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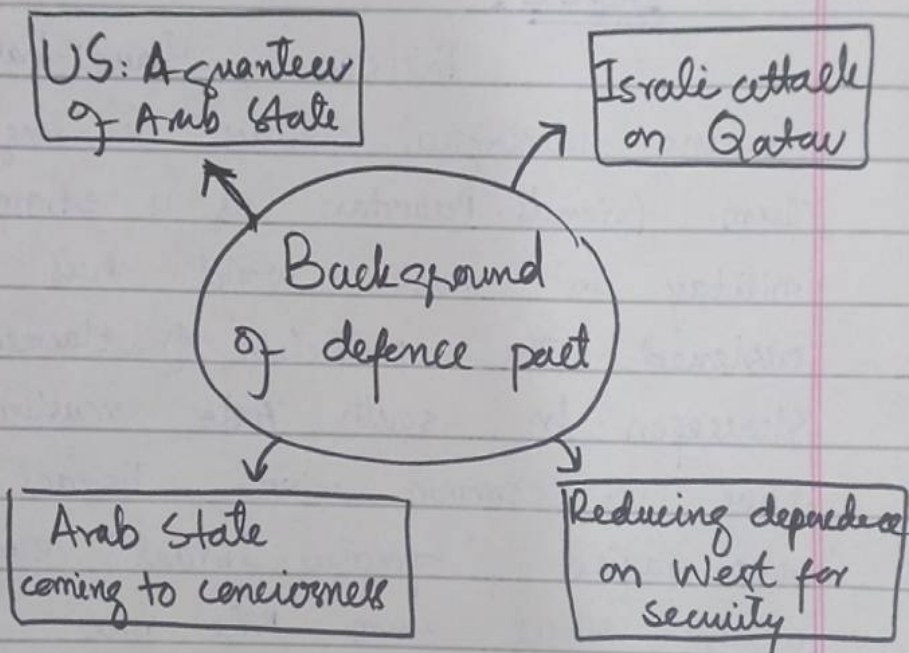
— (Part-II) —

— (Q. # 5) —

Pak-KSA Defence pact:

Pakistan & Saudi-Arabia sharing ideological values are long term friends. Pakistan as a strong military in muslim world has assigned the protection of Haameen Shareefen. In south Asia muslim have a common rival Israel who wanted "Greater Israel" that would start from Nile river upto Egypt. Israel has started genocide on Palestine since 23 October 2015 & is extending its aim to other Arab world. Attack on Qatar shook the US guaranteed Muslim world. US has deployed military all over the muslim states of Arab in

for the sake of security. US non-concerning attitude towards Israeli-attack on Qatar awakes other muslim world to not rely on US Security.



I, Background of defence pact:

① US: Arab State Guarantee:

US deployment of 19 military bases across the Arab states for security concern.

US claim of defending Arab State in case of any attack.

b) Israeli attack on Qatar:

Israel after dominating Palestinian Gaza & West Bank is projecting outward. On 9 September 2025 Israel launched air strike on Qatar claimed that attack was on Hamas leaders meeting there.

c) Arab State: An eye opener:

Attack on Qatar was an eye opener for Arab state that had heavy hopes on US. Their realisation that US will defend Arab when attacker is Muslim country. In case of Israel or any other west ally a withdrawal from the ground.

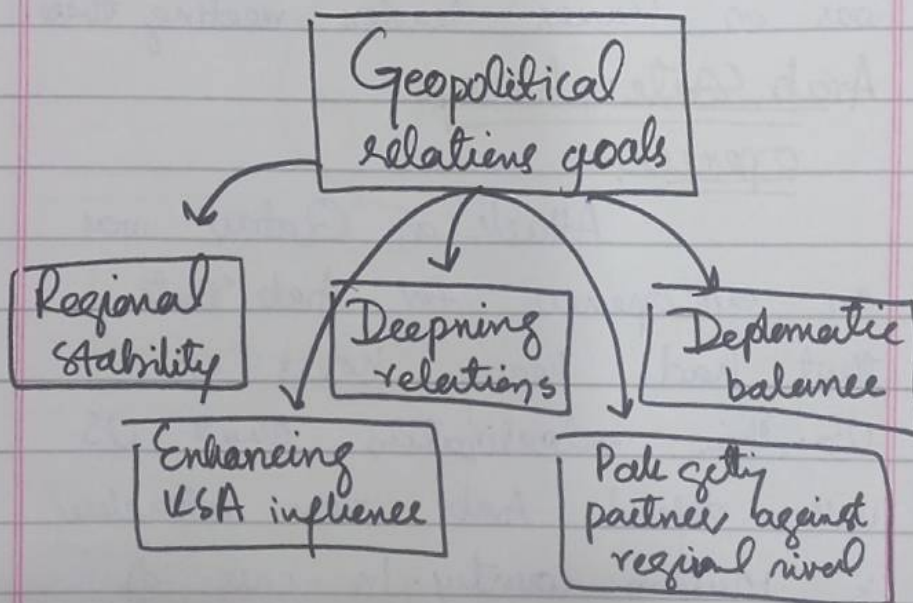
d) Reducing defence on West for security:

Arab state

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no longer rely on West for defence & should look for better option. The only reliable & trusted option was Pakistan, A sole muslim nuclear country in the region.

II Pak-KSA pact: A way for geopolitical relation:



a) Diplomatic Balance: Avoiding US rage:

KSA had many options like China, Russia but that would involve US.

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Saudi Arabia being rational would not tilt toward anti-West bloc, the only option left was Pakistan. Though both countries are sharing strategic relations concerning about Holy places, this pact will deepen their relations even more.

b) Strengthening of ties:

Though the pact is not publically announced but still there is a hope for rising interdependency which will benefit both sides. KSA being a rich ~~and~~ country/state in the South Asia will not only act as an alternative of foreign aid but will defend Pak on international forum. On the other side Pak will provide a nuclear umbrella.

c) Regional stability:

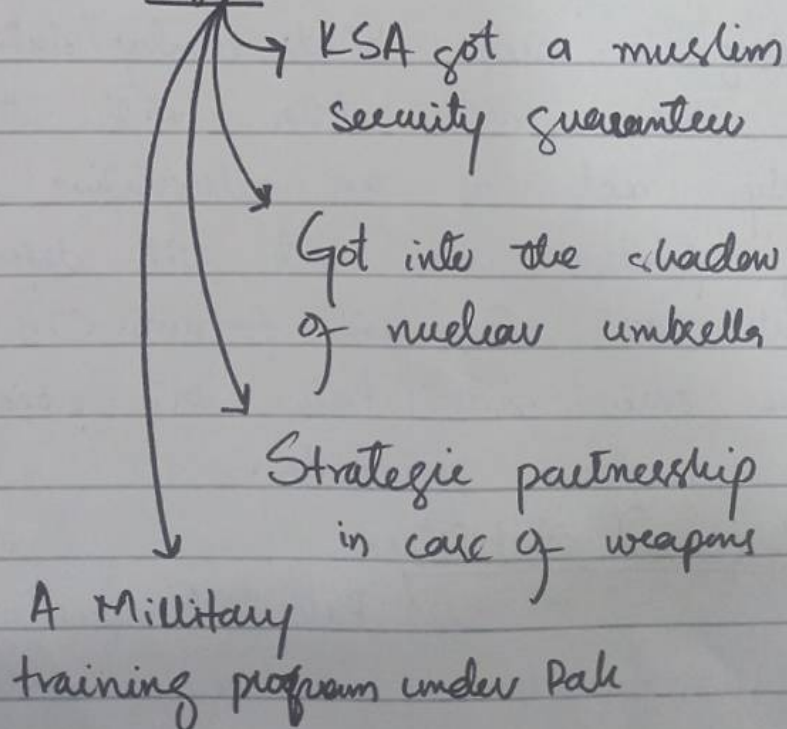
Pak-KSA pact will provide a nuclear umbrella

to Saudi Arabia. A strategic alliance with nuclear country is itself a prove of regional stability. Any country will think twice before attacking. Pak providing nuclear deterrence capability to KSA is a threat for neighbours like Israel. The pact will avoid any irrational attack on Arab countries as KSA is the leader of Arab states.

d) Pact Enhanced KSA

Influence in the

region:



i) Muslim state: A guarantee
of security:

Saudi Arabia by signing the defence pact shifted its reliance from west towards a trusted long fellow with nuclear capability. Pak has proved a ^{strategic} security partner in case of protecting Haramain shrine.

ii) KSA: Under the Nuclear
Umbrella of Pak:

Nuclear power since long act as deterrence & KSA got the opportunity to deter any threat under Pak Nuclear umbrella.

iii) Military aid of weapons
to Saudi-Arabia:

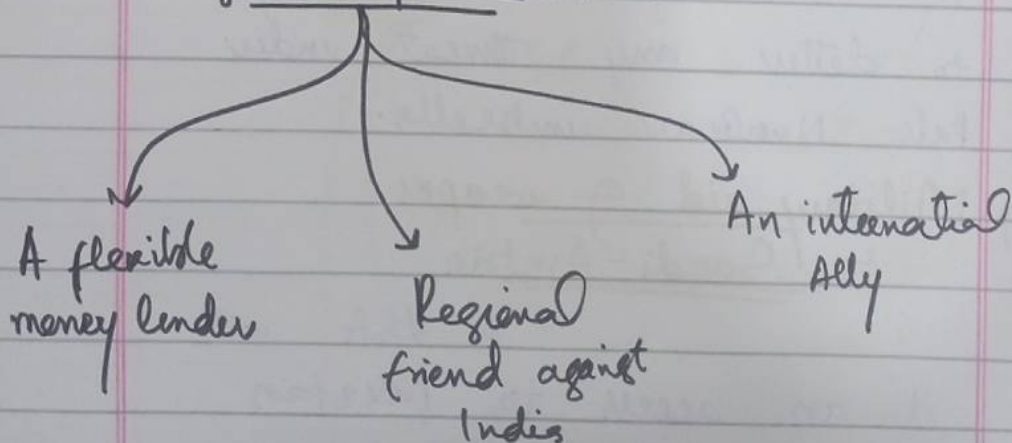
KSA will get an access to Pakistan weapons. Though Pakistan's military weapons are either China imported or domestically made. The recent conflict

with India globally advertised
Pakistan arm forces & weapons.

iv, KSA: An opportunity
to train military
personal:

Through the defence
part Pakistan will not only
provide military assistance but
will provide training programs.
Pakistan army ranked among
the global army will deploy
their secret training to KSA.

e, Pakistan setting a
regional partner:



ii, KSA: A flexible money
lender for Pakistan!

Pakistan

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is in vicious cycle of debt due to IMF strict conditions. The defence pact will give Pakistan a more flexible money lender, as evident from late 1990s. USA helped Pakistan during the sanctions period with low price oil & even provide time for money return.

ii) Pak. set a partner
against India:

India & Pakistan are long ~~for~~ since rivals on Kashmir issue & IOT. USA even in past has accompanied Pakistan in many forums with respect to India. But the Saudi request of to Pakistan to provide military assistance against muslim state in late 2000 created a vacuum which was happily filled by India tilted USA towards India. This pact has

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revised their relation. And even it is expected that USA being an influential player on global platform will back Pakistan against its counter rival.

iii, USA: An International ally for Pak:

USA will back Pakistan on all global forums like G-20, Arab Leagues etc. Even an attack against one will be considered as attack against both will give a setback to India including any other international state / country.

III Defence Pact: Economic opportunities for Pakistan:

Economic Opportunities

- Investment programs: SIFC
- Refinery in Karachi
- Subsidised oil
- Remittances & work force
- Financial Aid

(a) Investment program under SIFC:

Saudi Arabia being a partner, will increase global trust in Pakistan market, which will attract foreign investment.

Due to terrorism attack on CPEC & BRI project ~~places~~ areas foreign investment of Pakistan declined. This defence pact will revive the trust & will help Pakistan to grow economically. ~~The~~ Russia consent

an Steel Mill establishment
is the highlighting fact in
this regard.

b) KSA consent on
establishing Refinery
in Gwadar

The fact not
only elevate Pakistan's global
image but pave the way
for economic development. KSA
has shown consent on establishing
refinery in Karachi. Though
Pakistan is rich in resources
but weak infrastructure &
factories lag it behind. KSA
~~are~~ accelerating Pakistan ~~for~~ in mining
and refinery process of oil
will increase country's GDP &
lessen foreign dependency.

c) Subsidized oil to
Pakistan:

KSA has helped
Pakistan during the western sanctions

even by subsidised oil & leverages of debt. The pact will give Pakistan to get an access to Saudi Oil on even more subsidised price.

d) Visas & Remittances to Pakistani work force:

Around

30% of Pakistan work force are employed in KSA. The dollar deficit in country is mostly balanced by the foreign dollar in the form of remittances. Though earlier KSA & other muslim states have restricted visas for Pakistan due to beggars increasing amount. The pact will smoothen the path for absorbing more Pakistani working force & increase remittances to Pakistan.

e) Financial aid to Pakistan:

KSA a rich country will not only assist Pak

on multiple global forums but will also help it get rid of the vicious debt cycle of IMF loans. As the loan will be given on flexible conditions, with low interest rate & long-period.

IV Way forward for the bilateral relation of Pak-KSA:

This pact not only sort out the security issue but help both sides to strengthen their military & economy. KSA got a trusted guarantee will present the image as a nuclear dettered country & Pak got the opportunity to invest & will even attract investors.

Conclusion:

Though the pact is based on security assistance, but the

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demands its offers to both
sides are endless. A strong, non-bureaucratic
ally in the region, a defender,
an economic partner etc, all
are the positive impacts the
part is shed on both countries.
Pakistan need such ~~of~~ part
with other nations as well to
strengthen not only geopolitically
but also socio-economically.

-(Q#7)-

Trade was b/w US
& China:

US being a sole powerful state since after ~~the~~ Cold war doesn't allow the rise of any nation. China emerging as powerful socioeconomically & mediator state is seen a threat by US. China has increasing its economy & influence in the world through projects like CPEC & BRI which are constructed as East-India Company by US. US in this scenario has imposed tariff on country China. ~~the~~ Unlike the other nations who seek negotiations China retaliated in return.

US using Chip
as weapon:

US the biggest

exporter of chip world wide has its largest market in China. China highly dependent on US chip for its semiconductor tech industries. US using chip as weapon against China has banned its export to China.

China instead of
negotiation retaliated:

After the rise of Trump as US president. Being a business man he look at bilateral relations mostly on the basis of countries interest. China as a threat perceived, banned of chip, in return China retaliated by banning its rare earth metal to US.

Trade war - A new
battle field:

Conventionally war were mostly fought on battle field.

but the increasing technological advancement has change the war domain from deans where front lines are blurred to the trade war where sanctions on good of dif countries.

I) US tariff on dif countries:

Trump imposed tariff on dif nations ranging from 25% to 45%. Many countries go on negotiations with Trump for tariff, Pakistan decreased tariff to 19% due to rational & effective negotiations on head of state level.

US tariff on China:

Trump like other states imposed tariff on China too. But goes on increasing it step wise. Initially a tariff of 34%, then 50%, After that 100% & in the end it reaches to 250%.

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Understanding the background of the trade war:

Tariff

is either punitive or reciprocal. And
Trump in case of China it
is decreasing China's influence
in the world. By imposing tariff
Trump will not only ~~decrease~~
increase the local market value
but will decrease foreign
investment in the country.

Effect of Tariff & benefit to the one who imposed:

Tariff make
the foreign product costly
decreasing its purchase. In broader
terms it decreases the import
& increases export. US being
the leader is violating International
laws & abusing power for
self benefit.

II) China counter
Tariff: a rise
of trade war:

China being
a constantly developing country
retaliate strongly to the
trade war initiated by US.
By decreasing its export of
Rare earth metal strikes the
US on its face.

US dependency on
Rare earth Metals:

US needs
Rare Earth Metals not only
technological components but
in vehicle & defence too.
Companies like Apple, the
mobile production company will
suffer. Along this the defence
industry Lockheed Martin will
be effected at large. As
US the main ~~exporter~~ exporter
of military weapons to world.

Further more, the Automobile company like Tesla the biggest economy contributor will face a sharp decline.

China Counter tariff

China uses the strategy of US & retaliate by tariff in steps like 10%, then 50%, and step a tariff of 100%, & in the last 125% tariff on US imported goods. China even sold millions of shirt to US in that critical time with a tag "Cut China goods".

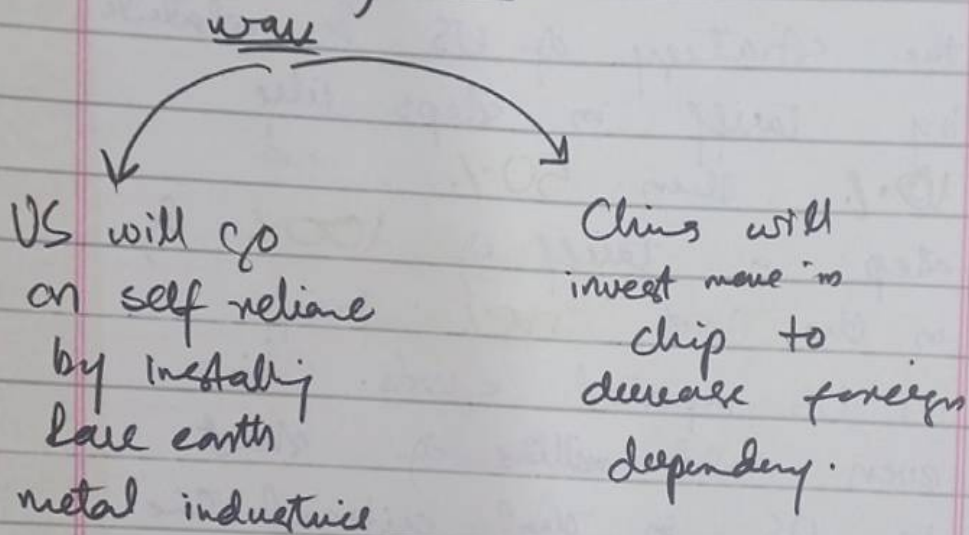
III Trump reliance & negotiations with Xi:

US beside rare earth metal is mostly independent on other country. The banning of earth metal to US was putting an injury. Trump due to internal pressure

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from factories since go on negotiations with China on regard of the Rare Earth Metal.

IV Future of Trade



or US installing Rare Earth Metal industries

US after realizing that most of its economy is based on Rare Earth Metal will direct its attention to installation of such industries. Though Trump looks at realism hence to

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to the trade war but the most affected among the two is US.

Chinese cheap product
on high price

US local

gets Chinese cheap product on high price not only hit its economical sector but agricultural ~~with~~ was hit badly. On the other side China being a friendly nature & mediator has large market in the world other than US did not affected that much.

b, China investment
in chip / semiconductor
companies:

Though an economically strong country, China depend on semiconductor of US. & US is being weaponizing chip

6011
against China, has created
a concern of establishing
Semiconductor companies in the
China homeland.

V Implications of the trade war on the world:

The Trade
war b/w global powers effect
the overall structure of the
world. Countries get tariff &
economics suffers. Due to the
trade war global market
shrinks - 1

Conclusion:

Trade war not only
affect the participant but the
countries of the world too. Supply
demand disturbance, Cost of the
good fluctuate, affecting the
world market. Investment decreases
due to low trust.

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Q#6

Trump Pull out of Paris Agreement:

Paris Agreement
also known as the COP 21
occurred in Paris in 2015. Countries
like the developing & developed
one agree on reducing carbon
out by 45% by the end of
2030. The time agreement happened
US was leaded by President
Obama according to whom "Climate
is a combined threat & should
be combated collectively." But
as soon as Trump was elected
he pull out US of the
Paris Agreement declaring climate
change a myth.

Implication on future Climate efforts:

US the leader
of countries when pulled out
it will led the other to .

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leave the agreement will not only stop the steps towards a sustainable development of climate but will also promote the coal industries installment. As the 1st step Trump did after pulling out of the agreement was installation of coal industry which was long since stopped.

China & Europe as Alternative: China:

Many countries pulled out of the agreement but China & Europe among many rejected pulling out. China a global rising country which has acted as mediator b/w many states has earned trust. Even the pulling out of US, countries will follow the step of China. This will increase the influence of China even more. @ China along with soft power of

economical projects will be
the global leader.

Europe as Alternative:

Europe has
publically declared its presence
in the COP 21. It has
taken initiative in this regard.

Being an influential player of
global great game its presence
will compell other states to be
part of act on carbon cut
process.