

PART-II

Q2.

Title: The Paradoxical Nature of Clean Energy

Renewable energy is tagged nowadays with the only saviour of the planet to replace fossil fuels. However, it is actually damaging the environment. Clean energy production requires extraction of rare-earth metals, which need intensive machinery. These procedures release harmful gases and simultaneously barren the land. Electric vehicles seem eco-friendly, but their production of their batteries emit harmful gases even more than traditional ones. Solar panels and wind turbines produce clean energy but also huge electronic waste later on. Hence, zero emissions seems merely a marketing policy that ensures satisfaction among the public regarding environment. Therefore, the only efficient pathway is moderate use of renewable energy because it is also exploiting the planet in new ways—that are unknown to humanity.

words in precis: 121

words in original paragraph: 347

Q3.

1.

Ans.

Timothy Dexter's rivals advised him to ship coal to Newcastle, England because they wanted to humiliate him for his arbitrate business decisions. ~~However~~, The rivals thought the intended outcome will be massive loss to Dexter. However, Dexter's decisions came out to be beneficial for him unexpectedly.

2.

Ans.

When Dexter transported his coal venture to Newcastle, England, he gained huge success due to the strike of miners that stopped local production of coal. Due to sudden halting of local production, the Newcastle faced shortage of coal. Hence, it transformed, apparently foolish decision of Dexter, into profitable success.

3.

Ans.

In Timothy Dexter's success, the author implies that intelligence is not always the pathway to success. Sometimes, unintelligent decision can prove beneficial as happened in case of Dexter's coal venture.

4.

Ans.

Dexter's repeated success in turning mockery into profit challenged conventional ideas about business wisdom and education ~~because~~ It shows that no one should be disparaged or underestimated because of his random decisions. Sometimes those arbitrate decision can be attributed ~~come out~~ to ~~to~~ be the cause of success.

5

Ans.

Human perceive foolishness as lack of knowledge or education about the business, and they consider geniusness as calculated decisions at each level of life. Dexter's rivals reacted to his achievements expecting that arbitrary decision will produce major loses. However, the preception of rivals proved false in case of Dexter.

Q4.

- iii. The bag was so heavy that I could hardly lift.
- vi. Neither of the two applicants had suitable qualifications.
- vii. Ansan neither wants to study nor want a job.
- i. we accepted their offer on the ground that, "Something is better than nothing".
- iv. She warned me to never point my finger to anyone.

Q5

A.

The prisoner looked through the narrow window and said, "They call this justice, yet I have never been heard". The guard replied softly, "Orders are orders, Sir!". "Freedom isn't decided here!", a journalist outside shouted. The minister claimed, "no one is above the law but who decides what law means when truth is behind bars". The cell fell silent.

The prisoner smiled faintly and whispered, "They can cage a man, but not his conviction!".

B.

i. Tehmina applied to a bank for a loan.

iv. We saw a movie at the theatre.

v. I rowed the boat across the lake.

vii. We all sat at the dinner table.

viii. I ~~sp~~ pushed forward the crowd.

Q7.

Translation

If a professor of Urdu claims that he can completely understand and efficiently discuss Ghalib's poetry, he may be showing his intellectual intelligence. However, if he is asked to write a poetry like that of Ghalib, he becomes helpless completely. It is because summarization and compilation are two different skills. Understanding comes with wisdom and compilation comes with spiritual blessing. Ghalib ~~gained~~ acquired his position not only due to his hardwork, but due to combination of his unique intelligence, compassion, and blessing from God. It is the reason that his poetry^{skill} rules the hearts both in past and present times.