~ in for me too movement in Pakistan.

4 CONCLUSION:

The major western feminism movements include the first, second and third waves of feminism in west. Each movement had a significant impact on the feminist movement in Pakistan.