Part-II	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
General Knowledge-II	
Curreya A Cairs	
Q.102	
The HTS Islamic reloels have toppeded down	
Bashaque Assad regime in Egnic	
x-Introduction:	
The toppling of Bashar al-Assad's regime	
by Hayat Tahir al-Shams (HTS) represent	\$
a significant shift in synan points	
and military trajectory. This divelopment	
while Signalling the end of decades of	
authoritarian rule, raises pressing	2.00
questions about the stability, governance	
and implications of Islamier dominance	
in syna; Background thistory of the Conflic	#
Bashar al-Assad care into power in Syria	1.5
in 2000 after his father. Hafez al Assad's dec	ith, who
became the president of Syria in 1971 and	-
ruled until 2000. Assad followed his	
father's footsteps and developed an authori-	
tanan Rule in Syria for more than two	
decades. This resulted in the Syrian Civil	
war in 2011 after proclemocracy protests	
Swept through Syria during the Avab Spring	1
threatening the Rule of Syrian President Bashar AL Assard. His voicent Suppression	1
of profestors escalated into war between	1
Assads forces and opposition vuilities.	`
=> you did the Synan Civil war begin?	
50m 2006 to 2010, Syria Suffered its	
worst drow ponotriaise aboutstion	

combined effects of the drought and preexisting economic disparities under the Assad's regime contributed to the first. non-voilent pro-reform protest in act, riding the unvery Arab Spring uprisings. Divisions between the wuntry's Sunni majority and the ruling Mawire elice were also a factor. Busharts harch nullilary crosedown escalated tensions, and by september 2011 the peaceful process turned into an armed emen-insurgency. opposition nuitions began to form in 2011, and by 2012 the conflict had expanded into a full-fledged civil war. In late November 2024, as the government's support from military allies collapsed it was unable to stave off a rapid offensive by oposition forces and on december 8 Assad fled the wuntry. and the HIS fook coarrol of Damascus, the Syrian capital opposition forces announced their victory on state television and Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs confirmed Assads resignation and his departure from Syria.

Reasons for Assad's Rigime fall: 1. Prolonged Civil war and Justitutional weakening:

7 A decade of confact: The Syrian civil war (2011-2023) depleted The Assad's regime resources, devastated infrastructure and fostered widespread public dissatisfaction.

· Economic collapse:

comptions, war-driven distriction and comption left syrian elonomy in Shambles evoling the regime's legitimacy.

- 2. HTS's smalegic and Military Tactics:

 HTS and other opposition forces backed by western powers such as Us and Cremany and local support from Turkey, sordar Israel and Soud-Brabia has utilized their
 - · Guerrilla Warfare Tactics
 - · Territorial dominance

3. Public discontent and Regime Brutaling.
Human Rights Voilation

Assad in his more than two decades rule.

Killed, tortured disposemed and excited million of its people. Widespread reports of use of chamical weapons, indiscriminate bonding and dibitrary detentions alienated the population.

· Faired Governance

Assad ruled as an absolute dictator whose dis-interest in public gnevances, coupled with nepotism and comption, fueled resulment among the resple.

4. Peclining International Support: Iran and Russia have suffered a tramatic loss of influence in Syna and the region as a result of wars in Middle East and Ukraine, making it rapossible to some Assad in 2024 as they did in 2014-15. Turkey Seems to have a winning strategy in syria, opposing mad while negotiating with its backers, hosting refugees, Supporting the opposition politically and Missedimportant pointage in the region. Discuss your paper in tutorist factions: HTS emerged as a disciplined, organized entity compared to pragmented opposition groups (YPG and IKK), gaining local and international recognition as a key player. Implications of HTS's victory: · Regional Implications The fall of Assad's Regime has completely disrupted the influence of Iran and hezbollah, which has heavily supported and depended on Arradis Regime. It will also decrease, sectarian tensions, reducing the risk of regional spillover conflicts. · Power vacción in syria: could create regional instability and risk of Syria becoming a field for regional competition over hegemony, porentially creating more chaos and empowering extremist groups· Geopolitical Shift: Runia's loss of a Key ally in the region reduces in middle taster influence while the US and twope must calibbale their counter-termsom snarques in the region Fact of Anad's brued regime is a water-Shed manard in Syrials history, signifying the end of decade of authoritarion rule but also a concal period of uncertainty and poleunal uncertanity instability. thesis accedancy poses significand challenges for governance estability and regional Security with implications. Loupre housive interportional engagment and confuct resolution Stratigies are the med of the hour to prevent Syria following into depths of desim from now work with regional players like. Turkey to engage diplomatically towards a sable and inclusive governance mode meet contributes lowerds region's stability. Imbalance answer Add more implications DATE: __/_/__

QNO	3 State owned enterprises have been a	
	luge and persistent burden	_
-	why and how they should be privitized?	, 3,
-	,	
	State Owned Enterprises (SOEs)	
	SOES in pakisian have historially	_
	contributed towards economic activity	_
	but over time many of these entitles	
	have become inefficient and los-mak	ing -
	ventures, posing a persistent strain on	
	national budget. With marrive losses	
	mismanagment out fiscal deficit	
	the prilitization of these sots is an	-
	imperative step towards economic	11
	Stabilisation and efficiency.	
	To de al CATA Pakistanda Francisco	-
	The Burden of SOEs on Pakistan's Economy	-
	Almost 100 state owned enterprises users granted a bailout package	
	of 1 Trivion PKR. Most prominent of	
	tuese SOES are NHA? Railways,	1
	PIA, Pakistan Post, Discos, National	
	Steels Mill etc-	
	To the and of line and u. PIA was	
	facing about 400 Billion PKR Loan. Subsidies à about 6.0 Billion PKR were	
	Subsidies à about 60 Bitlion PKR were	
	graved to it in 2023 zy. whereas	
	gravied to it in 2023 zy. whereas Subsidies of about 80 Billion PKR.	
	to NHA, 35 Billion PKR to Kailways,	1
	100 Billion to NSM and & 200 Billion	
	PKR to Discos in fiscal year 2024-25-	
	,	

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largest amount was pard to OESCO and	
VESCO.	
Righte Socialist government of 1970s in	
pakislan, majority q the enterprises	
were Narionalized, but in 1990s	-
mayoning of the industries were	
printized once again including	
textile, automobile, sports, leather	
and electrical under the SME	
derelopment Anthority.	
Today almost all SOES are indebted,	
PKR 1 TRILLION is annually injected	
to bail them out	-
Reasons	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1) inefficiency & Mismanagment:	
overstating due to political appointments	
and a lack of accountability results in	
and a lack of accountability results in	
overstating due to political appointments and a lack of accountability results in approximal inefficiency. Poor governance and out dated technology hinder	
overstating due to political appointments and a lack of accountability results in approximal inefficiency. Poor governance and out dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities	
overstaffing due to political appointments and a lack of accountability results in approximal inefficiency. Poor governance and cut dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market.	
overstaffing due to political appointments and a lack of accountability results in appearinal inefficiency. Poor governance and out dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market: 2) Fiscal Pressure on Budget:	
overstaffing due to political appointments and a lack of accountability results in approximal inefficiency. Poor governance and cut dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market: 2) Fiscal Pressure on Budget: Government's subsidies to support SOES	
overstaffing due to political appointments and a lack of accountability results in and cut dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market: 2) Fiscal Pressure in Budget: Government's subsidies to support SOES combute Significantly to budget deficit	
overstatting due to political appointments and lack of accountability results in and cut deted technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market: 2) Fiscal Pressure on Budget: Government's subsidies to support SOES combute Significantly to budget deficit increasing public debt.	
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overstaffing due to political appointments Conda lack of accountability results in optiational inefficiency. Poor governance and cut dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market: 2) Fiscal Pressure in Budget: Government's subsidies to support Sots combute Significantly to budget deficit increasing public debt. 3) lack of Innovation and Competitiveness Blate control discourages innovation and	
overstaffing due to political appointments and a lack of accountability results in appearinal inefficiency. Poor governance and cut dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market 2) Fiscal Pressure on Budget: Government's subsidies to support SOES combute Significantly to buolget deficit increasing public debt. 3) lack of Innovation and Competitiveness Brate control ascourages innovation and fails to foster competition, leading to	
overstaffing due to political appointments Conda lack of accountability results in optiational inefficiency. Poor governance and cut dated technology hinder productivity, making these entities unable to compete in the market: 2) Fiscal Pressure in Budget: Government's subsidies to support Sots combute Significantly to budget deficit increasing public debt. 3) lack of Innovation and Competitiveness Blate control discourages innovation and	

& why Privitization is necessary?	
-> Reduction of Fiscal Defect:	
1 Trillion PKR would be saved every	
year, reducing the burden in national	
exchequer, allowing fiscal space for	
du elopment priorities.	
- state expenses would be reduced	
by a Trillion PKR every year.	
-> State would acquire lener bans	
at least by 1 Trillion per gear.	
- It would help improvement in	
state's performance.	
=> Attarcting FDI (Foreign Direct	
Investment):	·
This would inchwurage Priestment from	
from toreign investors not only	
bringing capital but expertise,	
technology and innovation, improvi	ig
the service dulivery.	0
=> Growth & Job creation:	
a competitive private sector encourages	
economic growth, realing enployment oppuranines and contributing to	
oppuranines and contributing to	
601	
& How to Privitize SOEs?	
SUES LIKE NHA, Railways and PIA	
Should be privitized at top priority.	36.
At number two all Discos and then	

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The question has 3 parts NSM. But this shoulddofaltere in a comprehensive way. first the financial health, liabilines and operational Cyficiency of SOEs forsey should be Evaluated to set beuchmark for printization. A phosed approach should be accepted by starting with non-spacegic sets and then gradually mariner forwards larger entities to ensure smooth transition. Involving repulable international firms and militors to ensure technology transfer and adherence to global best practices Employees nelfare should be protected with Golden hand Shake? by offering compensation, retraining or redeployment programs. Pakistan's SOEs have become a burden on economy due to their mefficiency and minganagement. Privitization is +0 canance productivity and service derivery However successful printization requires strategic ransparent and praied approach backed by regulatory reforms and public awarness. Through. this pakistan can hansform its loss making SDES into drivers of economic growth & Siability.

PERFECT	OME: // /	New Property
- QNO	5 Dollar and SWIFT being used as a	
	weapon by us against the countries	
	q-ine Global South Critically evaluate	
Marie and the second second	how BRICS+ could	
Water Street Control of Control o	The united states has used the dollars	
	dominance in global trade and the	
_	SINIFT financial messaging system as	
	insnument of geopolitical leverage,	
	Often imposing Sanctions or financial	,
_	restrictions on courmos in the Global	
	South. This has treated economic	
-	vidnarabilines for these nations?	
-	prompting the rise of alternatives	
	like Bilost (Brazil, Ruxia, India,	
	clina, south Africa and their expanded	d .
	members), BRICS+ SECK to Counter-	
	balance Wester financial exploitation	
	and establish a more equitable	
	international financial system.	
	Dollar and SWIFT as Tool of Westren	
	leverage:	
	2. Dollar Dominance	
	The is dollar is the world's primary	
	resome currency accounting for	
	ever 60:1- of global reserve and trade	
	settlement. Dollar reliance exposes	,
	nations to Us sanctions, as transaction	>
	denominated in dollars often pars	
	through Us financial institutions.	
7	,	

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SWIFT'S Role 2. The Us and its allies leverage SWIFT to exclude targeted countries e.g Ivan Rusia) from the gubal financial System, crippling their economies. Global South's vidnerabilities: Economies in the Global South depend on dollar-denominated rade and foreign exchange reserves. Sudden Sanctions or Anancial isolatron descabilize these economies, hindering growth and development. How BRICS+ an counter Dollar and SWIFF Hegemony The wester dominated Breton woods System had systematic shortcomings due to its inability to avoid financial (Asian financial crisis of 1997 and Global financial cricis 2003) as well as its unability to doliver to changing dynamics like un releasing climate change, extreme inequality between global North and global south and economic and geo-political changes. BRICS is an inticuted initiative to counter Wesken economic System. BRICS want

want to make a democratic transition to counter Us Dollar negemony by introducing an atternate currency intrative also known as BRICS pay. BRICS pay is a planned decembralised and independent payment messaging mechanism system for BRICS nations to trade with each other through their own currencies. BRICS day was first introduced in 2018, as a way for the developing ration to better trade with each other, not in we yet. · Developing Alternative Payment System Russia's SPFS (system for transfer for financial messages) and clima's (cross-Border Interbank payment system), BRICS can integrate these systems into a unified network for secure, SWIFT independent transactions. Encouraging bilateral and multipateral trade settlements in local unrency leg yuan). This would support growth and devolopment. For example Russia is -lacing sanctions due to its war against ukraine Using a variety of currencies in its foreign transaction may make it casier to get around these sanctions.

· Strengthening BRICS Bank: In response to the contemporary financial architecture (CFA), Brics introduced and atternative financial architecture. It created a New Development Bank (NDB) parallel to the world bank. Increasing tunds for BRICS+ projects in local currencies can foster development without wesnen financial constraint · Promoting De-Dollarization Globally:

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	inclaparating with other Global South
	nations can diversify reserve into gold yuan or othe regional currencies. The
	vuon or othe regional currencies The
	five additional members KSA, Iran
	VAE, Egyptand ethopia broaden the
	sphere of BRICS making it even
	more power as it now holds 28%.
	of the Global GDP with economy of
	3 28.5 Talling generative additional
	52.6 Trillion in GDP With the addition
	of Arab counties, the bloc accounts for
	more than 43% of global oil production
	Conclusion:
	Dollar and SWIFT being used as a
	neapon by Us against the countries of
	the Global South. BRICst is a powerful
	counter weight that has chairanged
	the western Hegemony and exploitations
	on permanent basis, by offering an
	artemative financial system, fostering
	Total currency and evonomic cooperation.
	unité challanges femain, a coordinated
	and suspensed effort by BRICS+ Can
-	pare to more equirable global financial
	cicles
-	Increase facts
	Improve presentation
1	

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0.4	
Russia-China Relations	
The relationship between ching and	
Runia has undergone significant	
hansformation in recent years, driven	
by their mutual ambition to counter	
Us led International order and re-shape	
the global balance of power. As the	
nations complete 75 years of diplomatic	
relations in 2024, their coorperation	
has empanded across exonomic.	
Sparegic and geo-political collaboration	m·
US-Led Liberal World Order:	
The lineral international world order	
was established after world War II;	
with us assuming a crucial leadership	
role. As per liberal school of thought this	
System was multi-faceted and focused	
or economic openess (establishment of	
world trade organisation), mutilateral	
institutes (United nations, IMF and	
WB) security coorperation (NATE)	
and democratic Solidarity. The Us dollar	
was established as the world's reserve	
currency and this provided the	
foundation for America's leadership	
role in luterioral system. The US-	
led world order has undergone	

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many suifts after world war 11. America			
has been constrained to a certain execut			
by the bipolarity of the cold war Era. The			
balance of power provided a degree of			
order and stability in bipolar world.		e	
But the disintegration of of USSR, the		ron	
cold was came to an end and America!		ge	
position as global Hegemon was comeute	(han	S
internationally. From end of cold war			
until 2016, the liberal ingenational			
order is dominated by America and			
its we snew allies interferring in inverted			
affairs of other wurnes the give of			
Responsibility to Prosect! doctine.			
		1;	
Russia-China Collaboration:			
1 Economic Collaboration:		ok'	
a. Bilateral Trade and Energy Coorperation:		1	
· Russia and china have deepened		0	
bilateral ries, trade exceeding 1200 Billi	m ·	5.	
annually, driven by evergy exports			
from humia and manufactured goods			
from china. Key projects, such as Power		Cal	
of Siberia gas pipeline, enhance		,	
interpendence and secure+ climals			
energy needs while diversifying.			
Runia's exports.		1	
· when is imposed Sanctions on Runia			
after ukraine war, china was the			
biggest import of Russia oil and gas			
11 Orange of the second of the	<u>II.</u>	(Y)	

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Russia supplied 19-87. in the first 10 months of 2024. · Economic Institutions: collaboration within frameworks like the BRICS and the Shangai Coorperation organization (SCO) serve to challange westren-dominated financial institutions like IMF and the world Bank. · Intratives such as the BERCS, New development bank (NDB) aim to provide aliemaine to us-centric Eunonic system. 2. Strategic and Military Coorperation: · Noint military Exercises and Arms Trade and 'peace mission', reflect growing military interoperability and signal to the west their ability to coordinate defense effors. · Russia remains a major supplier of advanced weapons to clana, bolstening Beijing's military modernization efforts. b. Opposition to US Military Alliances Russia and ching has often opposed Us-led alliances like NATO and AUKUS-Russia Ukraine war one of the reason

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CAL CALL	because NATO was expanded its wing	
	around its easten corner, Ukraine wanted	
	to become member of NATO, withmately	
	Russia adacking ukraine.	
day nobas sanghadan anan a	. Similarly Us millary alliances in	
graph of the states and definition in the said	South east Asia and its bases in	
	taiwan has imposed threat to Russia	
and the second	cuma, Both has frequently wordinated	
way a second to the face black of the feet	in the United Nations to block	,
	resolutions undermining their sovereign	uty.
-	3. Geopolitical Collaboration:	
	Russa and china has both joined	
	had to coulder Us hegemony and	,
	advocated for a multipolar world	
	order, challenging the wapolar	
	dominance of Us.	
	· One major alliance is the formation of	
	BRICS+ and its expansion, aimed	
	not only for economic collaboration	
	but goopolitical alliance.	
	· China launched its BRI expanding	
	its global foot print.	·
	Ontour interest of the state of	
	Potential challanges and limitation:	
	The US and its alies are strengthing!	
	Quad, G-7, D8, AUKUS, to courter	
	Quad, G-1, D-8, AURUS, to courter	

General	instructions for Where is the
attaining	good marks in current challenge
affairs	, vviite now this t
	la reconnect to clumpal BRI. Us has
Importan	LEASTER IMPORTAL BEN PLONOMIC
Morkow	Note: to provide wuchallenging US
IVIAIKS W	t/Note: challenging US buld be given on the order in 67
TOHOWING	parameters
a- Conte	nt 60% Referencesa china parnership
15% Sul	ject specific language ange to the vs
15%. Gr	aphs and charts 10% Their shared
	world of multipolar world, under-
Add 12-1	3 headings inceaching economic, snates
question	and appointical willaboration, seeks
	to muter balance westen hegemony
the ques	tions carry 3 ha success of this challenge
each par	t has parallalation and the form
	Merrica corrergence resign
	external pressures and sustain long-
Give exa	mples from present
events to	justify answers
	Justily allowers
Civo ottr	active introduction and
Conclusi	on as well
	ive headings from the
	statement take
words from	m the statement
-	
link each	of the argument to
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