

⊙ No 1

26, 27 constitutional
amendments:

Introduction: 26 and 27
constitutional amendments
have changed political
landscape of Pakistan
entirely. Because they
have given more powers
to executive and restrained
judicial powers.

How 26, 27 constitutional
amendments have changed
political landscape of
Pakistan:

① Appointments of judges
~~was~~ will be done by executive.
Now parliament members

of judicial council of Pakistan will have more powers to appoint judges of supreme court. under Article 178A)

② Political oversight has been excluded: Judiciary will not be able to do accountability of executive under article 184 → suo moto powers have been taken.

③ Islamic shariah some how has been introduced: End of riba has been done in 26 constitutional amendment under → Article 38(7)

④ Judiciary oversight enhanced by executive: 12 members of parliament will now in parliamentary committee of supreme judicial council

of Pakistan. This commission will be responsible for accountability of judiciary under → **article 175**.

⑤ President's powers also have been suppressed: President will appoint Chief Justice of Supreme Court on advice of Prime Minister and Cabinet in 27th constitutional amendment. In 26th amendment under **article 148** PM and Cabinet will not act on advice of President.

⑥ More privileges have been given to Army: Army Chief has been made as Chief of Defense Forces moreover lifetime immunity like President also has been given to him.

DATE: _____
⑦ public trust will build on parliament: Because under 26 constitutional amendment under article 255 presidential ward expansion has been made to medicine, public health and arts.

⑧ Political elite will safe for trials: Now interpretation of constitution or law has been vested into Federal Constitutional court under 27 amendment only now supreme court will see criminal cases. Similarly it has done by forming constitutional benches in 26 amendment.

⑨ state institutions will work without disruption: under 26 amendment chief of election commission and all members are encouraged to hold office untill next staff will come.

⑩ Political leaders have become conscious about environment:

Because environmental right has been recognized as fundamental under 9-A in constitutional amendment.

⑪ Parliamentary system has been strengthened:

Parliamentary system has been strengthened due to its maximum powers and representation in major appointments like appoint judge of Federal Constitutional Court.

⑫ Chances of biased judiciary have been eradicated:

Previously retirement age for chief justice was 65 years, similarly top senior most judge was appointed as chief justice. But under 26 constitutional amendment

Chief will retire after 3 years and among 3 senior judges there will be chief justice.

⑬ Speedy & justice will be prevailed: By forming federal constitutional courts. Cases burden will reduce on a single court. And public will get speedy justice.

Conclusion: Hence, 26 and 27, Constitutional amendments have changed political landscape of Pakistan. These amendments have basically strengthens executive and parliament of Islamic republic of Pakistan. So they will also reduce extra burden of cases on the courts by forming federal constitutional court.

⊖ NO2

Economy of Pakistan is . . .

Introduction: Economy of Pakistan is always fragile. Since independence Pakistan has been facing economic crisis due to internal facts such as political instability and governance crisis and some external issues such as involvement of USSR invasion in Afghanistan and with America in war on terror.

Why economy is fragile in Pakistan?

① Due to Huge trade deficit: Pakistan always face a huge trade deficit due to which

economy suffers

Economic survey 2024-25

↳ Trade deficit
is 21.3 bn\$

② Large industries has been

Closed: Faisalabad city of
textile has become barren
and overall many companies or
industries have been shutdown

Dawn → Nishat, Warda,
Honda, Kohinoor
Suzuki, Yamaha Closed

③ Import and Export imbalance:

Pakistan always face reduction
of export and increase of
import.

Economic survey of Pakistan
2024-25

Import
48.6 bn\$

Export
27.3 bn\$

DATE: _____

④ Over dependence on foreign aid: Pakistan mostly looks forward to any foreign aid which increases burden on state.

Any fund program can be a part of a country's development program but cannot be a permanent solution

Dr Maleeha Lodhi

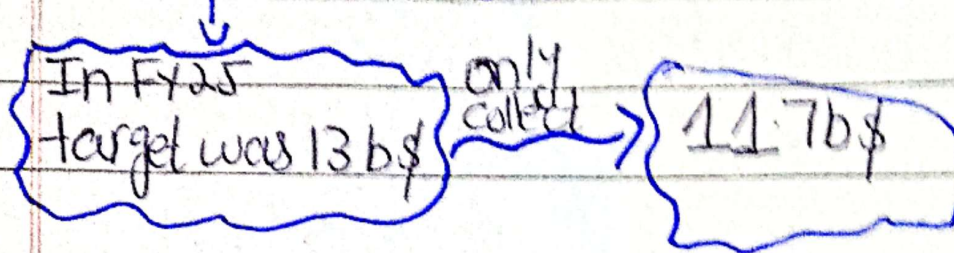
⑤ Economy is fragile due to huge debt: Pakistan always face difficulty in repaying loans due to which debt has been increasing day by day.

Current debt of Pakistan is 76,000 trn PKR

Finance division

⑥ Economy is fragile due to low tax collection: FBR always collect less revenue as compared to target which cripples the economy.

Finance Division



⑦ Due to dollar shortage economy is fragile: Dollar reserves become less in the country which downsize economy. For example

SBP → Reported In June 2021 dollar reserves were 22 m\$ but in June 2023 they left only 7 m\$.

⑧ Due to low tax to GDP ratio: Low tax to GDP ratio of Pakistan indicates fragile economy

Dawn → current tax to GDP ratio is 9%. Smallest in the South Asia.

⑨ Economy is fragile, ^{because} ~~but~~ it has survived under different policies: Pakistani economy has been facing hurdles since independence, different leaders have performed experiments on it. Akbar S Zaidi explained in his book "Issues in Pakistan's economy," Three eras of economy

- Era of experimentation Ayub Khan did privatization, while Zulfikar Ali Bhutto did nationalization.
- Era of twisting economy Ziaul-Haq promoted foreign aided economy
- Era of problematic economy Benazir Bhutto and Nawaz Sharif introduced loans.

⑩ Economy is fragile; Accumulation of wealth in Rich hands: From the beginning in Pakistan wealth always remain in some elite hands which exploit middle

or lower middle class.

During Ayub Khan era Economist
Dr Mehboob said

wealth has only vested
to 22 families.

⑪ Due to low Agricultural
Production: From few years
Pakistan is facing huge losses
in agricultural sector.

Finance Division → wheat
product has been decreased by
30% in year 2024-25.

⑫ Economy is fragile due to
lack of digitalization: Pakistan
students are not performing
well in fields of IT and
not contributing digitalization.

HEC → tells

↓ Every year in
Pakistan 75,000
IT graduates are
producing

While India has

300,000 IT graduates
every year.

More Sundar Pichai
is CEO of Google

⑬ Economy fragile because there is governance failure of useless policies: Pakistan lack field specialists which can form better policies.

Akbar S Zaidi → Book "Issues in Pakistan economy" explained

Agriculture only contributed 11% to Pakistan while 45% of resources are spent on it

Industry contributes 45% to growth but only 11% resources are spent on it

⑭ Fragile economy due to economic loss during ~~dis~~ Disasters: Pakistan has faced floods and earthquakes which causes infrastructural damage and economic loss
World bank: During 2022 floods Pakistan has lost 306\$

Conclusion: So Pakistan's economy is fragile due to multiple factors. Now Pakistan has to find out a long term solutions to this fragile economy. Pakistan should take certain sustainable steps such as, effective policies, increase exports, low energy prices and tax for industrial sector, investment in IT sector and mitigate disasters effect.

Ronald Reagan said

If I define economy for governments into phrase, if it moves tax it, if it keeps moving regulate it and if it stops, subsidize it