

Child Labour: A Neglect Issue.

Outline

I. Introduction

- Alarming Stat: 160 million children in child Labour (ILO, 2020).
- Many work in hazardous conditions, affecting their health, education, and future.

II. Causes of child Labour.

- 1). Poverty: Economic necessity for families.
- 2). Lack of Education: Limited access, poor quality schooling.
- 3). Weak Governance: Inadequate laws, enforcement.
- 4). Cultural Acceptance: Norms in certain industries/regions.

III

Consequences of child Labour.

- 1). Health and Safety: Physical, mental harm.
- 2). Low Enforcement: Education and future lost opportunities, cycle of poverty.

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3) Social Impact: perpetuates
Inequality, exploitation.

Consef Solutions and Recommendations.

Education Access: free, compulsory

1) Schooling.

2) Low Enforcement, strengthen child
labour laws.

3) Economic Support: poverty alleviation,
social safety nets.

4) Awareness & Advocacy, change
cultural attitudes.

V Pakistan context.

- Laws exist, but enforcement is weak
- Focus on informal sectors (agriculture, factories).

VI Conclusion

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Essay

child labour is
the exploitation of children through
any form of work that ~~int~~ interferes
with their ability to attend regular
school, or is mentally, physically,

Socially, and
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Recommendations.

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Socially, and morally harmful. According to the International Labour Organization and UNICEF, approximately 160 million children worldwide are engaged in child labour, with 79 million of them in hazardous work that threatens their health, and safety. This number has increased by 8.4 million children in last four years. In this Pakistan context, Approximately 3.3 million Pakistani children are trapped in child labour, depriving them of their childhood, health, and Education. Around 12-13 million children between the age of 5-14 are engaged in some form of work, with many working in hazardous conditions. Child labour is not only national but also worldwide problems. Therefore, many causes of child labour including poverty, lack of Education, weak Governance and cultural Acceptance. These causes create a dire consequences, like Health and

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Safety, Education and future, and Social Impact. Thus, highlighting the urgent need to address this issues. ~~otherwise~~ The Government should ensure Education Access, Law Enforcement, Economic Support and Awareness & Advocacy. Thus, the need for all solutions otherwise this causes very bad impact on peaceful Society.

Firstly, The ILO suggests that poverty is the greatest single cause behind child labour. Economic ~~press~~ necessity for family main cause of child labour. like, Income from a child's work is usually critical for his or her own survival or for that of the household. Income from working children, even if small, may be between 25 and 40% of the household Income. other scholars such as Harisch on African child labour, and Edmonds and Pavcink on global child labour,

have reached the same conclusion, while poverty is a significant factor the relationship between poverty and child labour is complex.

In the other hand Pakistan's poverty level is quite concerning, with approximately 45% of the population living below the poverty lines as of 2015. People have no access good jobs so that many educated people daily wages. However government need to create more job opportunities to reduce the poverty and better for the children future.

Along with the unsolved evil of education disparity, limited access ; poor quality schooling. Historically when child labour was more common as well as, in contemporary child labour, certain cultural beliefs have grounded it. Some view that work is good for the character-building and skill development

of children. However, many communities, particularly in rural areas where child labour rates can be between 60 and 70 per cent, do ^{not} have access to adequate school facilities. Even when schools are available, they may be too far away, difficult to reach, unaffordable or the quality of education is poor that parents may not consider school attendance to be worth it. In the other hand, many of children out of school in Pakistan due to limited access to Education. Lack of Education and limited access people prefers to do daily work. Not only, but also these problems are globally. Thus need to focus on the solution for the betterment of children future.

Another alarming issue is the existing weak governance, inadequate law enforcement. Almost

every country in the world has laws relating to and aimed at preventing child labour. Despite the laws many of children work as labours due to weak governance. No proper enforcement relating to labour laws many childrens are labours across the country. However, weak governance is a significant contributors to child labour in Pakistan. weak laws and poor enforcement enable child labours to persist. In the other hand corruption allows employers to exploit children and avoid penalties. Moreover, inadequate resources and capacity hinders effective implementation of child labour laws. Many children work in unregulated information sectors, making it hard to monitor and enforce laws. Thus need to strengthen institutions improve transparency, accountability,

and capacity of government bodies
otherwise. The dire consequences generate
in our society.

The foremost reason
to child labour, there is a means
to learn and practise that
trade from a very early age.

Similarly, In many cultures Education
of girls is less valued as girls
are simply not expected to
need formal schooling, and may
be pushed into child labour
such as providing domestic services.

In the other hand cultural
acceptance plays a significant
role in perpetuating child
labour in Pakistan. In many
communities, child labour is
seen as normal part of life
with children expected to
contribute to family income from
a young age. Additionally, some
cultural norms view child labour as
a way to teach children skills

and responsibility. However, this mindset overlooks the long-term consequences of child labour, such as lost Education, health risks, and perpetuated poverty cycles. Addressing cultural acceptance requires awareness campaigns, education, and Economic support to Families. By changing attitudes and providing alternatives, communities can work towards eliminating child labour and ensuring children have opportunities for Education and a better future. cultural sensitivity and Community Engagement are key to tackling this complex issue effectively. ~~want to~~

~~No more~~ No more time