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Batch 53

UNIS ID 33581

Final MOCK

English Essay

Essay Writing.

Title:

Pakistan's Economic Future: Can the country achieve sustainable growth?

Outline:

I. Introduction

A. Quotation / Attention Grabber

B. General to Specific statements

C. Thesis Statement:

Pakistan's economy is facing many challenges in the field of FDI, Agriculture sector, education sector, healthcare sector, IT sector, along with political instability, militancy revival, secular conflicts, tax evasion and avoidance and climate threat. For better economic future Pakistan is in dire need to highlight these issues and find suitable solution for these.

II. Current economic situation of Pakistan.

III. Hurdles in Pakistan's Economic Future

1. Lack of FDI

- A. Fluctuating GDP ratio
- B. Physical threats for Investors
2. Faulty Education System
  - A. Outdated syllabus
  - B. Untrained staff and vocational programs unavailability
3. Political Instability
  - A. Interference of military in Govt affairs
  - B. Conflicts among political parties
4. Lack of Innovation in Agriculture sector
  - A. Unskilled and untrained farmers
  - B. Traditional way of farming
5. Loopholes in Healthcare sector
  - A. Lack of healthcare facility
  - B. Lack of infrastructure, medical equipment
6. Revival of militancy in Pakistan
  - A. Terrorist attacks across Pakistan
  - B. Untrained police in front of terrorists
7. Secular conflicts in Pakistan
  - A. Issue of Kurram in Parachinar
  - B. Unresolved negotiation
8. Tax Evasion and Avoidance
  - A. Real estate tax evasion
  - B. Faulty taxation System
9. Climate threats
  - A. ~~Floods~~ Extreme weather patterns
  - B. Natural hazards

IV. Measures for Pakistan's Economic Future.

1. Efforts for attracting foreigners for FDI in Pakistan.

A. Govt level policy making

B. Actual Implementation for FDI

2. Reforming education system of Pakistan

A. Updated Syllabus should be taught

B. Vocational training programs for the training of teachers

3. Bringing harmony among politicians

A. Independence of Govt in policy making by reducing the interference of military.

B. Resolve conflicts among political parties through negotiation.

4. Reforming Agricultural sector

A. Skilled and trained farmers for farming

B. Advance method for irrigation system

5. Reforming health-care sector

A. Healthcare programs should be introduced.

B. Providing medical equipment and infrastructure.

6. Revival of

6. Reducing revival of militancy

A. Surgical operation should be carried out across Pakistan

B. Trained and skillful police that can tackle terrorists

7. Resolving secular conflicts

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A. Negotiation among sunni and shia leaders.

B. Ulema involvement in reducing secular conflicts.

8. Faulty taxation system

A. Non-Documentation of Economy

B. Tax evasion by real estate and avoidance of taxes.

9. Mitigation steps for climate threat

A. Green World programs.

B. SDG Goals

V. Conclusion

A. Summary of essay

B. Specific to General statements

C. Final thought / Quotation.

### The Essay

"Political Powers has only one duty to work for the welfare of public."

- Benjamin Disraeli

Across world wide, <sup>The</sup> nations that have better economies become successful for achieving their sustainable growth. Many countries such as China, Russia, America and now our neighbouring country India has improved its economy a lot. India has achieved its sustainable growth goals by improving economy. Unfortunately, Pakistan is among those nations that

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are struggling with their economy. Pakistan's economy is facing many challenges in many fields such as FDI sectors, Agriculture sector, Education sector, Healthcare sector, IT sector along with Political instability, revival of militancy, Faulty taxation system, secular conflicts and climate threats. For making Pakistan's economic future better and to achieve its sustainable growth these issues must be highlighted. and political reforms and implementation is necessary for bringing Pakistan out of economic crisis.

Currently, Pakistan's economic situation is very bad. Firstly, Pakistan GDP is below 2% which is ~~very~~ one of the major loophole in achieving sustainable growth.

Secondly, revival of militancy in Pakistan and many terrorists attacks ~~led~~ by the terrorists ~~feel~~ Foreign investors afraid of investing in Pakistan. Investors demand <sup>thru</sup> at least 5% GDP for investment in Pakistan but due to low GDP they do not prefer investing in Pakistan.

Fourthly, there is critical conflicts among political parties e.g. Imran Khan led party and <sup>b/w</sup> currently Govt. Fifthly, Secular conflict exacerbated in Kurrum and after many peace deals still attacks are carried out in Parachinar.

Therefore, these are some of the major reasons and current situation of Pakistan.

Current situation of Pakistan eroded and impacted the fabric of economy.

There are many hurdles that become obstacle in front of sustainable growth. First

of all, lack of FDI is major issue in Pakistan. Foreign investors invest in

there to other country whose GDP is not fluctuating. But, in Pakistan in

FY 2021-2022, GDP of Pakistan

was 3.5% and in the year 2022-2023 GDP ratio was below

2%. This fluctuating GDP ratio make foreigners hesitant to invest in

Pakistan. Secondly, investors want physical security but unfortunately, due to revival

of militancy these investors are afraid of investing in Pakistan. Therefore, lack

of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) become as hurdle for Pakistan's sustainable

growth.

Secondly, Faulty education system is also a major hurdle. Firstly, Pakistan is

5<sup>th</sup> most populated nation in the

world. Majority of the people in this are youth. Youth become assets

if they are well-educated. 50% Above

50%. Unfortunately, due to faulty education system youth become despair. Education

provided to them is outdated and old. Secondly, the teachers and staff is not trained enough to teach students in efficient manner. Thirdly, 2.5 million children are out of school. Fourthly, spending on the education system is only 5%. Across world education spend is above 20%. Therefore, these are some of reasons faulty education system led Pakistan backward in its economy.

Thirdly, Political Instability is also major hurdle for sustainable growth. Firstly, Govt is not independent enough to make policies. Military personnels are involved in policy making. Secondly, There are conflicts among political parties. There is long going conflicts between PTI and PMLN. Many violent protest had been carried out by the PTI. These are the reasons that become as hurdle in sustainable in Pakistan's economy.

Fourthly, another major problem is in agriculture sector. Pakistan is among those countries whose GDP is directly dependent on the agriculture sector. But unfortunately Pakistan's agriculture sector is facing many problems. First of all, Farmers that are working are old farmer. They are working for years

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on the land but they are unskilled and untrained. They don't have proper training for farming. Secondly, there is no advancement carried out in agriculture sector. Old and traditional methods of irrigation is carried out up till now. Which results in slow and low proper production of crops, wheat, maize, cotton etc. Therefore, agriculture sector is also one of the major hurdle in boosting economy of Pakistan.

Fifthly, loopholes in healthcare sector is also a major problem in economic growth. Better economy requires better health care facilities. But unfortunately, Pakistan lag here. Firstly, medical facilities such as medical card, health insurance programs are very few. Medical treatment is expensive and people avoid going to hospitals this causes malnutrition and many health problems. Secondly, there is lack of medical infrastructure it means patients are more and hospitals and facilities provided to them are very few. In case of emergency e.g. Corona Virus, Polio virus, Dengue Virus these are those diseases that spread through contraction. But we have seen ~~po~~ 1 & 2 patients at a single bed. Therefore, healthcare sector is



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also a major hurdle in Pakistan's economic growth.

Furthermore, revival of militancy, secular conflicts, faulty taxation system and climate threats further fragmented the fabric of Pakistan's economy. Firstly, revival of militancy give more challenges to Pakistan. In 2025-2022 there was peace but from 2023 - dangerous revival of militancy started and many terrorist attacks - carried out in Pakistan.

Secondly, Secular conflicts ~~sets~~ raises in Pakistan. In Kurram dangerous secular conflict started. After many peace deals it still continued in Peshawar. Thirdly, faulty taxation system also contributed to challenge Pak economy. According to IMF 35% of the economy is not documented. It means business are not documented and they donot pay taxes.

In addition, Climate threat is major challenge for Pakistan. Because Climate affect Pakistan badly e.g floods in 2022, Heatwaves in June July 2024 etc. Therefore, revival of militancy, secular conflicts & faulty taxation system and climate threats has contributed alot to give tough time to Pakistan economy.

These are measures that can help Pakistan to combat these.

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Challenges and make Pakistan economy better and attain its sustainable growth.

Firstly, FDI investment is necessary for boosting Pakistan's economy. Govt needs to make policies that would comfort and attract the attention of foreign investment. So that they invest in Pakistan's different sector. For that purpose Defense, Agriculture, tourism and IT sectors would be helpful. Furthermore, Govt needs to implement on the policy making.

Secondly, Reforms in education system is very necessary. Education give awareness to nation. Firstly, Outdate syllabus should be replaced with updated syllabus.

Secondly, technical and vocational training programs should be conducted for the training of teachers and staff.

Thirdly, Harmony among politicians and political parties play vital role for boosting Pakistan's economy. Firstly, there should be independence of Govt in policy making with interference of military personnels. Secondly, Negotiation among political leaders and party members should be carried out for the stability in Politics. Therefore, harmony among politicians and political party would help in focusing on Pakistan's economy rather than

their personal interests.

Fourthly, Reforms in agriculture sector is necessary. Pakistan's GDP is dependent on the agriculture sector of Pakistan. Firstly, educated and trained farmers should be appointed in the agriculture sector of Pakistan. Secondly, innovative and new techniques of irrigation method should be adopted by the farmers. Thirdly, advanced equipment and machinery should be provided to the farmer for faster and more growth of agriculture in Pakistan.

Fifthly, reforms in healthcare sector is also necessary. Firstly, more no. of health care programs should be introduced in Pakistan. So that people have easy and cheap access to treatment. For example, Health Care Card in Govt of Imran Khan was issued to poor people who are fighting with cancer disease they can get free medical treatment through that card. Such initiatives are required in large numbers. Secondly, Provision of medical equipment and a more infrastructure is the responsibility of Govt to provide. Therefore, reforms in healthcare sector directly contribute to boost Pakistan's economy.

Furthermore, surgical operations

should be carried out across the country for complete eradication of militant groups in Pakistan. For that <sup>trained</sup> police can play vital role in it. Police should be trained through training programs to fight with terrorist. Secondly, secular conflict among people should be reduced through negotiation and by through fulfilling their demands. Peace is the fundamental component of better economy. It must be ensured among people/public. Ulama role in removing secular conflicts would be ~~of~~ impactful. Thirdly, reforms in taxation system is necessary. Because well-being and better economy of country is dependent on the tax collection rate. It requires proper <sup>tax</sup> documentation system and role of FBR. Tax evasion by the real estate should be reduced by the stricts action against Real estate and property dealers. Lastly, Climate mitigation strategies should be adopted to lower the risk of climate change. For that purpose, implementation on the SDG Programs and Green World Program would be effective.

To Pen off, Pakistan is still capable of achieving its sustainable growth. Although, Pakistan's current economy is under severe crisis in almost all aspects. Pakistan needs to have <sup>reform</sup> reforming its agriculture sector, IT sector, education sector, healthcare sector for attaining sustainable growth. ~~But~~ In addition, issues like revival of militancy, secular conflicts, faulty taxation system and climate threats had eroded the fabric of Pakistan's economy. These issues also need to be resolved by taking many steps at government level. Negotiation and harmony is the key to success in political aspects. Pakistan's politicians and political parties members need to understand that without peace and harmony, Pakistan can never boost its economy. These political powers have to put aside their personal thoughts and conflicts and become unite for the prosperity and development of Pakistan. Lastly, All the nations that become supreme powers because they <sup>have</sup> also faced these problems and they find out solution for these problems. If Pakistan wants to achieve sustainable growth there

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is need of effective policy making  
and implementation. ~~By~~ Hoping Pakistan  
will be among developed nation one  
day.