

Q. NO. 05

~~INTRODUCTION:~~

The relations between Pakistan and Afghanistan has seen many ups and downs. As both are neighbouring countries their relations strained due to the infiltration of Afghans led TTP infiltrators into Pakistan. Despite significant diplomatic efforts peace could not develop rather a decrease in escalation has been witnessed. Now, the situation has been changed and both the countries need relationships based on the economic nature. As Pakistan is grappling with macroeconomic challenges and Afghanistan requires more economic aid so there is a dire need of better relations based on Economy rather than security.

**ANALYSIS OF SITUATION
OF PAK-AFGHAN RELATIONS
LEADING TO ECONOMIC
NATURE:**

1. Both countries are grappling with microeconomic challenges
2. Pakistan and Afghanistan knew that security challenges can be over-come by economic cooperation
3. Markets on Borders will provide resistance to infiltration
4. Growing influence of non-Governmental organisations in Afghanistan and Pakistan
5. International diaspora putting pressure to solve security concerns
6. Security challenges are the major hindrance to the foreign direct investment

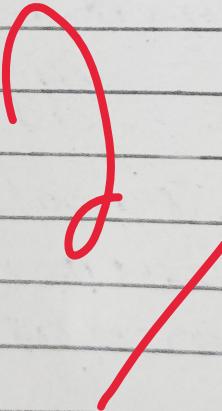
WAY FORWARD TO OVERCOME THE CHALLENGE

CRÉS:

1. Promote border Management through Proper fencing.
2. Encourage cultural exchanges

and people to people cooperation

3. Support Diplomatic Efforts to build peace
4. Promote and Encourage Economic linkages
5. Use OIC and SCO to put pressure on Afghanistan to build peace



Q. No. 04

INTRODUCTION:

Climate change is a universal phenomenon but it has been affecting Pakistan disproportionately. This phenomenon is not only posing threat to the environment but also to the economic security of Pakistan. Owing to this threat Pakistan is not taking effective steps to counter this. Like population of Pakistan is growing at a rapid rate of 1.85% which is highest in the region. This population explosion is the main driver of climate change. In addition to this Pakistan is not taking mitigation steps to counter the climate induced disasters. That's why the climate change is becoming more intense. However, by initiating population control awareness campaigns and climate induced infrastructure the disastrous effects can be controlled.

EFFECTS OF UNCONTROLLED POPULATION ON CLIMATE CHANGE:

1. Population Explosion leading to more Emissions from Vehicles
2. Population pressure putting strain on the natural resources
3. Population Growth Creating more Domestic waste
4. High population is a contributing factor to increased usage of Industrial things
5. High population leads to inefficient distribution of Resources

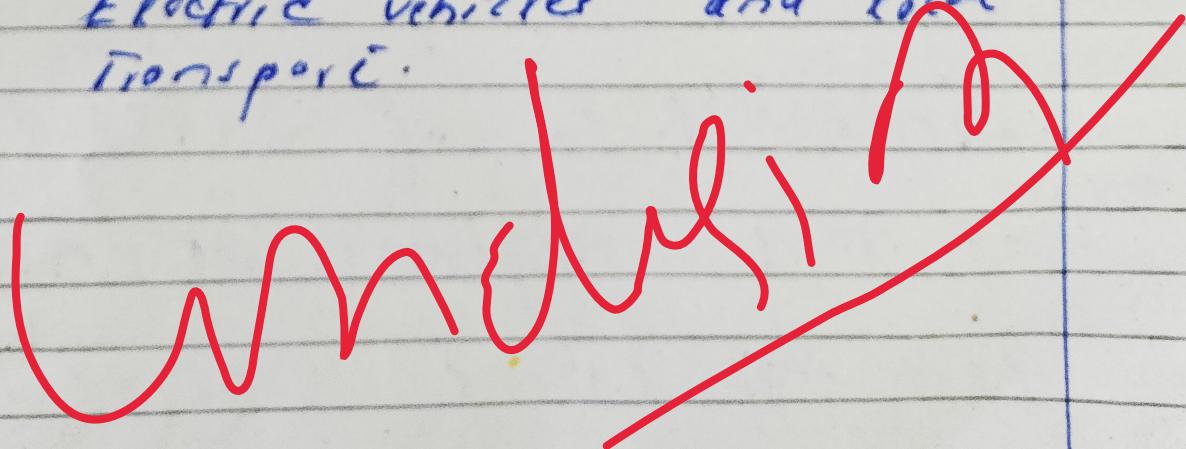
Effects of Improper Mitigation Strategies on Environment & Economy:

1. Improper mitigation strategies leads to climate vulnerable infrastructure
2. Improper mitigation strategies pose more harm to agro-fields

3. Improper climate mitigation strategies put strain on the rehabilitation efforts

WAY FORWARD TO CONTROL CLIMATE CHANGE:

1. Introduce climate resilience Agricultural varieties
2. Promote campaigns about Rehabilitation efforts
3. Introduce climate resilience infrastructure
4. Promote the use of recommended quality fuel in vehicles
5. Encourage the use of Electric vehicles and local Transport.



Q. no. 08

INTRODUCTION:

26th Constitutional Amendment has been passed in October 2024, aiming to balance the parliamentary powers with the judicial independence. Certain principles passed in the 26th amendment are considered to increase the parliamentary oversight over judicial independence. However, due to the vague process of implementation and the lack of political will and political interference in judiciary are some of the hindrances in the true implementation of the newly passed amendment.

~~HOW THE AMENDMENT
WILL BALANCE JUDICIAL
INDEPENDENCE AND PARLIAMENTARY
OVERSIGHT?~~

1. Amendment will increase the parliamentary oversight on judicial appointment.

2. judiciary's decisions will not be politicized
3. Security of tenure will enhance judicial confidence

~~CHALLENGES inimple menting 26th Amend~~

1. lack of clear Mechanism of implementation
2. Lack of Political will
3. Judicial independence can be compromised
4. Absence of broad consensus on Political parties

Q. NO. 07

INTRODUCTION:

Pakistan is a semi-industrialized country. The industrial products depend on the raw material produced by agriculture sector. While the agricultural sector is facing enormous challenges ranging from the availability of seeds to the inefficient machinery and inadequate infrastructure to reach out to the industry. All these inefficiencies in agricultural sector is a major hindrance to the industrial productivity. However, by linking industrial and agricultural link and promoting the standardized production of raw materials the industrial production can be increased and Pakistan can become an industrialized country.

PROBLEMS IN AGRICULTURAL SECTOR WHICH

are having negative effects
on INDUSTRIAL SECTOR

1. Less availability of standard quality seeds.
2. Inefficient irrigation practices.
3. Lack of control on the deadly Diseases.
4. Traditional farm Machinery and practices.
5. Charged weather patterns due to climate change.
6. Sowing of soil extensive varieties.

WAY FORWARD TO OVERCOME THE CHALLENGE:

1. Make sure the timely availability of quality seeds.
2. Introduce climate resilient varieties.
3. Take care the availability of Modern farm machinery.
4. Improve the infrastructure to timely availability of raw material.

1. Both countries are grappling with micro-economic challenges
2. Pakistan and Afghanistan knew that security challenges can be over-come by economic co-operation
3. Markets on Borders will provide resistance to infiltration
4. Growing influence of Non-Governmental Organizations in Afghanistan and Pakistan
5. International diaspora putting pressure to solve security concerns
6. Security challenges are the major hindrance to the foreign direct investment

WAY FORWARD TO OVERCOME THE CHALLENGE

CRÉS:

1. Promote border Management through proper fencing.
2. Encourage cultural exchanges

General instructions for attaining good marks in Pakistan affairs paper

Important Note:

Marks would be given on the following parameters

a- Content 60% References 15% Subject specific language 15% Graphs and charts 10%

Add 12-13 headings in each question

For Pakistan affairs history part, add past events to justify answer especially for the nationalism and Muslim foundation question

Add Constitution and articles number, whenever you are attempting constitutional amendments question

the questions carry 3-4 parts... each part has equal weightage so discuss all equally

Give examples from present events to justify answers for contemporary question

Give attractive introduction and Conclusion as well

always give headings from the question statement.. take words from the statement

link each of the argument to the asked part in the question... if you fail to do so, no matter how accurate content is, if your heading is not aligned with what is asked in the question, it won't be accurate

Good Luck