

Q.2

Make a precis of the following passage and suggest a suitable title.

The Limits of Expertise

~~Writer~~ The writer critically analysis that the modern human rely extremely on expert's advise. As knowledge is getting more specialized, humans are getting more dependent on experts for basic spiritual, economic and social issues. These experts despite having abundance knowledge, cannot help humans fully because of nature of their work. They only analysis humans through the lens of their discipline. Their advice need to be taken as a chunk of solution but people take it as a permanent solution. This growing specialization confuses humans to find one right expert for any problem. Institutions, Institutions take help of these experts and threat those separately. People in the past have this ability to view the world through a unified lens. This ability is lost today and creates problems for humanity. Moreover, when experts gain this much fame, humans resist to rely on common sense. Experts are called upon for enlightening how to live a life from birth to death as it is a technical training rather than wisdom that requires actually living life. This put humans conscious on pause. Humans should conceive theses as separate knowledge of human life rather than rejecting it. Humans need institutions to connect all fields of life. Humans must empower ordinary intelligence through diversity. Until then, humans are unable to view large picture.

[204 words]

Q. 3

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

Questions

Q1.

What fundamental error does the author identify in the popular understanding of tradition and progress, and why is this error considered dangerous?

The author identifies a fundamental error in the popular understanding of tradition and progress that these two forces are viewed as locked in eternal opposition. This error is considered ~~an~~ a dangerous intellectual trap because this error ~~detaches~~ cuts humans from history. Modern people are seeking meaning, purpose and identity which might be found in tradition.

Q2.

How does the author use historical examples to challenge the notion that progress requires abandoning the past?

The author used the historical examples to challenge the notion that progress requires abandoning the past by telling scholars of the European Renaissance looked backward to classic antiquity. Similarly, he used examples of religious reformers and scientific revolutions which involved ancient text and neglected insights from earlier thinkers respectively.

Q3.

What does the writer mean by describing tradition as "a living conversation" rather than "a static repository of dead customs"?

The writer means by describing tradition as "a living conversation rather" than "a static repository of dead customs" that the present interrogates the past the the past ~~inter~~ challenges the present. This means past and present are connected and help thinkers to move in future.

Q4.

According to the passage what paradox exists in the modern search for meanings and what does this reveal about contemporary society?

The modern search for meaning has a paradox that people can find meaning, purpose and identity in esoteric spiritualities, therapeutic techniques and political movements. It reveals that if contemporary society starts to seek the meaning in tradition, it might find the meaning in tradition.

Q5.

The author argues that distinguishing between valuable tradition and harmful ones requires "real intellectual and judgement." Do you agree that such distinction is possible, or are we inevitably biased by our contemporary perspective? Justify your position.

Yes, real intellectual and judgement can distinguish between valuable tradition and harmful one by understanding the thinking behind the traditions and by evaluating and by judging the overall benefits and disbenefits of traditional societies.

Q.4

correct any FIVE of the following sentences.

(i)

The committee who were appointed to investigate the matter they submitted their last report last week.

The committee who was appointed to investigate the matter, it submitted its report last week.

(ii)

He has been living in this city since ten years and knows every corner of it.

He has been living in this city for ten years and knows every corner of it.

(iv)

Each of the students are required to submit their assignments before the deadline.

Each of the students is required to submit his or her assignment before the deadline.

(vi)

The number of unemployed graduates are increasing every year in the country.

(i)

The number of unemployed graduates is increasing every year in the country.

(vii)

The committee have been deliberating on the proposal since morning but has not yet arrived at any consensus.

(ii)

The committee has been deliberating on the proposal since morning but has not yet arrived at any consensus.

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~~Re-write~~

Q-5

Punctuate the following passage:

The minister, addressing the gathering, said, "My fellow citizens, we stand today at a critical juncture in our nation's history. We must ask ourselves 'Are we prepared to face the challenges ahead or shall we succumb to despondency and inaction?'" Dr. Ahmed, "the renowned economist, had warned us last year that unless immediate reforms are undertaken, the economy will collapse. However, his advice was not heeded now. We find ourselves in precisely the predicament he had predicted. Therefore, I urge you all to support the government's new economic policy, which, though painful in the short term, will yield beneficial results in the long run." "Let's not ~~hesitate~~". He continued, "Repeat the mistakes of the past. Let's move forward with determination and courage."

B

Re-write the following sentences
(only five) after filling in the blanks
with appropriate prepositions.

(i)

The judge acquitted him for
the charge of theft.

(ii)

We must abide by the rules
of the institution.

(iii)

He is deficient in common sense
despite his education.

(iv)

The principal presided in the
function yesterday.

(v)

The new policy is prejudicial in
the interests of small farmers
and landless labourers.

Q6

A: Use (only FIVE) pairs of words in sentences clearly illustrating their meanings

(i)

Venal, Venial

Venal officials accept bribes, while Venial mistakes are morally minor.

(ii)

~~Mr~~ Deprecate, Depreciate

Critics deprecate corruption, but public assets can have to depreciate in value.

(iii)

Mendacious, Mendacity.

A mendacious witness survives on habitual mendacity.

(iv)

~~to~~ prescribe, proscribe

Doctor prescribe medicines, whereas the state may proscribe harmful practices.

(v)

Ingenuous, Ingenious

An ingenious child is innocent, while an ingenious engineer is intelligently clever.

Q1

Translate the following into English, keeping in view the idiomatic/figurative expression.

Literature is like a nerve ~~for~~ to any society which mirrors its moral and spiritual understanding. When literature of any society starts fading, then it is understood that the society is about to face its consequences. Unfortunately, today's literature has lost its value and is captured by Motives. The writer who sold his pen for money, also sold his conscience. True scholars ~~are~~ is one ~~to~~ who raises his or her voice for truth and against false despite sacrificing. But in today's era, these brave writers are rare. Often scholars bow down to power and ~~more~~ are busy in making powerful groups happy by their writings. This is unfaithfulness ~~to~~ with the literature and betrayal with the nation.