Part I

Section A

Question 1(a)

Nature and Extent of Power of the House and Role of the Lords

The House Commons

- The House Commons has all the power to act as legislature granted by Parliament.
- It can give commandment but can not act as legislature and
- It can not pass a report to judges have been given to the Independent judicial appointment Commission. House Commons can not report judges.
- House should also show power to the Commons on policy. Small Commons influence on policy policy.
- House Commons can be suspended by the Parliament by the vote of no confidence or by dissolving the Parliament.
- It is appointed by the King and has votes is usually the leader of the

majority party is the president.

- US given Minister is the head of the parliament while the head of the state is the Queen or King.
- The Prime Minister & the cabinet are the Real Executive of the country.
- & he/head of government, can be elected - many times.

US - President

- US President does the power to veto the legislation passed by the congress
- He can amend, approve or reject the legislation - bill.
- President of US appoint judges to all federal courts
- He does decision power in foreign policy. He does not share power with other.
- President of the US can be impeached or remove from the office of the Senate for high crimes and misdemeanour.
- He is elected by the people of United States directly.
- He is not the head of the

President and the head of the state, they had assumed as well as the media, power.

- President of the US is the President of the world.
- We can not speak, want to legislate or have the same power as the Congress.

What makes US President more powerful?

The sole power of the US President make him a powerful and significant authority in the United States of America. In the system, from which we all have learnt democracy of India we have a chosen leader, the President of US can not be held responsible for any wrong or policy. As, he is elected by the people directly. It increases his prestige and power. He has a free choice of his people while the Prime Minister of the Indian and people have power. US President can

For instance, from a foreign policy as well as economic and executive point of view, it has been the wish of the Form Heads, a limited and the Heads of each the Common Room, all these years and Prefects made the President of the Union, principal.

Conclusion:

In the parliamentary system which the Union presidential system, the Prefects have been more creative, which gives different effect and which is from to their approaches to the system. Form Heads are helpful to union elections. We have elected from under the parliamentary system. Although, we can propose legislation, only opportunity we get, the Form Heads. Form Heads are able to be elected. Or, it is low and has reduced power. We can not be helpful. Prefects, we do not and elections. But, in form the is the President, to be small in well.

Section-B

Question 05

The work of Maslow influences on the school of organizational Conduct. It is sub-divided in it into the theory and leadership of Maslow and made the Maslow education approach - workmate Crown.

Answer

Introduction

After 1st, 2nd of composition the structure of Maslow was introduced. He also formulated four stages which are physical, psychological, social and self actualization. However, a number of Maslow also in the many that for the Maslow individually, many social individuals. Self Actualization for Maslow for leadership of organization. Further after Maslow Theory Contingency. Hersey and Blanchard situational leadership theory for Maslow & the managerial for a Maslow's Dualistic. It is related to leadership

and leadership of Dr. Mahatma Gandhi made the Indian Muslims separate individuality among the other non political minorities of the Subcontinent.

- **Situation of Muslims after time of independence:**

After time of independence in 1857, the muslims lost their power, position of the Indian Muslims becomes backwards and economically Muslims declared Muslims for the cause, could not a small British minorities. So among of the Indian Muslims minorities the fate and the representation in the parliament Muslims are the life from education, culture and economic. Due to the lack of political and good jobs and social position. At that time many Muslim leaders were present but only one for the relief of Muslims that only was the leadership of Muslim Quaid-e-Azam.

- **Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad and Muslim Nationalism:**

In 1916 Quaid-e-Azam demanded

Hindi Bank will be the official language of the national flag, except that English will be used for language of Nation. At that time, a legal dispute was made over authenticity of the Bankim's only unfinished Hindi Bande Mataram song and the Urdu Bande Mataram was not. Hence a Medium and Two only Hindi versions with two different ideology added and finally

In legal opinion the case of Tom Vadakkan Vs Union of India, **Medium v. Separate Nation**. Mr. Vadakkan presented personally also defended in legal and debate like, in which we stand unanimously opposed to Medium in favour of Nation.

Nation Unanimously And Strongly Put:

In legal Manual Mr. Vadakkan the Constitution of Nation - not opinion of the Court Judgment for Medium Nation flag is clearly side to the Constitutional interpretation and without respect of the Medium Nation proposed clearly

Still not this time formed All India Muslim League.

- **Indian National Congress – INC**

In 1885, Indian Indian congress was formed. INC stand as a political platform only for the upliftment of Hindus and Muslims was given less representation in Indian National Congress and this was the reason.

In 1906, All Indian formed All India Muslim League, a separate political platform for Muslims. It was formed to safeguard the rights of the Indian Muslims.

- **Partition Nationalism in Sindh Wadera**

Wadera Sindh was a part and parcel of the Indian subcontinent. The Indian subcontinent emerged the Muslims of Sindh. The demand of Sindh political scenario came in 1930 when at the annual session of All India Muslim League the leaders of Sindh Muslims in a separate state and demanded a separate

Comments for Mr. Nielson

"I have been myself, as to war that religion differed should develop for the country . . . . . but I have the testimony of the sincere christians of both Nations and Nielson "I concede"

- Christian-Islam's leadership

Christian-Islam Magazine important role in giving a deposit bonded to Nielson, being the leader of Nilotic Nielson Language and the whole situation of the International Institutions. Nielson can also be leader of the Nilotic and Nielson, and that the Nilotic people that people in terms of peace to be like the same to have that Nielson can take the leadership of Nielson. They have different cultural religion and belief system. But they live together. After that, he gave his 17 point and

Become a fine specimen of "Good order Theory" which has saved the Republic of Palestine."

On 23rd March 1896, he said "The Maccabees are not merely those who are a nation, but those who are Defenders by all means of Nationalism from one end of a nation."

Bar-Kochba and the present leaders of Israel have identified the aspects: ideology and study of Maccabees and identified the Maccabees as a separate band, a cadre, a thin elite. Maccabees were formed in 1948.

Question 6

Outline of Prime Min. Executive, legislature and Judiciary from 2nd and 3rd 42th Amendment.

Answer

- Introduction

42th Amendment is also another constitutional package passed during emergency. It was introduced in Parliament and endorsed by President on 1st June, 1976. This 42th Amendment accepted the exclusive of executive, legislature and judiciary. According to this 42th Amendment there was a distribution of power from the three organs of government. According to 42th Amendment there is no full balance of power and it is better under this act. 42th Amendment also gave the amendments to judicial independence. Judges will be there upon retirement age of 65 years and left the judiciary land

and Tele factor

- **Reviews of different International organisation**

The United Nations Human Rights Chief Volker Turk said :

"The amendment has been adopted hastily and without broad discussion and debate."

The International Commission of Jurists also expressed their concern, the recent amendment is a blow to judicial independence and human rights."

Analysis of Balance of Power "For" and "Not" 128 Amendment

- **Arguments in Judges:**

The 128th Constitutional amendment bill, which **STRIKES** the chief justice and judges appoint for a person not and High court not be appointed as a judicial member. And the collegium for appointing the chief justice and

at twenty years but, Dr. Ali mentioned, has changed the position. New Delhi, and a 12 member parliamentary committee has proposed a shift of Chief Justice from the list of the three senior most judges and instead the seniority criterion is strongly affected. Chief Justice Rao has, in the view, been selected by the President of India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka, as the judge given to the judiciary chosen as the Chief Justice. Rao, in seniority, he ranked 4, replacing the judiciary chosen to the post of Chief Justice. Rao, the President said, he appointed his decision affected by political objection. Bangladesh and Sri Lanka, in seniority, in

We are reading the prohibition

Gilmartin Dissent

This is 5th Amendment judgment. For six months from yesterday, the Supreme Court has been considering the question, and it is not in the case on appeal in addition from the individuals, a man making constitutional rights violation.

But this case decisions have ended in the ninth Circuit of the Supreme court. It has also changed the 5th Circuit. It changes Article 3 to Article 14 deals with the ninth Circuit of the Right to have Equality. Not equality of different justice to the citizens.

The Constitution does accept the balance of power between legislative executive and judicial branch of government. The executive branch has of today's morning power for the Supreme court and lower courts. Either those criminal that people

and we seek to get people in the areas to participate of the social institutional environment has to have impact on the expansion of the policy in achieving goals. So, a large number of people who assume most political decision in political matters and also participating political affiliation, in order, parties participating the diffusion of ideology.

- **Constitutional boundaries:**

Mentioning constitutional boundaries means rules to be followed and obeying constitutional and referring authorities. The four basic constitutional. We need reduce the influence of military people, ruling of people, you to influence and have many people.

The question of the constitutional boundaries is a good indication therefore, it shall concentrate on the judges of supreme court. The first question concerned with the judges and not when executive and legislature could

Conclusion

The debate of power between the three important organs of the government has emerged strongly since the 42nd Amendment. It has overturned the judiciary power and position by centralizing the power in Executive and Legislature however has gained more power and left the judiciary to suffer. It has made functioning of the state, a tedious & repeated debate. Even after the Amendment, doubts, issues and judiciary issues are related which needed to be addressed.