

SECTION-A

Q.NO.2

C. IMPORTANCE OF RISK

ASSESSMENT IN DRM :

As per UNDRR, disaster risk management is the management of policies and strategies that are used to reduce the risks of existing disasters, and stop the development of new disasters.

Disaster Risk Management (DRM)

is an important phenomena. It helps to assess the existing disasters and new emerging disasters and help to mitigate these risks.

The two types of management
disaster risk
are :

1. PERSPECTIVE DISASTER

RISK MANAGEMENT :

Perspective disaster risk management are the policies and strategies which are used to stop the development of new disasters.

2. CORRECTIVE DISASTER

RISK MANAGEMENT :

Corrective disaster risk management are the policies and strategies that are used to reduce the risks of existing disasters.

a. IGNEOUS ROCKS AND

METAMORPHIC ROCKS :

IGNEOUS ROCKS :

Igneous rocks are the type of rocks which have layered.

Igneous rocks are of two types:

- a. Intrusive rocks
- b. Extrusive rocks

METAMORPHIC ROCKS:

Metamorphic rocks are the rocks which may or may not have layers.

b. SMOG :

Smog is a phenomenon which occurs due to air pollution.

As per National Atmospheric and Oceanic Administration, smog is the result of air pollutants i.e. CO and SO.

These air pollutants produced by human activities such as transportation, industrial waste and

incomplete combustion of fuel
due to lack of oxygen.
These mix pollutants so
with atmospheric and result
oxygen and as
a result smog occurs.

d.

SHORT SIGHTEDNESS :

Short sightedness is
a phenomenon in which
one can not see
the clear image of object
at nearer distance due
to the weakness of
retina.

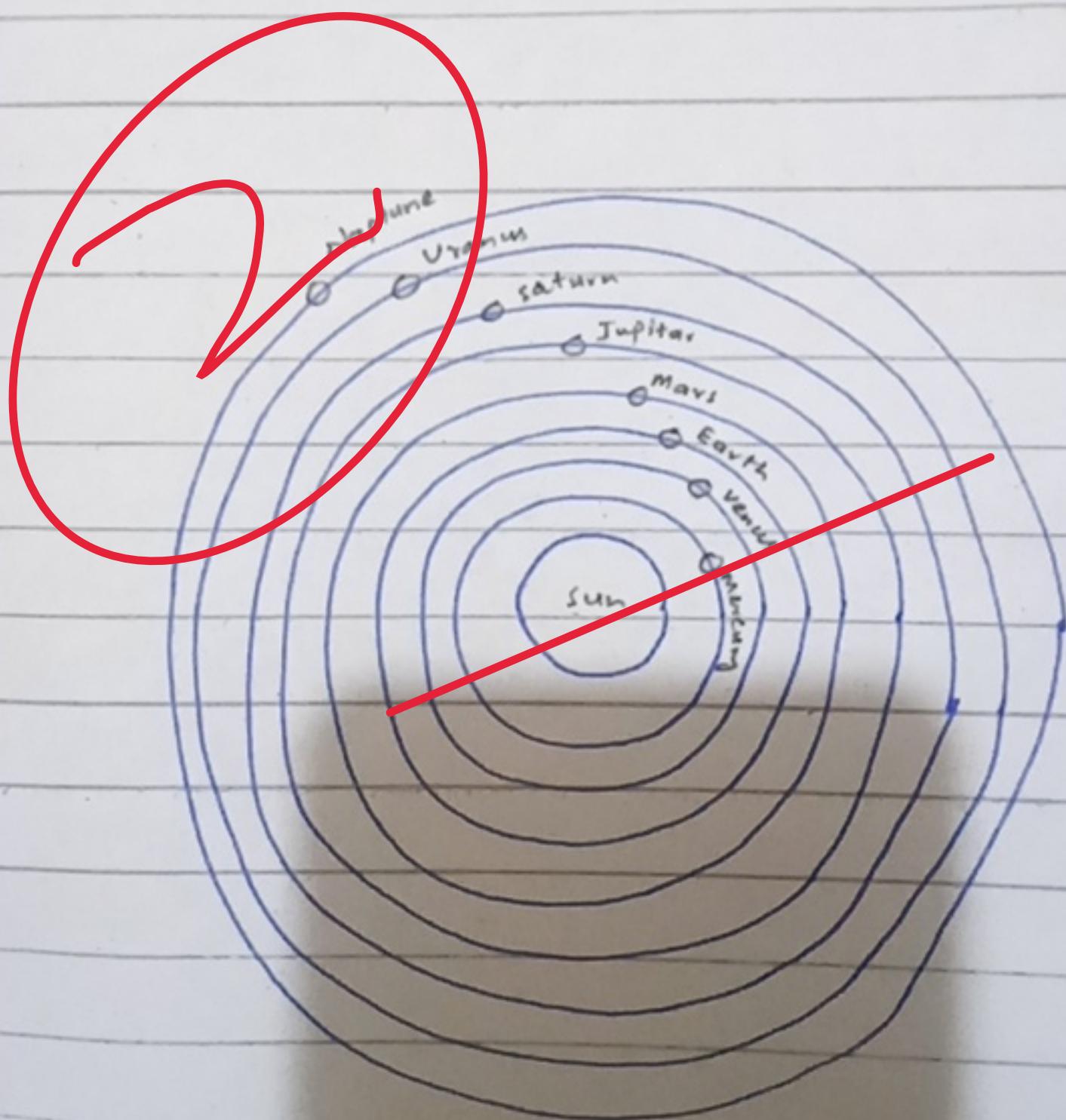
FAR SIGHTEDNESS :

Far sightedness is
a phenomenon in which
one can not see
the clear objects at
far distance.

Q. NO. 4.

SOLAR SYSTEM:

Solar system consist
of one sun and eight
planets i.e.: Mercury, Venus, Earth,
Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune



SECTION - B

Q. NO. 07:

b.

A told B that C
is his father's nephew. It
means C is cousin of
A.

D is A's cousin but
not the brother of C.
It means D is sister
of C.

Hence D and C
are siblings

c.

iv. 13, 24, 46, 90, 178, —

Ans:

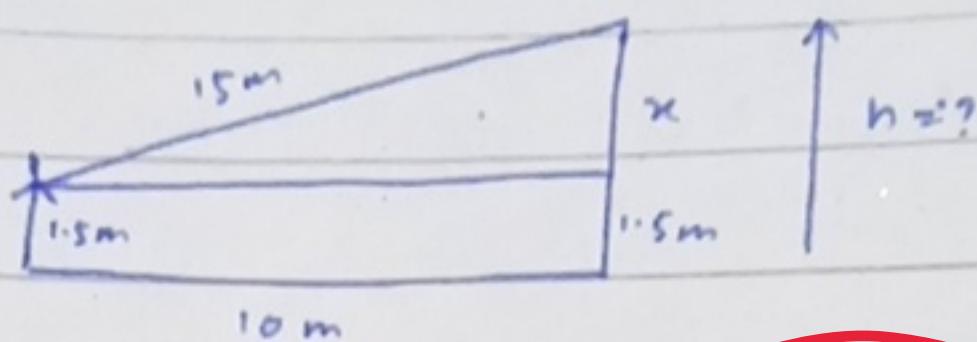
13, 24, 46, 90, 178, 354

i. 4, 18, —, 100, 180, 294, 448

Ans:

4, 18, 52, 100, 120, 294, 448

Q. NO. 08:



According to Pythagoras Theorem.

$$(15)^2 = (10)^2 + (x)^2$$

$$225 = 100 + x^2$$

$$x^2 = 225 - 100$$

$$x^2 = 125$$

$$x = 5\sqrt{5} \text{ m}$$

$$h = x + 1.5 \text{ m}$$

$$h = 5\sqrt{5} + 1.5 \text{ m}$$

Ans

Improve content

Make headings in the answers

Keep length of all questions

equal

Understand the question
carefully

Draw flow charts

Use scientific terminologies

Use scientific examples

Follow step by step method for
maths problems

The answers are insufficient to
fulfill the required criteria of the
question and marks.

Work hard.