

Question no: 04Part (a):Prepositions :

5. We located the key in the lock.
7. There is a pharmacy near the grocery store.
4. The baby climbed onto the table.
1. The cat jumped onto the counter.
3. He works one job during the day and another at night.

Part (b):Punctuation:

If you look about you and consider the lives of others as well as your own, if you think how few are born with honor and how many die without name or children, how little beauty we see and how few friends we hear of, how many diseases and how much poverty there is in the world, you will fall down upon knees, and instead of repining at one affliction, will admire so many blessings which you have received from the hand of God.

Question no: 04Correction :

2. While waiting for the train, a brick fell on my foot.
3. Although it was raining, we went to the market.
4. This is the unique dress.
7. He needs a case for his everyday activities.
8. It is Nasir and Ali's case.

Question no: 06ii) Setup, Set upon

They setup a new computer in the office.

The thieves were set upon by the guards as they tried to escape.

iii) Restive, Restless

Protesters became restive when the government failed to respond to their demands.

As it was a long journey, the children were restless.

vi) Casual, causal

He wore a casual dress for a meeting.

Stress is a causal factor in many health problems.

vii) Pour, Pore

She poured tea into the cup.
Sweat came out of the pores of his skin
after the run.

v) Yoke, Yolk

She carefully separated the yolk from
the egg white.

The two horses were joined together
by a yoke to pull the cart.

Question no: 07

Translation:

Literature is not merely a game of words but a reflection of human experiences and feelings. Whenever a writer or a poet jot down something, it actually portrays a mirror of its time, and left footprints for the future generation. Our great poets like Ghalib, Iqbal and Faiz are not just poets but they expressed the spirit of civilization through their words. Sadly, the present generation is disconnected from books and mesmerized in the glitter and glamour of social media. If we no longer be able to keep our literary traditions alive, then we will lose our identity. It's the literature which is a bridge to link the past with the present and the present

with the future. Hence, it's the need of the hour to revive the passion of reading among the youth and ^{to} introduce them to our distinguished poets and writers so they remain connected to their roots.

Question no: 03

Comprehension

Part (a) :

The expression "time diseases" indicates that the ailments of our modern civilization that lack biological roots. The underlying causes of time diseases are the noise, bustle and fast paced technological world that have slowed down our natural rhythms. It results in mental instability, stress and physical and mental exhaustion. Thus, these ailments share a common origin in the

Part (b) :

Problems of contemporary society.

Modern man suffers from his time because he is overwhelmed by the noise, bustle and tensions of modern life. On the attainment of goals, he exhausts his body beyond its natural limits. Consequently, he ^{has} lost its inner peace. Further, the loss of spiritual connection with the God results in fear, stress and dissatisfaction.

Part (c) :

The passage suggests that the cure lies in returning to the natural rhythms of life. By setting the biological clock along with restoring spiritual connectivity with God, it is possible to remove stress, moreover, building healthy relations with other people will result in achieving emotional stability.

Part (d) :

The last sentence means that when a person pursues life goals devoid of spirituality and following natural rhythms, it results in life being dominated by fear, stress and material desires. He is unable to strike a balance in his thoughts, actions and feelings. Being emotionally weak, a person loses inner peace and satisfaction a state which is called the splitting of personality.

Question no: 02

Title: Equality in London Society

Precis :

Real societal structure exists only in London where people are valued for their manners, wit and understanding. In provincial towns, a person's wealth, land, and connections determine how he is treated. Resultantly, it creates arrogance and insincere social behavior. Also, judgement is made based on money instead of merit and financial status determines the way a conversation is initiated. However, in London, everyone enjoys his status based on his abilities, not by class or property. In contrast, the province's social structure is dominated by political influence and wealth. Thus, the countryside of London alone offers ^{free society with} in equality and freedom of expression.

Section - I

Synonyms :

Ubiquitous — Present everywhere
 Pernicious — Harmful
 Levitate — Float
 Sibylline — Enigmatic

Date: _____

M T W T F S

macadamized	_____	Graveled
Enthrall	_____	Captivate
Sycophant	_____	Flatterer
Assuage	_____	Allerate
Reticent	_____	Loquacious
Incessant	_____	Persistent

Antonyms :

Magnanimous	_____	Petty
Soporific	_____	Stimulating
Impetuous	_____	Cautious
Onerous	_____	Easy
malleable	_____	Rigid
Innocuous	_____	Harmful
Vacillate	_____	Resolve
Copious	_____	Scarce
Arduous	_____	Effortless
Fallacious	_____	Valid