

Section-II

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Pak-Afghan Relations
After - 2021, Border
Security, Refugee issues & Regional
Realignment influenced Bi-lateral
ties :-

Introduction:

Relationship between Islamabad and Kabul remains tensed as the de-facto government of Taliban established after the fall of Kabul, 2021, in Afghanistan. Although, the efforts by Moscow and Beijing to maintain peace in South Asia by making Trio (Pak-Russia-China) are not prove successful yet. There are number of factors that brought about the hostile environment between Pakistan and Afghanistan. Cross-border terrorism, Support by Taliban to internationally recognized terrorist groups such as TTP and other militants backed by Al-Qaida, Irredilism dispute, Sent back of refugees by Pakistan.

are some countable factors behind the Cold relationship with Afghanistan. Moreover, Regional re-alignments such as Afghanistan's increasing closeness towards New Delhi also influenced the bi-lateral ties between these two states.

Causes behind the Trajectory relations between Kabul & Islamabad

① Cross-Border Terrorism :
Since the Taliban regime ~~took~~^{take} Control of Afghanistan, Waves of terrorism are increasing in Pakistan especially in KPK and Balochistan. 2024 and 2025 are the years in which rate of terrorist attacks not only on Civilian but the Security personals has been targeting more compare to the previous three years. Pakistan uses both diplomatic strategy as well as kinetic means to stop terrorism in Pakistan. This thing make difficult to develop

Warmth ties with Kabul by Pakistan.

② Support to terrorist groups by Taliban :

Taliban government providing a Continue Support to internationally recognized terrorist groups i.e TTP and other Al-Qaida backed groups. Although Taliban deny this allegation but not only Pakistan but also international media such as "A report in New York Times (NYT)" highlighted the same issue. This support is in the form of Weapons supply to providing logistic route and sanctuaries for them living where they reflex or strengthen their muscles.

③ Sent Back of Refugees by Pakistan :

Pakistan support the Afghan refugees from decades but now, the government of Pakistan decided to sent them back after the USA's forces leave the Afghanistan. But this decision increase the tensed relations between two states.

There are number of reasons behind to take this decision by Pakistan. Economic burden, increasing terrorist activities, Criminal acts by Afghan in foreign countries travelled on Pakistani passport, to build pressure on Afghan government to curb the support of terrorist groups are notable. Results of this decision are not positive in the form of international criticism due to alleged a violation of humanitarian laws and cold relations with Taliban regime.

④ Irreditism dispute

Irreditist dispute was starting after the independence of Pakistan inherit the Western border where durand-line conflict over the 23,00 Km area had been continue from 1893.

But after 2021, this de-facto regime of Afghanistan highlight this issue more even after the recent October-2025 forces skirmished between

There are 2 main reasons behind to highlight this issue now by Taliban. 1st is to divert the international attention over the militant groups having Safe Zones in Afghanistan. 2nd, Taliban Wants to ignite the anti) nationalism among people that are living near "Pakhton belt". Under the banner of "nationalism", Taliban's Strategy is to divert public attention from economic Crisis also.

Regional Realignment influences the Bi-lateral relations:-

① Moscow's Recognition of Taliban's regime - The Sole State

Russia is the only Country who recognises the Taliban regime. As the Russia is the biggest rival of USA. American forces in the name of "War on Terror", exploited the resources, killed mass number of civilians.

and fractured their, political structure, economic system, Cultural prosperity and defence mechanism. After the USA left in 2021, the victory of Afghan Taliban was supported by Putin. Russia made a Tri-regional alignment to make sustainable relationship with Kabul by South Asian nations. It may reduce the dependency of Afghanistan ^{on Pakistan} as a Sole-state to run their economy.

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Heartiest relationship between New-Delhi & Kabul:

Although, India does not recognize Afghanistan but the relationships between them are cordial. A recent visit of Afghan foreign minister in India pushes the Afghanistan far from Pakistan. Furthermore, it is also observed that recent cross-border conflict between Afghanistan and Pakistan occurred during this visit.

Conclusion:

Hostile environment on the Western border, rising militant attacks in KP and Balochistan, refugees issues, economic crisis due to blocked border, an old border line dispute, regional realignment in the form of Moscow and Delhi Strategic cordial relations with Kabul are all sum game of tenuous relation between Islamabad and Kabul after 2021 - de facto Taliban regime came into being.

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Climate Change or Pak

Env - Hazardous development model that takes Pakistan to Top V20

& Mitigation Strategy:

Introduction:

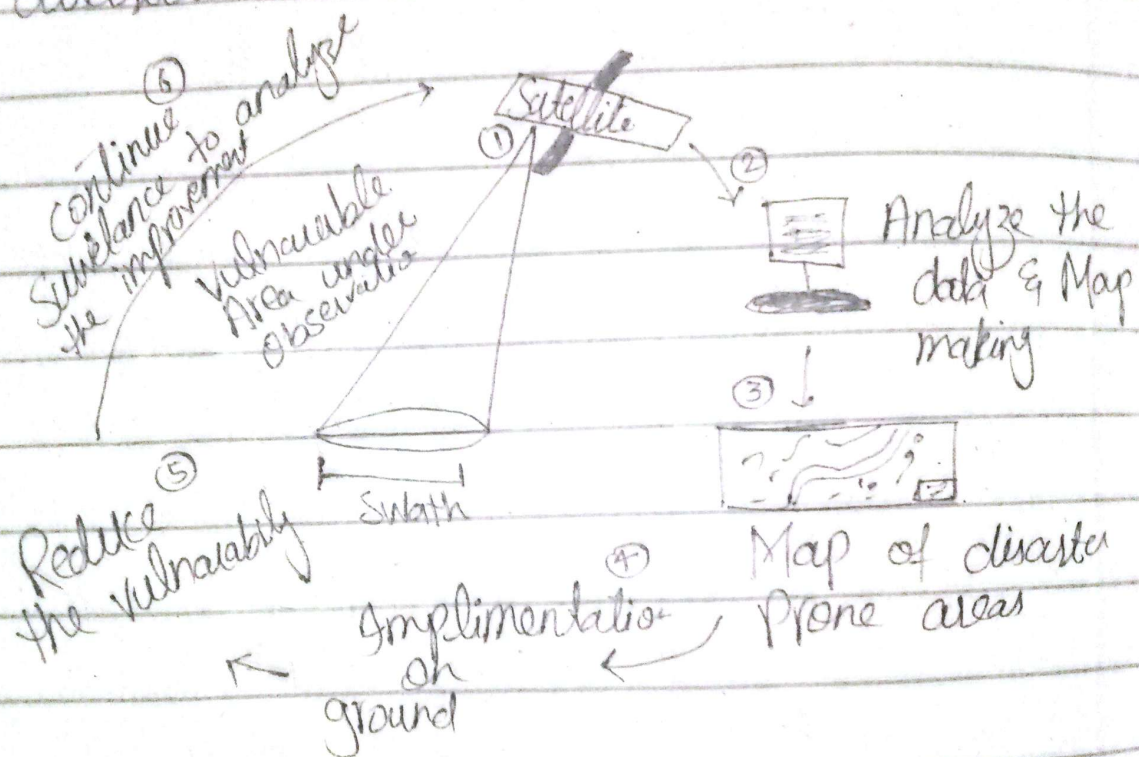
Pakistan is among the top V20 (most vulnerable country) due to Pakistan environmental - hazardous development

model not just because of climate change. A state become more vulnerable if the potential of disaster remains high. In another words, vulnerability is inversely proportional to mitigation. There are number of reasons against the flaws of this environmental-^{Hazardous} development model. Lack of available resource, Crisis of advance technology such as (GSA) GIS and remote sensing usage, political Will, less efficient governance mechanism are adding the fuel in rising vulnerability against climate change. Mitigation, Adaptation, Response, and recovery are different phases that should be adopted as a strategy to enhance the efficiency of Env-Hazardous development model.

Pak-Environmental Hazardous development model.

Lack of "advance technology" to reduce the vulnerability:

Geographic Information System (GIS) and remote Sensing are most reliable sources globally to meet any hazardous disaster:



In Pakistan, actions are taken prior to analyze what is the most vulnerable area. Moreover, usage of remote Sensing in those areas where easy access is not possible.