Date: 1 120 #063 Part-I (Section -A) uestion #3 a- What are proteins and Carbohydrate? Give the digestion. arbohydrate The wird carbohydrate derived from the Greek word Sakkron which means Carbohypete is the Source energy. It provide 3.9 calories per gra energy. When carbohydrates are broken down into morosacchaside et unvert into the simplest firm of sug Empirical Formula Carpshydrate have empisical formula cm (H20) m is different from the n. It is organic compound consist of carbon, Hydrogen, oxygen Example: 1- Glucose 2- Lactose 3- Hylauranicació

Date: 1. 120 Day: 0. OH of Structure of glucose. What S Digestion: At is the breakdown of larger mecules complex moleule smaller the into presence enzyn mou in the digetion is involves Stomach, Small intestine. Digestive system of Human Bo 2- Esopha Mouth & Buccle cavity 1-4- small intestine 3-Stomach (ilcum, Jejuneer udenum Large intestine 5-Digestion of carbohydrate form of ump Carpohydrates the cire polysacchhide, asacchhide like sugar broken down into which Sug mouth, Simplest for. In it is broken anylase enjyme. It produce the down by bucckle covity and larger particles saliva smaller one. Then it enters into stomach convert into and the small intestine . In the stomach, sucrase, maltase enzyme secrete which hopes the digestion of carbohydrate

The resulting simple sugar absorbed by blowdstream the help of fingerlike projection villi Protein are the chief builder the body. At consist of carbon, Hydrog Oxygen, nitrogen and sometimes support and phaspholous. Proteins are used hormores, contractile protein, enzime pr the duelepment of body. The requirement of protein depends upon the weight of body, generally 19/Kg needs the body. provides 4.19 of energy. Children, 9t nursing mothers needs high content of Protein The Process of digestion:-Protein decrease the const digestion of The amino acids. Aperson 15-20% of cen take protein in total calories of form. This process occur into the stonach, as mucosa which secrete grandular gastric gland. It is consist of three kind of cell; mucous cell, secreting mycous and oxyntic ulls, secreting Hel, zymogencell, secreting pepsinogen The secretion of all this cell'is collectively called garteric

D.10:\_/\_/20 Day: Juice. The secretion of gastric is regulated by smell, sight, quality of food Protein Food J gastoric > betler juice digestion Pepsinogen converted into the pepsin in the presence of Hcl which convert protein presence of Hcl which convert protein into peptones and popypeptides. It is chains of small animousid which get absorbed by the blockstream. So, protein is digested.

b- Explain the following Atmospheric pressure/ temper and Humidity Atmospheric Pressure Pressure Per unit orea is called fressure. sti unit is N/m, mm of Hg. But in geograp studies, pressure unit is millbar. Atmospheric pressure:-It is a pressure exerted by the moleules of atmosphere on the earth surface. It is measured in atm atmospheric pressure Variation is the cause globald change in the weather Pressure variation due to Temperature The increase in the temperature will dryout the water vapours in the air 9t will decrease the aumain then it decrease the pressure. It cause various meather variation like thunderstorm, yelme Temperature ( air & Pressure. Pressure Variation due to Height: Hosigantally pressure dongt change But vertically atmospheric consistently change. when moved vertically, the thickness almospheric blanket decrease which decrease

the pressure Variation in the pressure due to heigh cause cyclone, heavy flow of air from higher atmospheric area to four atmospheric area. Temperature, where heat comes from? Sun is the chief source of energy. It provides 97.7% energy of all physical processes. In fact, all radiation of the sun do not Pertain to increase the temperature fearth. is there any difference b/w heat & temperature? yes, there is a difference b/ u heat & templature because heart is the form of energy which can convert from one point to conothe It is measured in Joul. Temperature is measured in celsus and Farehite. Temperatan is the overall least & cold of the body. In the night, radiation are emitted and temperature becom low. In the day time, earth absorbed all kind of radiations. that's why temperature of earth at day time increase. There are numer of factors which influence the distribution of heart energy an Vadiation.

Spherical shape of the earth Non-uniform distribution of best length of the day Thickness of atmosphere Nature of surfaces umidity Humidity is the third factor which helps to determine the weather condition. It is the amount of water vapper which are present in the air Meneover, it is the measurement of mulsture mto measuring relative the air. We are Relative Humidity tells you Humidit Vapour is present in the how water a fraction of maximum arount air as water vapor that could present air at current -leve perature and Ur Increased Humidity the air wint 42 andweather decreaced t can Humidity can be felt when as a fog. Humidity is measured condens hygrometer st is measured in percentage. Relative Humidity = Actual vapor Saturation In

C. Explain the phenomenon of Earthquack and draw its diagram Earthq, uack: Earthquack is the sudder movement of earth hust. The each due to release energy in the form of Seis It is occury due to displacement of tectonic plate. -arth g, uack Phenomenon of the process of easthquack, Easthquack energy due to already store the carth, movement of tectonic plates, Volcanic erruption Elastic Rebound theory: In 1900 tiensy Fielding Ried proposed the theory of elastic rebound theory. presented that " 9% a strtched rubber band is broken or cut then stored energy in the band suddenly released. In the same way, earth coust stored chosic energy when earth Koccur, et released suddenly. The occumulation and release of stress and

strain strain is referred as clastic repound theory. Most of the easth quack new due to previously stored every. when earth quack occur. Before carthquack. -1=1= P -17-T Earthquack. After North American Fould. P-Partes. Paceficplate. ectoric: smooth. gt is made up of huge placks it is called rectonic plates. The great intensity opposition wave are yound the boundries of tectonic plates. Faults: For millions of year, the movement of tectonic plates cause fractures in the earth crust These Froctures is called foult. Epicenter: 11

The point above the focus in the earth crust is calle Epicenter. Four-Hypocenter. the point at which the earth quack starts the earth crust. Types of Tectonic plates: in Convergent boundaries: plates when These occur either each other towards subductio oion or continente colloiding import of th plates The both edge buckles the mountain a sugged occur hyyack east convergence of bounds volcanic arc oceanic crust: Lithosphere nverg

ivergent Boundries:-Divergent Boundhies where two slide apart from each othe plates region and active ale Jomed Along these boundries there is fracture where from the focus Transform Boundries ... When two plates sliding last eachother forms a tranform plate boundary. Rocks that line the boundary are the plate grind along Example Earthquack occur in Turkey in 2023 with the magnitude of 7.8. In pakistan, sawat face the earth quack range 4.8 m with the Recently, In Tibet, earthquack occur in Tanuary 2025 with the magnitudeof d Explain the working of Radar Radas: -detection Radas is the used to determine the of the object. Components of RADAR:-Radar consist of following transmitter -> that produce electromo

radiation in the radio or microwave domain transmitting anterna Receiver and processor. Radio waves grow the transmitterreflect off the object and receiver, giving information about object location Uses of Radar: It can be used to detect oir craft, space in quided missile, motor vehicles. king. system consist of tramitter that emit radio waves called Radar signals in predetermined objects. when these signals somes in contact with the object, they are usually replaced or scattered in various direction. But some of them absorb or penetreite in extent into the object. Radar signals are reflected well in the elect same conductive objects. The radar signals seplect back to the transmittee, that workable. of the object is moving a they counted or away from the males it transmitter, it is due to the change in

radic signals, quency it is cally pppy usually adar receiver the some location as transmitter effected yacar signals captured anter amplifier estion # un 9t is huge ball Sun is a stur. lithium and gases such as occur in the lear fusion star. That's why it is too hot and n be seen in day time. The star which have distant, they be seen night. Scientist usually divided sum into min segions: the Suninterior, three Solar atmosphere, and visible surface of the sun which lies b/w the interior & atmosphere of the sun

Parts of Sun Dhe Thec e in the center of sun. It notter than other part Sun. Nuclear Jusion sun. The temperature of . part in 15 million celsius. 9t's 150 times the density of water. the sun is extend 25% solar radius Kadiative Zone; Improverconte outward, zone. Make headings in the answers radiative Keep length of all questions\_ this radialassied by photons through therma ransferre Draw flow charts heat Use scientific terminologies onvective The third part of Ollow step by step method e. for maths problems Convective m the I he answers are insufficient to of energy The invention plasma is not dense whot criteria of the question and marks.

of the interior outward through radiation result, thermal conveilion occur cooldown then 20 ves down ward t heatup pear this up u Photosphere:nteriop undary b/w the las atmosphere and the . 50 in atmo. Photosphere. Sun also has at mospher lar he so The lower region of called Chiomosphye. grak word chroma from the solar appears bright red chromosphere. occus. eclipse wre convective Photosphere Radiative zone corona