

Q1

Pakistan's Political culture is marred with extreme polarization. Explain and suggest remedies.

## PAKISTAN'S POLITICAL CULTURE: EXTREMELY POLARIZED

Pakistan's political culture has been cultivated with dishonest, unfair, & corrupt leaders and political parties. The feudalists in their political system have been working for their personal interests since the inception of Pakistan and still this trait is inherited to the present feudal lords.

Dynastic politics is the seed of Britishers which is getting nourished in Pakistan from its birth till date. All these factors have caused polarization in Pakistan's political landscape, making governance, check and

Balance, law and order,  
accountability and transparency  
difficult and impractical. Proper  
steps to counter polarisation is needed  
that would make Pakistan a prosperous  
country.

## POLARISATION:

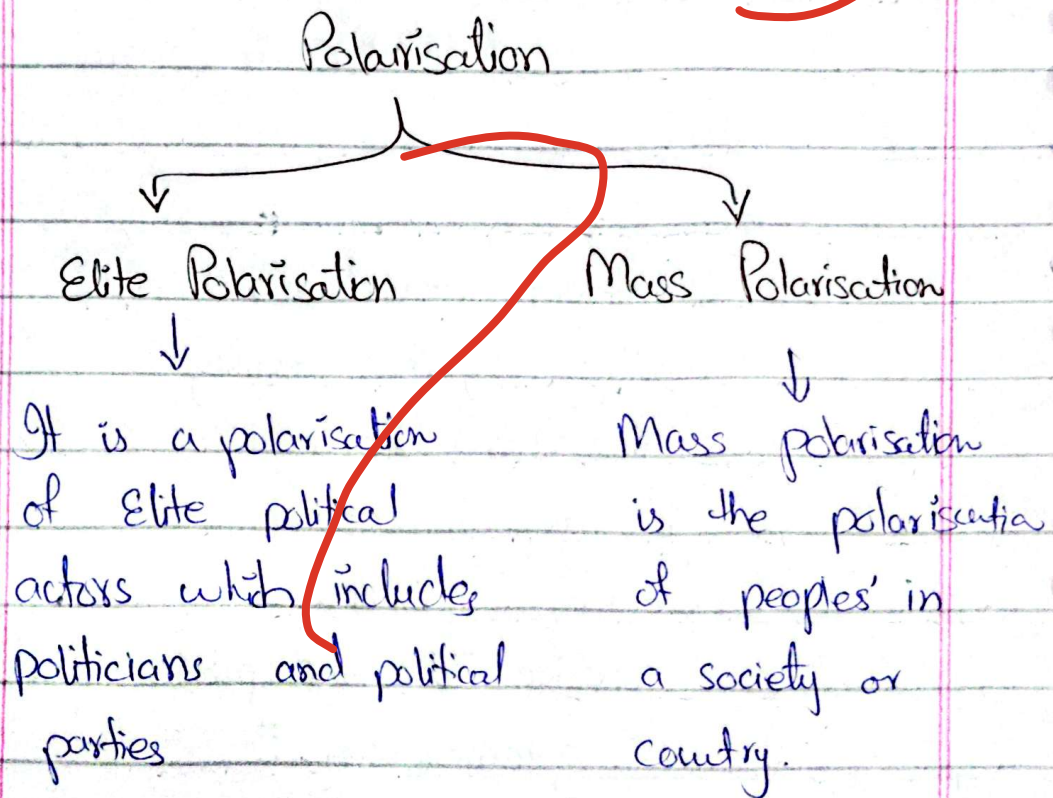
Polarisation can  
be stated as

"Different interests and  
priorities of the governing  
parties and the opposition  
in government, which  
weakens political  
cohesion in the public  
and government."

Political parties have different interests  
during their reign and public  
demands are different. Every  
political party works to get

maximum benefit during its period of governance and manipulates people that they are working for the benefit of its people and country.

## TYPES OF POLARISATIONS



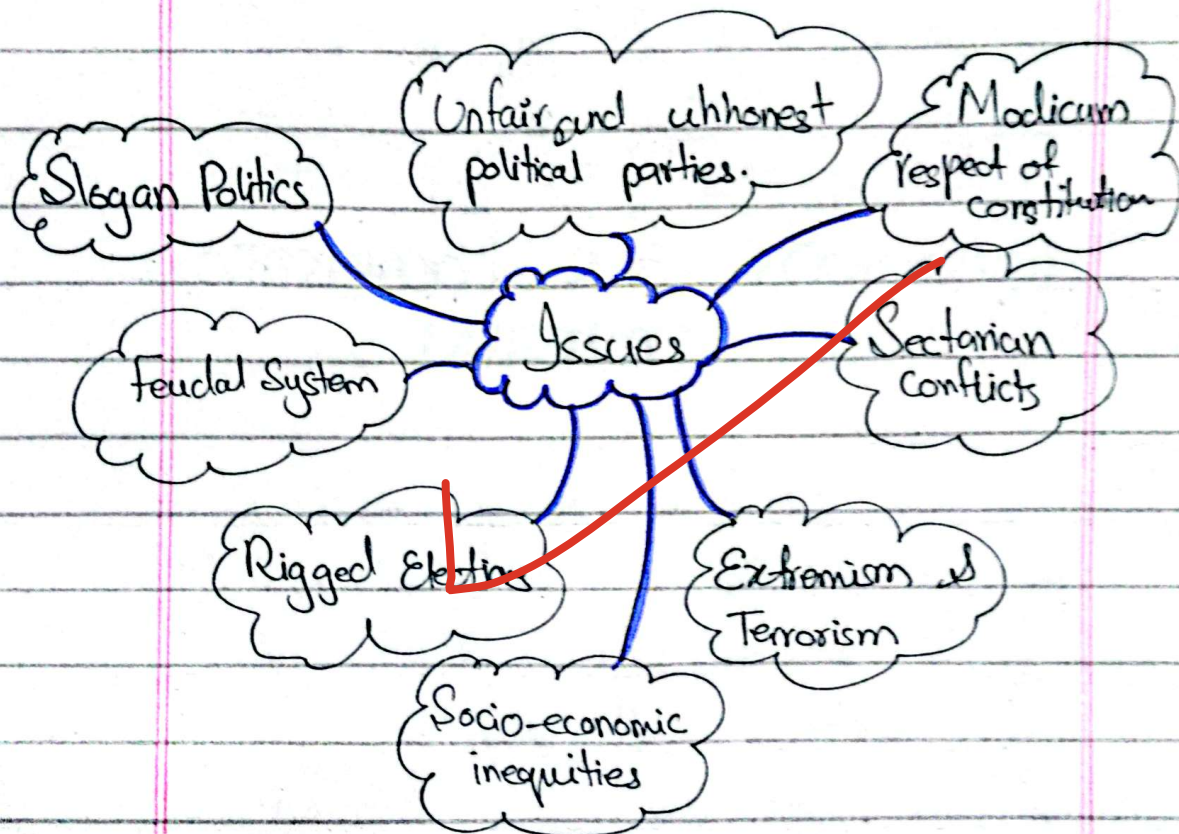
Polarisation is not detrimental always. If the polarisation is for the betterment and prosperity of its people, then polarisations

can serve its country with honesty & best outcomes. But in Pakistan, polarisation is based on personal gains or abusing opposition which has no end except a blame-game.

## GROUNDINGS FOR POLARISATION IN PAKISTAN

In contemporary world, political polarisation revolves around the consensus of political parties in Pakistan. Political parties instead of having a common ground to debate on for Pakistan and its people, always resist each others opinions and recommendations. Political parties have multiple issues on which they work as rightees and leftees. For instance, consensus upon national budget, employment etc.

# ISSUES OF POLARISATION IN OUR POLITICAL CULTURE



## Unfair and Corrupt Parties

In Pakistan, Political parties are often corrupt and unreliable. Politics are just done for personal motives rather for public interest. According to World Bank report

Pakistan is 140<sup>th</sup> country out of 148<sup>th</sup> countries in the world in Corruption. Such an index has destroyed Pakistan's image globally.

Maximum Respect for Constitution  
By the Politicians

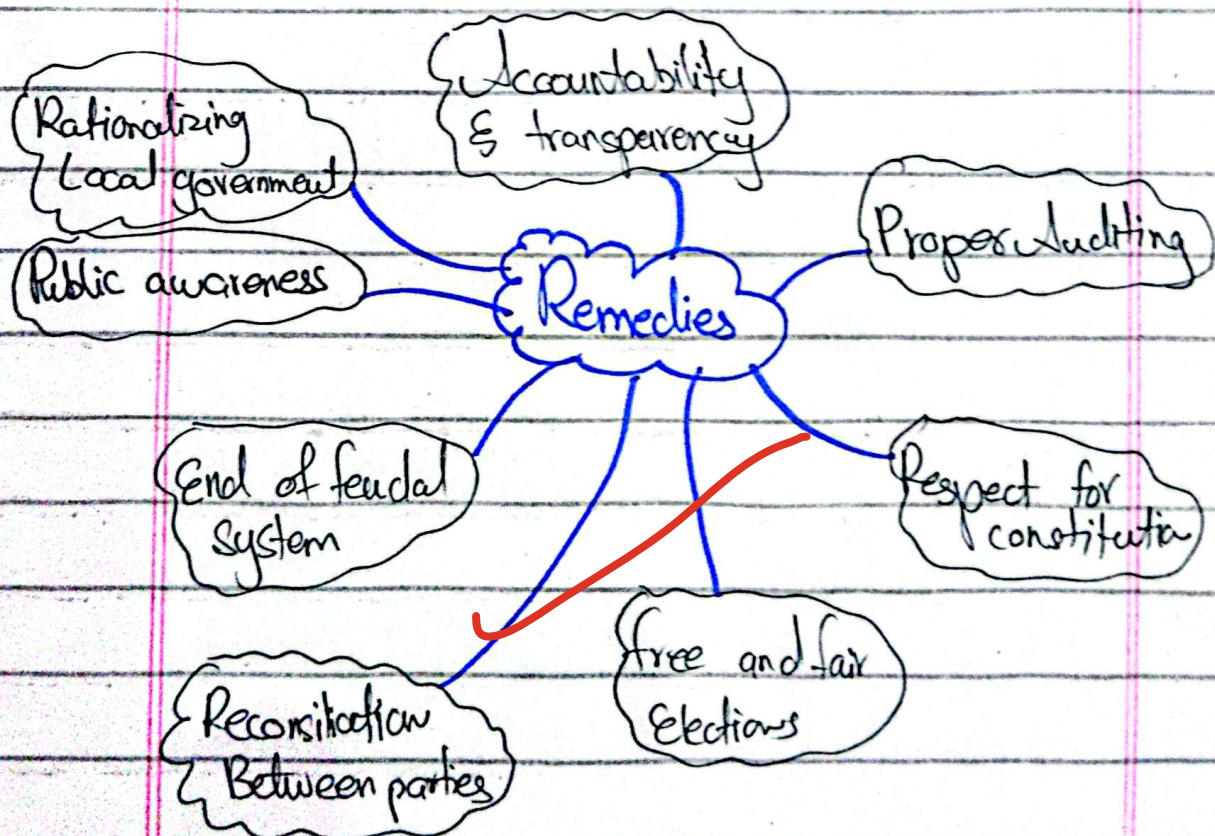
Political Parties do not respect and follow the constitution of Pakistan. Although initially Pakistan faced huge constitutional gap of making a proper draft yet after 1973 constitution and after ~~26~~ amendments so far, Pakistan has failed to fully implement the constitution except the part which favours feudals and Political parties.

Slogan Politics in Pakistani Political Culture.

Leaders of Pakistan rather working on their weakness

and institutions, work on and for the Slogans to attract people's attention and support. Leaders spoils public emotions for legitimizing their roles and pay less attention in the construction of Pakistan leading to negative polarisation. Like slogan of Bhutto Roti, Kapra aur Makam, Punjabis slogan Khapay Punjab, etc.

## RECOMMENDATIONS:



## Reconciliation Between Parties

All parties must sit together to work for Pakistan's prosperity and lead the country without corruption, make resources for its prosperity, make Energy projects to come out of eternity etc

## Respect for Constitution

All Parties must respect constitution provide fundamental rights to public and work within the assign limit and maintain Balance of power between legislative, executive and Judiciary.

## Free and fair Election

Free and fair Election will ensure accountability and transparency of



politicians avoiding dynastic politics and devolution of power within one party, Making polarisation minimal.

add more arguments in this part.

## Conclusion

Pakistan Political culture is influenced by negative polarisation of formal actors which contributes in spoiling Pakistan's landscape globally.

Remedies ~~must~~ be followed ~~to~~ could minimize polarization and foster our political culture. Pakistan can become top 6th country if moves in right direction as said by

"Pakistan can become 6th largest country if it exploits its resources"

Book "The Path to 2075"  
Kalley and Goldman

Q3

Federal Structure and Parliamentary form of Government are most appropriate systems for Pakistan.  
Discuss

## INTRODUCTION:-

Federal structure and Parliamentary form of government are most appropriate systems for Pakistan as it ensures proper delegation of powers from center to province and maintains check and balances on the institutions in parliamentary form of government. Parliamentary form is made by democracy and held accountable to officials. It ensures balance of power and rule of law within country.

## FEDERAL STRUCTURE OF PAKISTAN:

### REFIND STRUCTURE

## Federal Structure

→ President will appoint the Governor

President of Pakistan will appoint the Governor of province by discussing with Provincial government and federal minister

→ President will appoint Governor as a representative of Federation

President will assign Governor as his representative in the provinces of Pakistan. Governor will be tasked to perform several functions governed by federation in provinces and make sure federation's active participation within provincial matters and decisions.

→ President can declare emergency if required

President has a constitutional right to declare emergency by ~~di~~ <sup>direct</sup> involving provincial government in the country. If provincial government agrees on the proposal emergency is declared.

→ President can appoint Judges

President along with Chief Justice of Pakistan and Provincial government can appoint the High Court judge

→ Center can guide Province on tax distribution

Centre distributes tax within all provinces and centre accordingly. Before the 18<sup>th</sup> amendment the distribution of tax was 57% approximately to centre and 42% to provinces. After amendment, Provinces were assigned 57.1% and Centre 42.1%, Rest was secured for calamities

relate your headings and arguments to the qs statement.

Revenue Collection by Centre

Revenue and Remittances are collected by centre which is then distributed to the Provinces accordingly.

## PARLIAMENTARY FORM OF GOVT IN PAKISTAN: AN Appropriate

Parliamentary Form System

Parliamentary form is made by Popular Sovereignty

Parliamentary form is most appropriate because it is made by the public vote, Public vote is respected and government is made by the people's choice.

Past Experience of Presidential form of Government

Since the inception of Pakistan, it faced severe dictatorship era of about 40 years with a hick and ~~check~~ game of democratic era in between 4 decades. This brutal years realized people that parliamentary form is better than presidential.

→ System of Check and Balance in Parliamentary form of government

In this form of government, a proper check and Balance system is governed by the respective institutions like intelligence agency, police department and auditing departments. Opposition parties plays a constructive role in government by looking at the legislation.

→ Rule of Law is maintained

Rule of law is maintained in Parliamentary form of government by keeping officials accountable for their actions and citizens are treated under the rule defined by the constitution of Pakistan.

→ Balance of Power in Parliamentary form in Pakistan

In parliamentary form of government there exist best balance of power of legislative, executive and judicial branch. All three branches are autonomous and do not interfere in others' issues. Instead it keeps an eye on the rest of the systems to ensure transparency and ~~also~~ proper working.

→ Prime Minister as head of Government

Unlike presidential form, in Parliamentary

form, head of the state is Prime Minister who is responsible of his acts to parliament and its people. President in presidential form of government misuses its power and were not responsible but in parliamentary form it is different.

## FEDERAL STRUCTURE & PARLIAMENTARY FORM OF GOVERNMENT: A BUILDING BLOCK OF PAKISTAN

Both systems are the most appropriate system in Pakistan as discussed earlier. By keeping all the points in conscious, it clears that such systems are the building block of the most appropriate system by keeping centre and province and interprovincial systems obeyed according to constitution. Constitution makes both these systems intertwined with each other, fostering Pakistan's system.



# CONCLUSION

Bringing the discussion to an end, federal structure makes centre and provinces strong and Parliamentary form keeps balance between institution and citizens, making Pakistan a most legitimate system. Both ensures proper working of all departments with division of all resources and tasks to the respective institutions and posts. inculcating accountability among every person.