

QUESTION NO 5

INTRODUCTION:

Feminist is a philosophy that exist in the social structure of society. It has four wave. Every point of wave has different perspective about societal structure of feminism. The centre case of feminism is that female face inequalities in terms of life rights. Man are superior than woman. Female faced inequalities in various sector of life such as education, employment and home.

TYPES OF FEMINISM.

Feminism is a philosophy which stated that female faced various dimension of inequalities in the education, employment and many more.

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(i) Liberal Feminism

Core Idea Liberal feminism stated that inequality among woman and man would be removed by the provision of equal rights to woman through legal reforms.

Key

Contributor:

Mary Wollstonecraft

In the book of "A Vindication of the rights of woman" by Mary Wollstonecraft wrote about equal amount of education provided to the woman.

(ii) Max Weber:

Max Weber explained about feminism that inequalities ^{occur} by the difference in class among man and woman. Men are considered to work for capitalist job.

(iii) Radical Feminist.

Radical Feminist taught about revolutionize the overhaul structure of society. Patriarchy system should be removed from society.

In the book of "The Dialectics of Sex" by Shulamith Firestone stated that biological differences among woman and man are the biggest reason of inequality.

- (iv) **Sociatal Feminism:** Sociatal Feminism is the combination of both radical and Marx Weber Feminism. The class difference and biological differences are major reason of inequalities among female.

Gender Inequalities

Gender inequalities is defined as the gender gap among woman and man. Feminism described about the gender inequalities.

- (i) **Gender Inequalities in Education:** Feminism and gender inequalities are interrelated. Woman did not equal education as compare to Men. Woman deprived from education in the Pakistan.

In the book "A Vindication of the Rights of Woman" by Mary Woolstonecraft stated that women are not made for household service.

(ii) Gender Inequalities in Employment:

Women have not equal participation in the economic matters of the country. Women are considered to be a object of beauty, birth and child rearing.

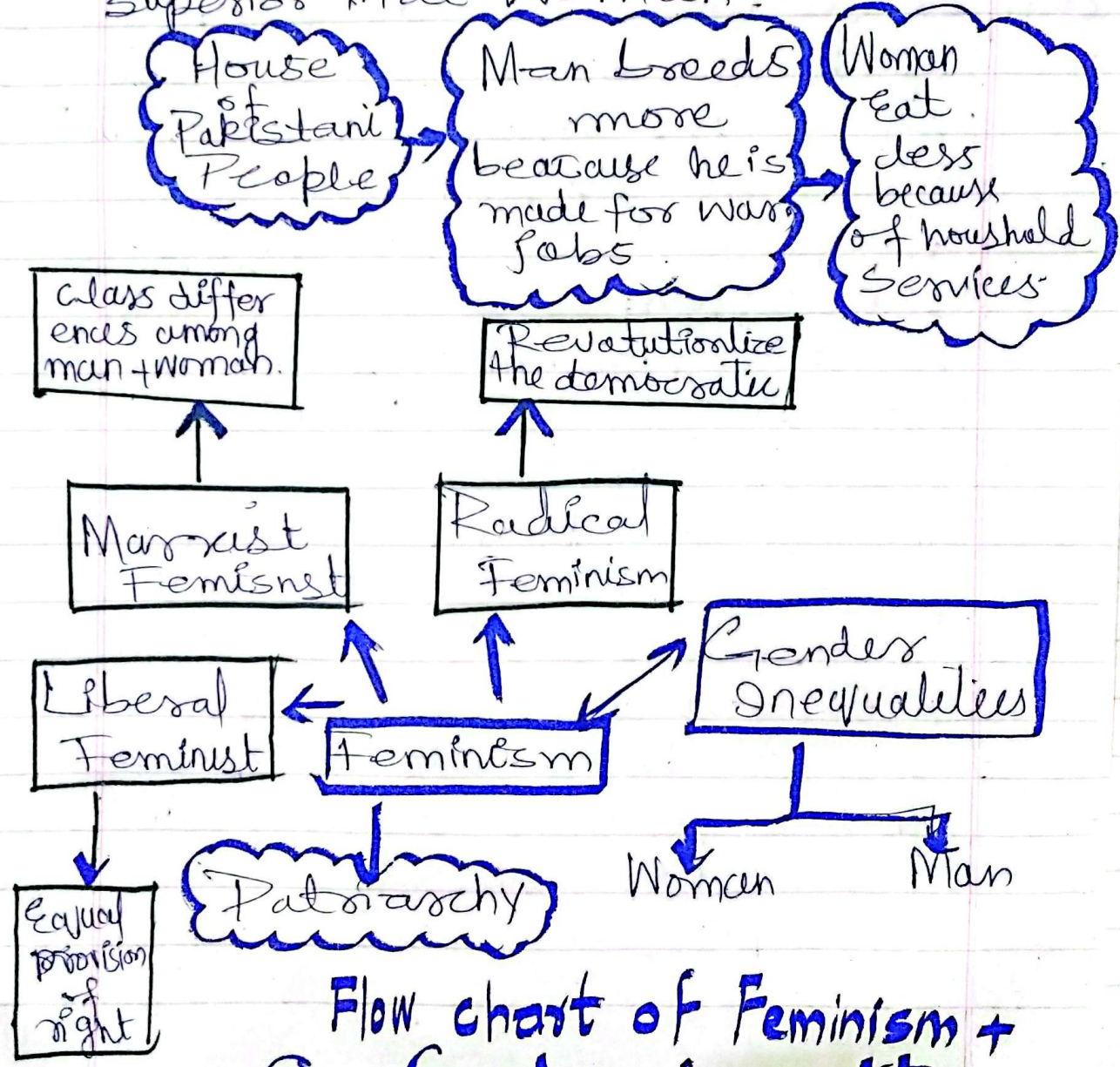
According to United Nation Resolution 1325 stated that women participated in international peace and security.

(iii) Gender Inequalities in Politics:

Feminism and gender inequalities are the two sides of the same coin. Political stability is the building block of state stability.

Iceland is a country that have Presidential seats over 25 years. 2/3 of times are women.

(iv) Gender Inequalities in Sociatal Norms: Gender inequalities is inherent in societal norms and values. Pakistan is a Patriarchy country. Man are more superior than woman.



Flow chart of Feminism + Gender inequalities

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2) Body of an organism works like in appropriate manner. | 2) Society does not work like in appropriate manner. | 2) Symbols destroy the social structure of a society. |
| 3) Each organ in the body have different function. | 3) The society has two class one is upper and other is lower class. | 3) Symbolism techniques creates the isolation of individual. |
| 4) Just like body has different organ. Each organ does not perform the same function. | 4) Upper class own the modes of structure of society. Lower classes work under the framework. | 4) Due to symbolism, two type of individual are being classified in the society. One is victim other is normal. |
| 5) Just like body, society has different <u>occupational</u> <u>roles</u> . | 5) Upper class own the <u>modes of employment</u> . | 5) Due to lack of social recognition, people lack jobs. |
| 6) Higher training jobs | Higher peoples control the lower | Victim feel self-isolation |

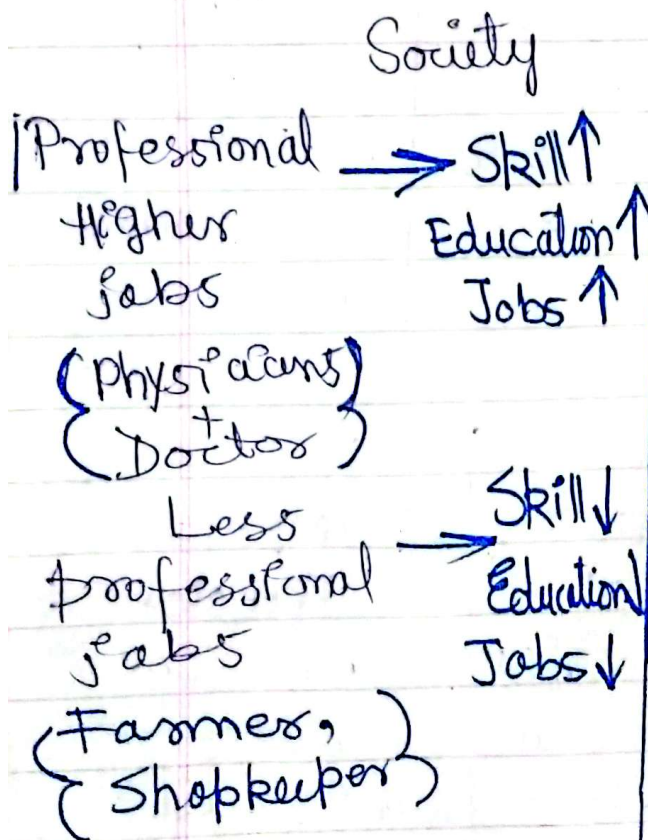
required more skilled full and educated people.

7)

Inequality is the perceptual of a society. Through inequality people argued for more hardworking

8)

Flowchart

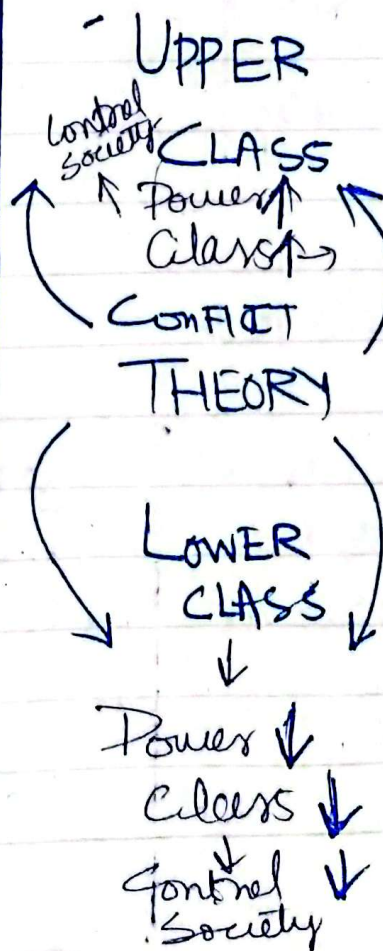


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class by power, employment and class.

7) Higher class control the reproduction of the education system.

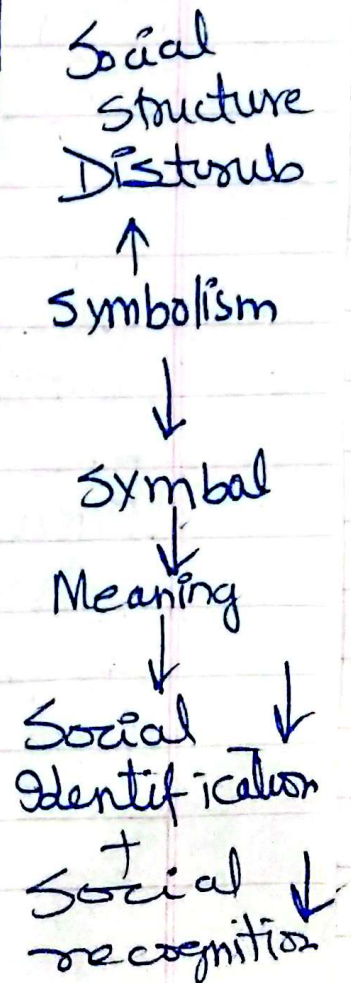
Flowchart



Social recognition is very important.

7) Symbols have meaning. Major reason of self-destination

Flowchart



9) Example
In the Society of Pakistan, bureaucracy requires high skilled professional as compared to farmer.

10) Inequalities serves as a tool for the enhancement of the higher structure of a society.

9) Example
Upper elite tycoon control the content of educational curriculum of Pakistan society.

10) Upper elite tycoon produce conflict by control the lower class.

9) Example
Divorce people are symbolized by the citizens of society.

10) Symbolism creates negativity and destroy the societal structure.

SIMILARITIES

FUNCTIONALIST THEORY

Inequalities are betterment for the societal structure.

CONFLICT THEORY

Inequalities occur due to class difference.

SYMBOLISM THEORY

Symbolism divides the societal people.

2) Division of Labour is accomplished by the role differences

3) Social categorization of people into various sectors

4) Hard working and higher education are required for higher jobs

2) Division of labour by the upper and lower classes of the society.

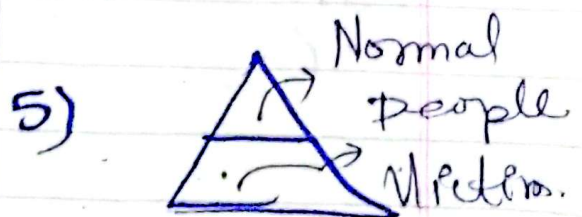
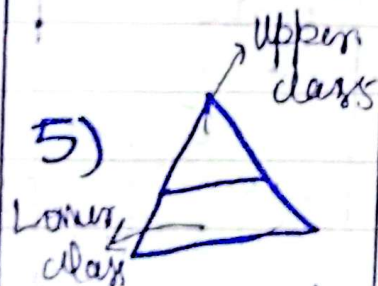
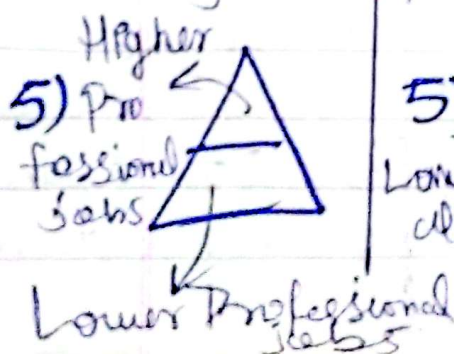
3) An upper and lower classes creates social stratification.

4) Capitalist determines their by position in terms of class, power and status in the society.

2) People are divided into categorized by the symbolism process.

3) Social ostracization occurs due to symbolism theoretical to species.

4) Social division of people into two group on the basis of symbolism theory.



b) Example
Higher management and education and learning access is required for the higher performance.
According to District Education Performance Index (DEPI) only Islamabad fall in the higher performance index as compare to Sindh, Punjab and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP)

6) Example
In the context of Pakistan upper class elite control the education, media and societal structure.
The curriculum of higher elite class are flexible and updated.
The education of poor class can only limited to punctuality and neatness.
"Education is an influence create by actor on those who are not ready for social life."
(Emile Durkheim)

6) Example
Symbolism creates mental health problem by the people.
Due to unemployment and poverty people are being stigmatized.
These reasons are the reason of death.
According to a Dawn news (2023), Krishna Sharma a social worker stated that due to unemployment, people are addicted to isolation + drug culture.

QUESTION NO 6

(c) Introduction:

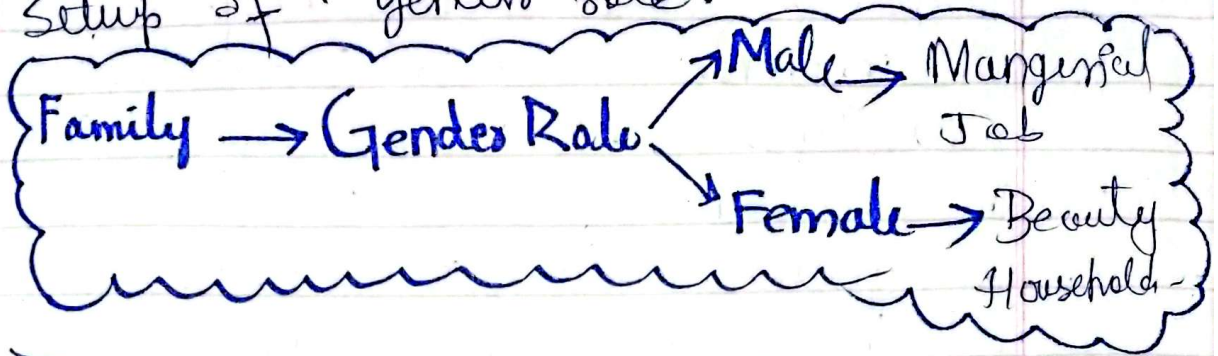
Socialization is the process of inherent social norms, values and culture. Socialization is the backbone of social recognition. Different cultural norms and expectations are undertaken by the process of socialization.

Socialization: Socialization is a process of social expectation, learning attitudes and behaviours of society.

Agents of Socialization:

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Family | (5) Societal Background |
| (2) Peer group | (6) Marriage |
| (3) Parent | |
| (4) School | |

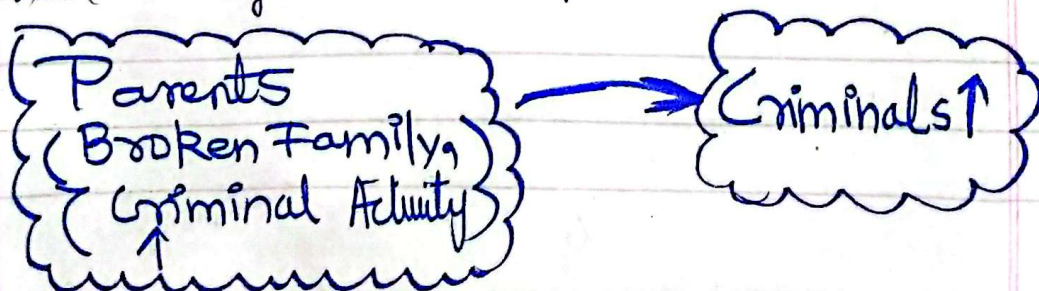
(1) **Family:** Family is the ~~second~~ ^{second} agents of socialization. Family describes the structure of social norms, values and setup of gender role.



(2) **Peer group:** Peer group is also the agent of socialization. Peer group creates pressure on the individual well being of an individual.



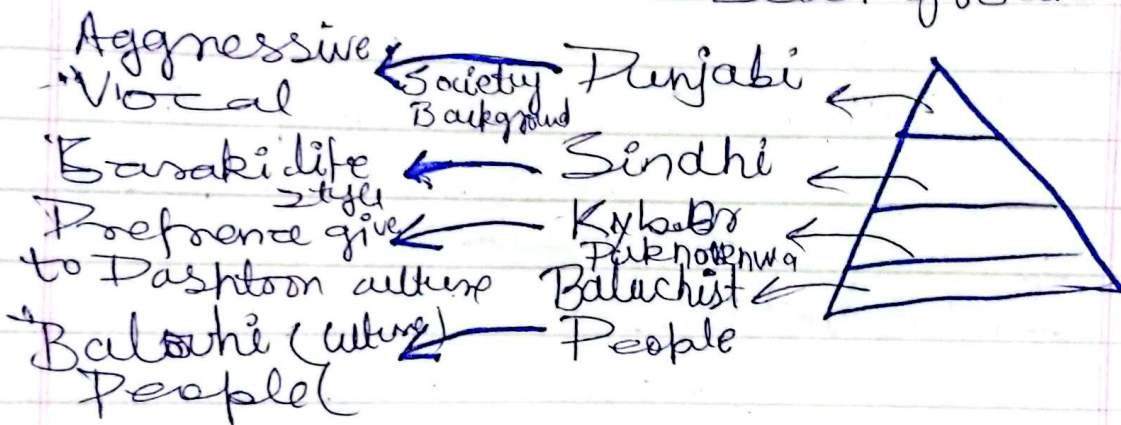
(3) **Parent:** Parent is the first agent of socialization. Parents play an important role in the child life. They describe and taught about good and bad behaviour.



(4) **School:** School is also the agents of socialization. School is a forum of education. Different students from different cultural norms interact with each other under the one network.

(5) **Societal Background:**

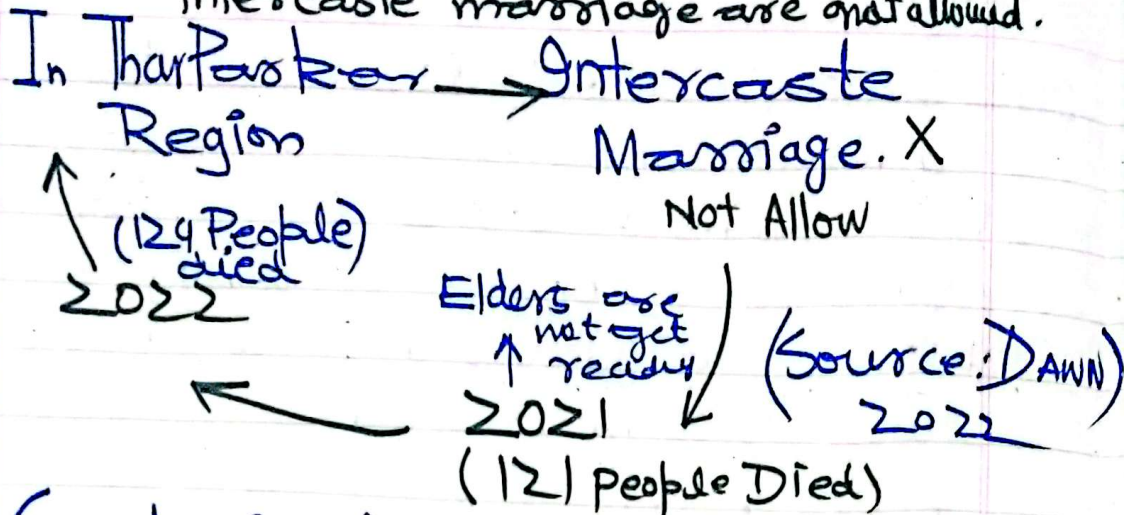
Societal Background describes the process of socialization. Pakistan ^{Society} is divided into many small societal background.



(6) **Marriage:**

Marriage is also become the process of socialization. When different people from different culture are married, Different culture are inherent together.

(i) Example of Society where intercaste marriage are not allowed.



Conclusion: In the nutshell, socialization enables individual to enhance more cultural values and norms. Parents are the first agents of socialization. Socialization is help in the social recognition

(a) Introduction.

Social control is very important for the proper working of a society. Without control and accountability, individual became a habitual of self-comfort and peace.

Social Control.

Social control is defined as a accountability of a societal structure to the control agencies of a society.

(i) Social Control by Family:

Family helps in the social control of a society. Family describes about good or bad things to the individual. Family play an important role in the child birth.

(ii) Social Control by Peer groups:

Pressure by the Peer group helps to control the evils of society. Social accountability is very important to an individual of a society.

"Accountability is the premost and first priority of an individual."

(iii) Cultural Norms:

Cultural Norms and values help in the control of some bad evils of society! Constructivism stated about the protection of societal traditional norms and values!

(iv) Laws and Enforcement:

Social control can legally implemented by the laws and enforcement. Strict laws and enforcement makes accountable to the citizen of a state. Recently, On 9th May 2024, Government of Pakistan announced a law that restraints the use of social media as a result of 9th May 2023 violence.

(v) Implementation of Policy:

Implementation of policy is very important for the proper function of a society. According to

According to a Global Evidence Commission (GEC), evidence based policy should be implemented in the sector of education.

Family



Peer Group

Method of Control of Social Control

Cultural + Social Norms



Law and Enforcement



Implementation of Policy

QUESTION NO 4

INTRODUCTION:

Within the evolution of modern technology, modernization and globalization impact the sociological life of an individual. It has some negative and positive impact of society. It impart a positive impact such as "global new world". Social media causes the destruction of the societal structure of a society.

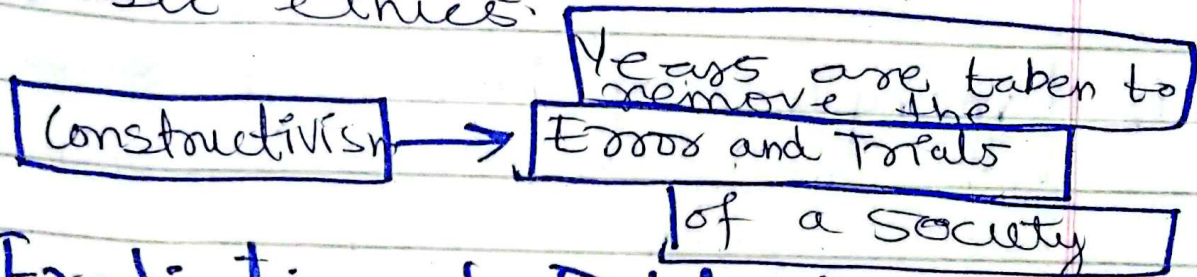
SOCIOLOGICAL IMPACT OF

MODERNIZATION

Modernization is happened due to the evolution of emerging technology such as Artificial intelligence.

i) Destruction of Social Norms:

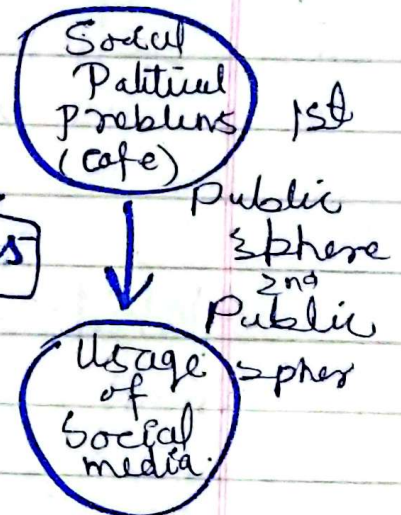
Within modernization, social norms of a society has been destroyed. There was not accomplishment of basic ethics.



(ii) Eradication of Public Discourse

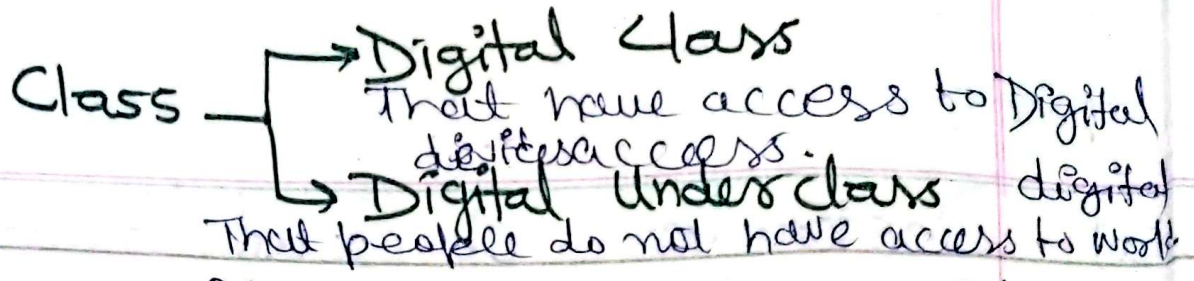
Public discourse mean that people are discussed about their social life problems in the Past.

Theory of Communication by Jurgen Habermass



iii) Division of Class

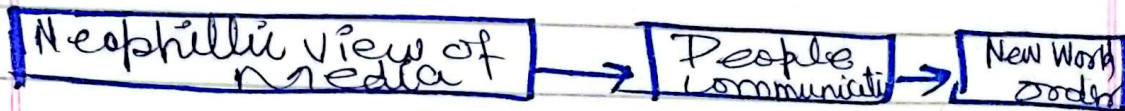
Due to the emerging technology. People are divided into two class one is digital class and other is non digital under class.



(Source: OFFCOM (Office Communication))

2) SOCIOLOGICAL IMPACT OF GLOBALIZATION

(i) **Emergence of New World Order:**
Within the globalization, new world order has been accomplished.



(ii) **Collaboration and Communication:**
Collaboration and communication would have been easy by emerging technology. WhatsApp, Skype and Gmo make life easy.

(iii) **E-commerce:** E-commerce is the major milestone of globalization. According to a State Bank of Pakistan, E-commerce makes the records to boost the CAGR of about

125 billion.

3. Dependency Theory:

Dependency Theory stated that within the evolution of time human being and evolution of technology are interdependent to each other for proper working.

3.1 Dependency Theory and Globalization:

Without depend on the globalization, no state can be progressed in the international and societal agenda.

(4) World-System:

System has different components of organ. World system stated that components of system of world are coherent work together for progress.

4.1 World System and Globalization:

World System and Societal structure cannot work together without the main component of globalization.

Conclusion:

In the nutshell, the sociological impact of globalization has increased the collaboration and communication within various sectors. E-commerce is the major milestone of globalization. On the other hand, the sociological impact of modernization causes the eradication of cultural norms and values.

