

Instructions

Part - II
Introduction

1. Give numbering to headings

2. Do not write lengthy paragraphs. Write medium sized paragraphs with headings.

3. There should be around 12 headings for 16 marks question.

4. Draw figures/diagram/flowchart where needed.

5. Start new question from fresh page.

6. Each answer should start with Introduction and end with Conclusion.

7. Give more weightage to expressly asked part/s of the question.

8. Change colour scheme for references to give them more visibility.

9. Manage time well.

10. Wide page borders are discouraged.

Should be reasonable.

11. Avoid writing wrong references.

A-Emphasize On Justice
in an Islamic Governance

During the life of Holy Prophet (P.B.U.H) the Just and also during the rule of four pious caliphs

the justice has been overemphasized.

Allah says in the Quran

"And whenever you judge between the people do so justly".

(AL-Quran)

Holy Prophet (P.O.B.O.U.H) while explaining the importance of Justice said

By God, if the daughter of Muhammad (S.O.A.W.O.W), Fatimah (R.O.A) steal, I would cut her hands

Justice is for all. Law must be applicable to all people irrespective of color, cast, creed, financial status etc.

B- Emphasize on Consultation in an Islamic governance

Islam is truly based on democratic principles and norms.

Every matter pertaining to the people's interest must be

decided with Consultation. At initial stage of Islamic governance all matters were discussed with tribal heads and Shaba ~~heads~~, later on when the rule expanded the all matters were held after discussion with Governors of the State.

During the era of Hazrat Umar (R.A), even women of the madinah were asked about their opinion regarding next Caliph and they choosed Hazrat Usman (R.A).

C. Emphasize on Accountability In an Islamic governance

Islamic governance model clearly emphasize on the system of Accountability.

Hazrat Umar (R.A) once said

Even if the dog die out ^{hunger} of the bank of Euphrates I will be

accountable.

Hazrat Abu Bakar (R.A) while
looking at the bird said, that
bird is better than me, flies
with its own choice and will
not be held accountable.

D-Integration of the Islamic Principles to address Corruption

Sense of Accountability demands the end
of Corruption at individual as well
societal stage.

Fear of God minimizes corrupt
practices

Fear of God creates sense of
accountability before God and
Corruption is wiped out from a society.

Implementation of Shariah laws
to ensure accountability

Strict implementation of Shariah
laws leads to towards

accountability -

Realization of the fact that authority is responsibility rather than power

Authority is the responsibility given by the God and the people to exercise it for the welfare of the people.

E-Integration of the Islamic principles to address inequality

Islamic governance acknowledgement of the fact that economic disparities exist in a society. However, there must not be an

inequality in terms of the implementation of laws (justice). For example

According to the Constitution of Pakistan 1973 (Article 8 - 28) fundamental rights are granted to every citizen irrespective of any kind of any discrimination. Kind of

~~There~~ ~~is~~ ~~Hadith~~ - e ~~Qudsi~~ that the
 on the day of Judgement
 7 people would be entitled
 to come under shadow of throne
 of Allah & among them one would
 be just ruler.

Pakistan is an Islamic state
 and follows the Islamic principles
 theoretically, the practical application through
 strict implementation is the dire
 need of the time.

F- Integration of the
 Islamic principles to
 address weak institutional
 capacity

Removal of external influences
 Islam advocates for removal
 of institutional overstepping.

Independence of pillars of the
 government

All the three pillars of the government must work independently,

Reliance on the principle of Ijma, Ijtihad and Qias to adjust according to modern requirements

To cope up with the modern needs of time and strength the institutions there is a need to adhere the principles of Ijma, Ijtihad and Qias.

Conclusion

Islam provides a comprehensive system of governance, which needs to be integrated in modern principles of governance of Pakistan to eradicate corruption, inequality and weak institutional capacity.

Q NO : 4

Introduction

The IPCC has declared

Pakistani glaciers as the most rapidly melting glaciers in the world

Among 5 most vulnerable states

to climate change • Neighbouring

States i.e. China and India

are contributing the major global emitters • Pakistan has advocated

that the climate change is

caused by the harmful environmental

activities of the developed world

whereas Pakistan is suffering the

most due to their activities •

The plantation drives, shifting

towards non-renewable energy

resources, carbon cuts are

among the major initiatives by the

government of Pakistan • The

COP ~~has~~ ^{comprises} all the global powers

which can assist Pakistan to

counter climate change - The political

will ↑ at domestic as well as

international level would

would strengthen the policy implementation and governance structure.

A-Analysis of the Climate Change policies of Pakistan

Fully Achieving the Achieved the plantation goal :-

In the Cop meetings plantation target was given to every States Pakistan and Argentina were the only State to meet the goal.

Billon tree tsunam and then planatta
10 billion trees shows the Pakistan

practical achievements. These Carbon Sinks would help to minimize effects of climate change.

Shift towards non-renewable energy resources :-

Pakistan is shifting towards non renewables like solar energy, wind & hydel power projects etc

These effects are positive steps

towards Climate Change resilience.

Implementation of electric vehicles

policy :-

Focus has been shifted towards purchasing electric vehicles

Highlighting the reality at international forums being the worst effects

despite low carbon emissions :-

Pakistan emits less than its

Carbon quota so its foreign policy

is significantly highlighting the reality of being worst effect despite low carbon emissions.

B - Leverage for Pakistan being participant of COP29

To grasp high share from 1.3T\$ target being highest effects

The target of 1.3T\$ has been set for the climate resilience policies of the developing countries

Pakistan being the worst affected
can contest for high share.

Pakistan can take assistance from
global experts to make effective
climate resilient policies

on COP 29 the global environmental
experts provided their suggestion
regarding combating climate change
Pakistan can take advice from
them to counter climate change
effectively.

Multi-lateral Cooperation to Counter the Phenomenon of climate change

Cooperation can be further
enhanced at State to State
level as well as between
organizations to solve the
common problem collectively.

C- Recommendations for Strengthening policy implementation and governance structures

Following all the recommendations for strengthening policy implementation and governance structures.

Strengthening executive for implementing policies successfully

The implementation of policies can be done under the ambit of executive so it should be granted full powers to execute climate change policies and overall policy implementation.

Minimizing institutional overstepping to ensure smooth governance

Executive, legislature and judiciary should adhere to constitutional limits to ensure smooth functioning of a state and implementation of policies especially the policies regarding climate.

Change as it is the biggest issue of the 21st Century.

Enhancing public-private partnership for promoting inclusivity which ultimately leads towards effective implementation.

When public ~~are~~ ^{also} made part of decision making and welfare the they sense of inclusivity enhances effectiveness and efficiency.

Increase Citizen engagement and awareness

While making any pol. policies citizen should be engaged they must be aware of the situation they have RTI (Right to Information) ^{increase}

according to Constitution the increase awareness about climate change and overall policy making provides support to government initiatives

Conclusion

Climate Change is the biggest issue of 21st Century. Policies are formulated to counter it. However, the non-compliance with these policies at a broader level undermines its significance.

Q NO 6

Introduction

The political environment, ease of doing business and security situation are the major determinants of economic condition of a state. Despite Inequality, long term policies, insightful leadership can take Pakistan towards sustainable practices. However, challenge lies in weak economy, political uncertainty, youth population, lack of accountability, transparency and effective implementation of

rule of law.

Role of institutional building and effective governance in fostering sustainable development in Pakistan

Strong, inclusive, democratic transparent institutions provide the way for long term development by providing predictability.

Role of institutional building and effective governance in fostering economic uplift

A stable government and these its long term policies attracts **FDI** (foreign direct investment) which fosters the economy of a state.

Role of institutional building and effective governance in business opportunities

Pakistan is ranked 108 / 149 states in ease of doing business index. Effective government is the one who increases for ease of business to foster economic growth.

Role of Strengthened institutions in enhancing Competitiveness

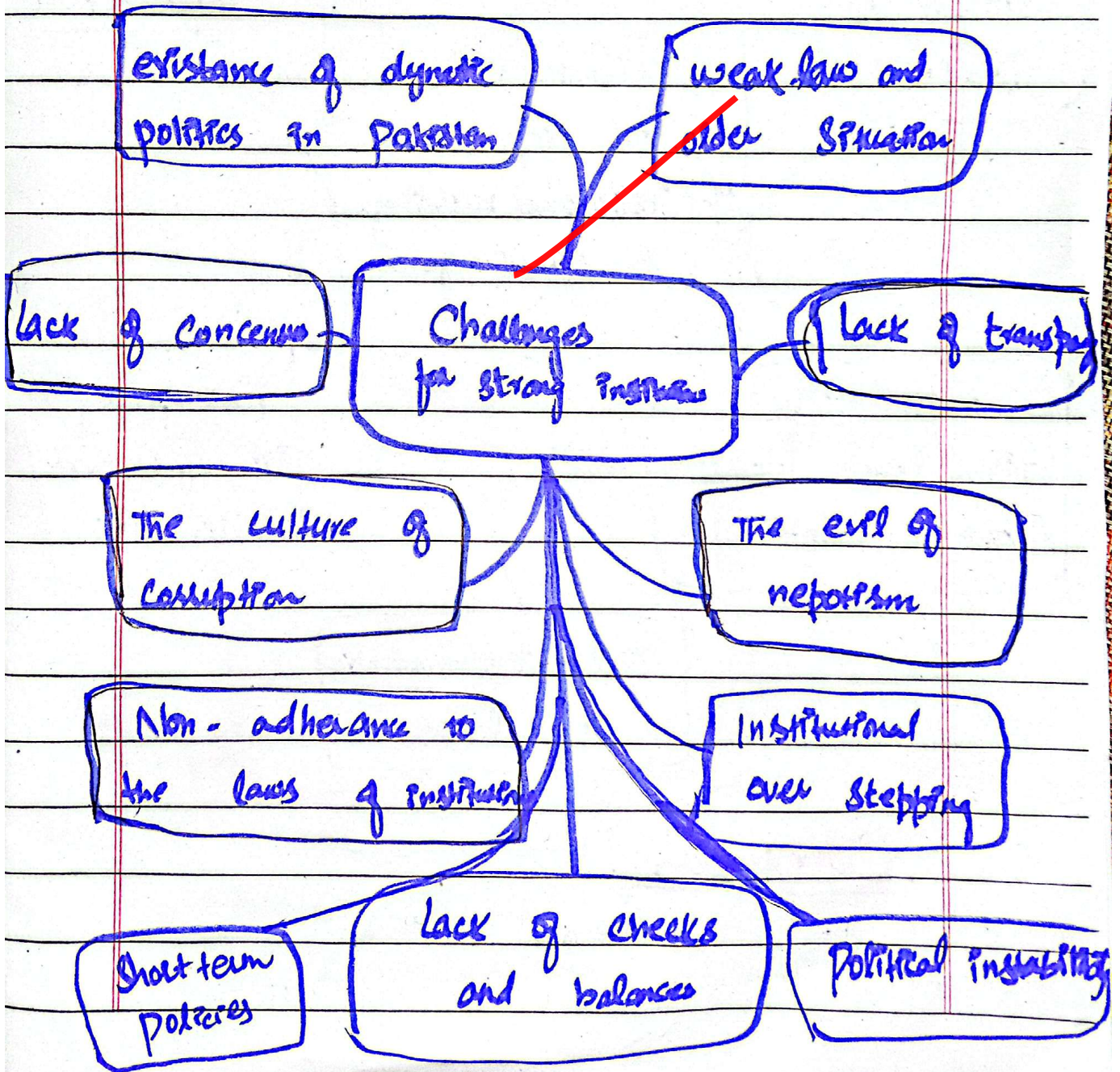
Strong institutions adhere to its laws and increase efficiency.

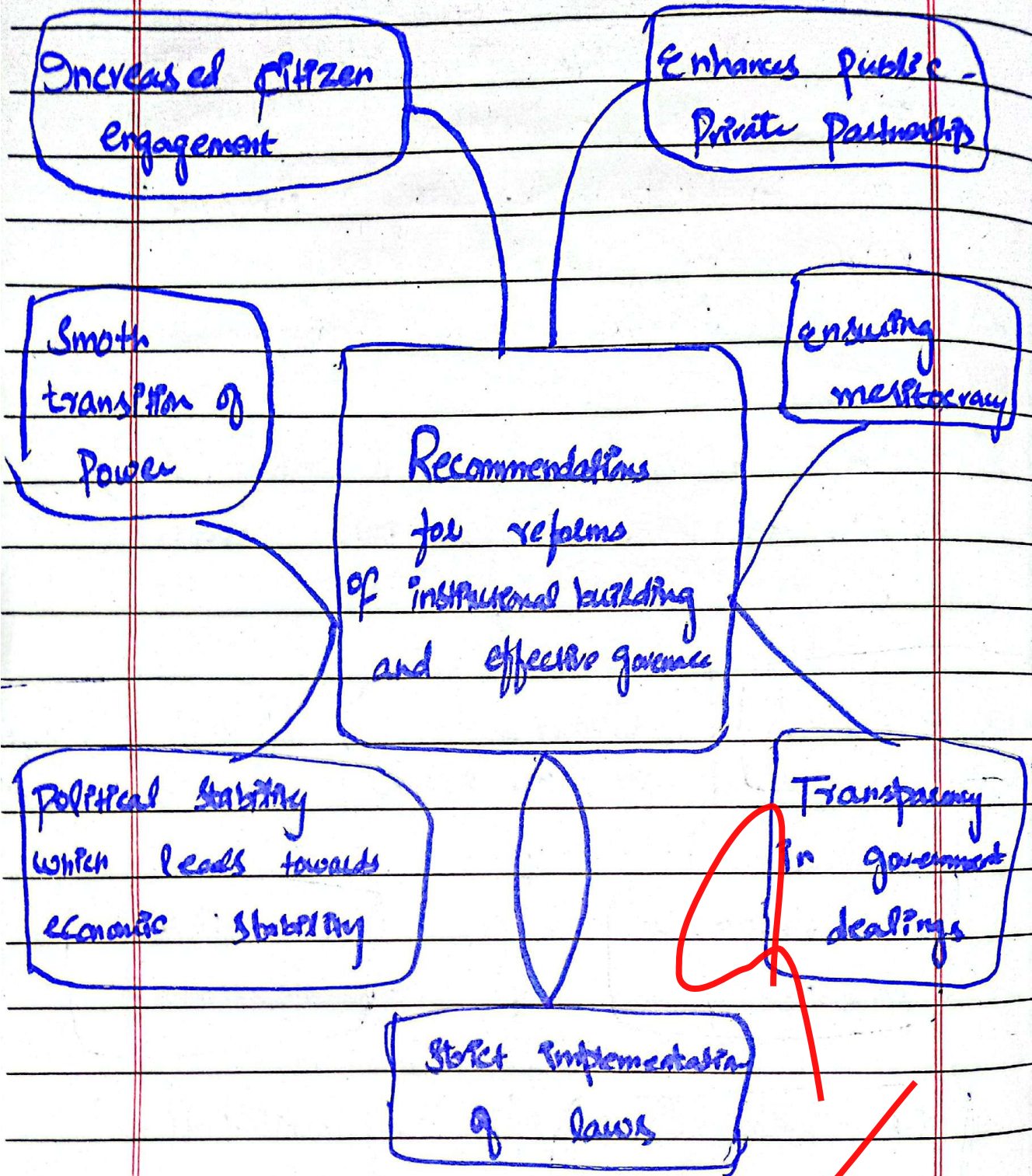
Laws are not violated in strong institutions which increases efficiency and competitiveness.

Culture of meritocracy enhances Competitiveness

The culture of meritocracy enhances competitiveness. Talented people make the institution strong and effective.

Institutions are more stronger than than the individual will. The strong institutions work on the principle of Consensus rather than the individual will which enhances its competitiveness.





Conclusion

The institutional building and effective governance all

crucial for determining for the fate of a standing state and its international standing

Q No 7
Introduction

The legal justice system of Pakistan is often criticized for its inefficiency. The delayed prosecutions, weak economy, corrupt practices, bribery, strong hold of the powerful are among the major challenges for accessing the legal justice system of Pakistan. The bureaucratic hurdles, out of court settlements, institutional over stepping exacerbate these issues. The increased youth population and its economic political and social marginalization are contributing towards

Political violence in a country.
Limitations in accessing legal justice system in Pakistan

Out of Court Settlements

Many of the cases are settled among disputed families out of the Court and people don't approach legal justice system.

Alternate dispute resolution Council

Alternate dispute resolution Councils are formed to solve the cases.

Long and Intricate justice system

The justice system of Pakistan holds lengthy procedures due to which people hesitate to approach legal justice system.

Delayed Judgement

It takes not years but decades to solve any dispute legally. So, people avoid to file cases in Courts.

Low Conviction rate

The conviction rate in Pakistan justice system is quite low which reduces trust of judiciary and legal system. In turn people avoid to present their case before Court of laws.

Role of Governance Structure in exacerbating these issues.

Non-adherence of government to its duties

It is the duty of government to provide speedy justice to people, when government doesnot fulfill it the

Issue is exacerbated

Institutional overstepping

The Institution of Executive is observed as overstepping its power. Especially after the 26th amendment the room for institutional overstepping has increased.

Role of Youth bulge and institutional limited engagement in politics

More than 60% of the population of Pakistan is comprised upon youth

Bar on ~~political~~ Student Unions

Student unions are banned in Pakistan. The lack of political engagement leads towards political violence.

lack of economic opportunities

30% of the youth of Pakistan is underpaid and more than 60% is jobless (UNDP) the economic deprivation cause frustration and political violence.

Elite Capture on government structure

The government ^{corridors} of Pakistan are captured by elite - The lack of inclusivity leads towards political violence as a means to get their social, economic and political rights

Conclusion

The inefficiency of different organs of the government has led to the ineffective legal justice system and political system as well as caused political violence among youth.