MOM TUE WED THS FRI SAT · · Date:\_\_/\_\_/20\_\_\_ Part-II duction Amid all tensions between and its proxies against smel and the West, HTS, an Islamist rebellion group toppled Bashars government in Syla. The attacks were days, the group managed Damascus fram Barhar. There were many reasons (internal and external) behind this movemen will have serious implication Syria and the region. causes Towing are the internal behind the downfall

WOM THE WED THE FRI SAT Date:\_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_\_ 2.1.1) lack of military allegiance Assad's Key military affices have lost trust to Al-Tazeeva reports, the military almost turned against Assad. poor counter-measures This resulted 2.1.2) Dependence on military Assad's regime in Syrian civil war mainly depended on foreign fighters. Fatimyun and Tainabun Brigades had more than 20,000 fighters defending Assad's regime Furthermore, Hezbollah also assisted Assad during civil war. 2.1.3) teonomic crisis the post civil war. in 2023, the inflation rose

MON TUE WED THE PRI SAT upto 90% in one year Syria. Employment opportunities were alien concept for the citizene 2.1.4) Assad's cruel dictatorship leading to masses' disengagemen the Synans. During nightmare for government killed almost 500,000 citizens 2.15) lack of support due Assad belonging to a minority Disad belongs to the Alawite tribes of Syria which hardly makes 17 percent of the total population. The yest of population's majority chunk ase Sunnis do not support Assacl 21.6) Lack of intelligence and serveillance on rebel groups The Syrian military west completely unaware of the rebelious morement in the Northern part

Date: \_\_/\_\_/20\_\_\_ Syria. This lack of 2.1.7) Extraordinary of Julani for Eninging extraordingry leadyship together From him, which this big change. 2.1.8) Trained Central HTS recruited trained fighters from Central to Al-Jazeera reports, they assisted local fighters with modern warfare techniques which squashed Syrian military 2.2) External causes

Following are the main

. . Dats: \_\_/\_\_/20\_\_ MON TUE WED THS FRU SAT external causes of Syrian down 2.2.1) Irani proxies involvement with Israel With Gara's Hom invasion by Israel, Ivani proxies had announced Tihad against Israel fatimyun, Zainabyan and Herbollah al The Syrian posts the affacks 2.2.2) Israel's pressure on Iran home lack of support Israel's recurrent three Ivan put ifan on the backfood these - conflicts. This Assad, which eventually strengthened like groups af international 2.2.3) Lack acceptance of Syrian dictatorship recurrent I the

Date:\_\_\_/\_\_/20\_\_\_ powers. They never accepted it as legitimate government 2.2.4) Foreign support to rebellion groups had finencial BBC reports, UKraingan soldier HTS soldier for night worfare techniques. Turkinge and Saudia Avabia also supported
these regiones to mitigate Iranian influence from the region. 3) Implications of 3.1) Implications for Syria with combination than 50 rebellious groups Basherul Assad, these groups will find hard time,

MON TUE WED THE PRE SAT Date: /\_\_\_/20\_ formation of government. Dicording to Mehdi Hassan (a senior journalist), another civil war in Syria. And, secondly, there is a high chance disintegration into Turkish - Syria bufferzone Kurds Plamife) Damaseus Make a link I grall's an exation partial or complete have serious implications for the

Date: \_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_ MON TUE WED THS FRI SAT 3.2) Implications for Turkinge Fall of Assad and & the Turkinge-supported groups are the best scenario for Turkinge However, with all of these have also empowered Wardish forces in Syria. It will have serious implications for Turkingle's internal security issues. 23) Implications for Ds Texael is another part in this situation. It Fall of Assad choked the supply route of Axis of resistance to Hezbollah. Furthermore, Israel's Operation Arrow of Bashan also destroyed military strategic points in Syria which reduced the any future Syrism rioles attack on Israel. Inplications for Sandi-Arabia Saudi-Arabia is another major winner in this conflict. The

OC WED INS FRI SAT of Assad tamed Iranian influence in the region. However, nse y Isis can hreat Saudi Kingdom. serious/4 establishment of government in Syria democratic also be another to Sandi Irabia. fireback 3.5) Implications for Iran Iran in this conflict. It loser the a major ally in segion. Furthermore, its disconnection with Herbollah will empower ibImprove bit of presentation the Leave a space when you are giving a new heading Conclusion Content is fine Fall of Assad regime an unpricedent change in was region. It will affect the of balance on the region the rise of new local power with

Date://20
Q(3)
1) Introduction
SOEs have become
a serious burden on Pakistan's
economy. They are the most inefficient
excessively bureaucrapic in noture.
In the current economic crisis,
the government needs to privatize it stategically to b support
economy of the country
2) Regions for the burden of
Sots on the economy
Inefficiency (Financial losses)
Reasons
Political Excessive Debt bureaucracy burden
influence bureaucracy burden

MON TUE WED THE PRI BAT 2.1) Inefficient mismanagement SOEs are those of most inefficient institutions Dakistan Due to this to prefer parate institutions Corruption, and slow processing are their main functions. 22) Huge Financial losses due irrational practices All of these SOEs have functional cost. Since they produce goods or provide comparative to markets of its functions cost them negatively. For instance, Polistan can cost 1 billion Mill rupees for its a week of its functioning. Political influence costing Vosses SOEs are under huge influence all the time. chairmans or heads Heir Because

Date: \_\_/\_\_/20\_\_\_ They then demand political government.

They then demand political recruitment of individuals to push the institution of towards mefficiency. 2.4) Excessive bureaussatic red-tapism Burcaucrafil red-tapism further exactrbates the functioning of these institutions Due to burden on economy. 2.5) Debt-burden institution due to meffiency These institutions mainly function on substdier Most of the times, they cannot even fulfill their basic needs.

Therefore, government anistance and aid becomes necessary for its functioning. 3) Why should SOEs be privatized? They should be privatized

. . Date: \_\_/\_\_/20\_\_\_ for the following reasons. 3.1) Encuring efficiency in public institutions Private organizations never ask for clientalism or facours, they demand profit. And, for profit an organization needs services. Take for instance, cose of Sprene Air and PIA, Every Pakislani citizen would prefer former over later cost anytime. 3.2) Reducing the fiscal burden According to Dawn reports SOEs' losses aceched mearly 6 trillion rupees in the first six months of 2024. If the government Privatire these Institutions, then they can the burden from fiscal volume. 3.3) Competition and environ: Profits drive private innovation organications. And for gauranteeing

MON TUE WED THE FRU SAT Date: /\_ /20\_ profits, these organizations start competition to maximize their profits. This leads to mnocution in the country, aiding the economy. 3.4) Attracting investments-pouring foreign reserves
These private organizations promote innovation which attract foreign mestment country. Idia's privatization an immitable example. This can aid the foreign reserves of the country. 3.5) Prioritizing main governance functions by governments These debt-ridden institution have disprened successive government Their mfluence have presurized governments to amend their privations will governments to facus on

MOH TUE WED THE PRI SAT governance 4) How SOEs should be privatized? The government can privative 4.1) Gradual transfers by selling shares gradually Pakistan projects purnership this purpose they major Chunk companies share ergan private firms. This gradual the company management team 4.2) transferring the administration to private organizations BOT model com use Build, Transform model

