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Historical evolution of Religion derived Nationalism in India:

Introduction

According to two Nation theory, Muslims and Hindu are two different nations having different culture, art, architecture, ideas, values, beliefs and religious practices. But religion played an important role in making the two distinct nation. It becomes the bases for nationalism in India. This is due to many historical events. Due to long Mughal period, Islam got flourished and led to Muslim nationalism. However, after the downfall of Mughal Empire, many revivalist movements started. These movements included efforts of Sitch Ahmed Sirhindi, Shahi wali Ullah, Darul-Uloom Deoband. Similarly many events like Hindu's atrocities towards Muslims led to Religion derived nationalism in India.

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Reasons for Religion derived nationalism in India.

1. Impact of Mughal period

Mughal empire lasted for more than three centuries. During that time period, Islam flourished and reached to every corner of India. However, Hindus and Muslims kept their identities distinct.

2. Efforts of Shiekh Ahmed Sirhindi to revive Islamic values

i) Downfall of Muslims and disintegration of Islamic values

During the reign of Akbar, Muslims were moving away from Islamic values. Akbar introduced its own religion "Deen-e-Elahi" which was a sort of mixture of Islamic and Hinduism values.

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ii) His efforts for preaching Islamic values:

He send his disciples in different areas of India for preaching Islam. He stressed upon teaching of Holy Quran and Hazrat Muhammad (SAW).

(IH Qureshi, A short history of Pakistan, 1967).

iii) Stress on Jihad

Sheikh Ahmed stressed on the Muslims to revive the spirit of Jihad. Muslims were busy in worldly life and they should take part in Jihad to revive glory. This thing produced a religion-based nationalism.

2. Shah Wali - Efforts to revive Islamic values

Translation of Holy Quran in Persian
Shah wali-Allah Translated

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Holy Quran into Persian. So that common people could understand Holy Quran in their language.

(ii) Spread the teachings of Holy Quran

He produced a galaxy of scholars. His sons were prominent scholars. He send his disciples for spreading the teaching of Holy Quran. His efforts revived the spirit of Islamic teachings.

(iii) Institutions for religious education

He established schools and Madrasahs for education of Islamic values. He also write books "Seraat-e-Mustaqeem" and "Tafhimat" for social and individual reforms respectively.

iv) Efforts for Jihad and letter to Abdali

He stressed upon the Muslims

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to take part in Jihad. He even wrote a letter to Ahmed Shah Abdali to save Muslims from wrath of Marhattas" (A short history of Pakistan, I.H. Qureshi, 1967). Due to his efforts, a sort of religion-based nationalism induced into Muslims of India.

3. Dar-ul-Uloom Deoband Movement

The Deoband movement was most influential movement in India. It generate new ideas.

(i) To counter Arya Samraj

Mulana Meerak Shah established learning centres in Agra to counter against Shudhi movement and Arya Samraj. (Ian Talbot)

ii) Support Ottoman Empire and opposition against imperialism of Britain

Deoband movement was staunch supporter of Ottoman Empire.

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It supported the Ottoman Empire because it was a Muslim Empire.

iii) Preservation of Muslim identity

Mufti Aziz-ur-Rehman established Dar-ul-Ifta to provide religious, economic and social guidance to Muslim. Also, Fatwa was issued by Dar-ul-Ifta to deal all daily problems.

iv) Formation of Islamic Political party

It formed a religious political party, Jamiat-e-Ulema Islam Hind. which worked for rights of Muslims.

4. Role of Khilafat Movement in disseminating religion based nationalism

Khilafat movement's objective was to save Ottoman empire from disintegration. Since this

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was a Muslim Empire and Muslims of India organized themselves for its cause. Due to which Muslims learn a lot of lesson from this movement and this led to religious nationalism.

5. Significance of Two-Nation theory

Two nation theory became the basis for separate Muslim identity. Many prominent leaders like Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Allama Iqbal and Quaid-e-Azam played their role in this regard.

Quaid-e-Azam said in a address to students of Punjab University, "Muslims are a separate nation and nation requires a land because nation cannot exist in air, therefore separate land should be provided to Muslim so that they can live peacefully with their Neighbours".

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Conclusion

In a nutshell, religious nationalism in India did not grow in a day or week, it had evolved over from consequence of many religious movements and events. Due to which religion-based nationalism increased in India.

Q No-7 Effects of Agricultural problems semi-industrial sector Pakistan The country of Agriculture

Introduction

Pakistan is a agricultural country because a large proportion of its population is directly or indirectly linked with Agriculture. As a result of this, if a problem occurs in agriculture sector, industrial sector of the country got affected. Agriculture contributes about 23-24% in

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Pakistan's GDP and is vital for economy of the country.

Semi-industrial Pakistan having dependence on Agriculture and effect on it due to Agricultural problems

- 1) Agriculture employes more than half of work force

Agriculture sector employes more than half of work force in country. This ratio is different for urban and Rural Areas. The Rural area consists of 60% of people are associated with Agriculture. So if a problem occurs in this sector, this can lead to loss of employment. (Pakistan Bureau of statistics, 2024).

- 2) Problems in Agriculture sectors leads to loss of remittances/foreign exchange
Pakistan exports many crops including rice, cotton and wheat

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which is important source of earning foreign exchange. So problems like less crop yield and less agriculture output can produce problems for country in terms of foreign exchange earning.

3. Important source of raw materials for industrial sector

Industrial sector depends on the raw materials provided by agricultural sector. Since, Pakistan is a semi-industrial country, it either exports raw materials or produces intermediate products to add value.

For example, sugar mills depend on the production of sugar cane.

4. Banking sector dependence on agriculture

People in banks or other institutions depend directly or indirectly on agriculture. Farmers and producers deposit their

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money in banks and do transactions.

So problems in agriculture sector will affect the farmer which will in turn affect the banking sector.

5. Old farming techniques has resulted in less yield and low outcomes

In Pakistan, the agricultural techniques are old. As a result crops yield is low and Pakistan is unable to compete in international markets. Its regional neighbours India and Bangladesh are producing high yield crops and Pakistan is unable to compete with them.

6. Provides basic need of population.

Agricultor sector is a source of food for people in Pakistan. Major crops like wheat, rice, sugarcane, cotton etc are grown which provide basic needs of

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population

7. Problem in agriculture sector ~~can~~
Leads to trade deficit.

Agriculture sector is producing exports of country and makes country able to import necessary commodity. If this sector faces problem, it would lead to trade deficit. As country's imports would be greater than its export it would create a trade deficit.

8. Agricultural problems leads to increase in cost of food

Due to problems in agriculture sector, the crops yield would be low and ~~people~~ prices of food will increase. Since, demand of people remains same but food amount is less which results in increasing cost of food. And country has to import food to fulfill

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population needs.

Conclusion

In a nutshell, Pakistan being a semi-industrial country depends on agriculture sector. A problem in agriculture affects the country. It has been observed that low yield, less productivity, old farming techniques are some problems of agriculture which has affected the provision of food. These problems have affected exports, manufacturing sector and banking sector of the country.

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Climate Change: A threat to economic security of Pakistan and its solution

1. Introduction

In the current century, climate change has become a major threat for environment. It has not only had consequences for environment but also for economic security for the country. A country like Pakistan where population planning and proper mitigation strategies are poor, climate change is another threat for economic security of the country. Climate related disasters have resulted in loss of infrastructure and displacement of people. Therefore, climate resilience is the need of the hour to save Pakistan's economy and save country from its devastation.

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2. Climate change: A threat for economic security of Pakistan

i) Climate-related disasters have resulted in loss of infrastructure and crops

According to economic survey of Pakistan, 2023, Pakistan lost \$30bn worth of infrastructure in the floods of 2022. This was a huge blow to economy of Pakistan

ii) Climate-related disasters resulted in displacement of people

Due to 2022 floods, 33 million people got displaced (Pakistan Bureau of statistics, 2023). This resulted in many social problems.

iii) IMF's condition to Pledge money for climate resilience Pakistan's economic situation

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is not good and national exchequer is on the verge of collapse. In the mean time, IMF has conditioned loan for pledging budget allocation in building climate resilience of the country which has further weakened the economy.

iv) Melting of glaciers and Pak improper preparation

Due to climate change, global temperature is increasing. As a result, glaciers are melting which can cause floods in future. However, due to ~~econom~~ financial constraints, Pakistan is not ready to mitigate these disasters which can affect economy of Pakistan.

~~Very poor:~~

v) Climate change can affect Country's GDP

Pakistan is a agricultural country and climate change can affect it badly.

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The low or high rainfall can devastate crops which are source of subsistence and exports.

"Agriculture contribute 23-24% in country's GDP".

So, low yield will result in low contribution to GDP.

VI) Climate change threat to country's Exports

Climate change also can affect the exports of country. Since most of Pakistan's exports include agricultural product. So due to climate effect agricultural yield could be low and results in lowering the exports of country.

Way Forward: How to solve climate change problems and reducing its effects on Pakistan's economy

Climate change is not only a threat to environment but

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also to economic security of the country. However, its effect can be reduced by population planning and proper mitigation strategies and taking steps to build climate resilience.

i) Population planning should be done

In Pakistan, Population growth rate is more than 2% which is more than the average growth rate in India, China and Bangladesh. Pakistan should introduce population planning policies to control its growth. China is following 1-child policy while Bangladesh growth rate is 1%.

ii) Formation of population zones of Areas -

A Mitigation : Similarly Pakistan should make zones of area and divide it into Areas Red, Area Yellow and Area Green. In

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Area red or Zone red, no construction should be allowed. Similarly, yellow zone limited construction should be allowed. While in green zone all type of construction should be allowed. This is one of the mitigation technique for climate-related disasters.

iii) Pakistan can mitigate climate related disaster by increasing communication.

Recently, Pakistan has launched home made satellite EO-1. Along with other functions, this satellite will provide weather information and information about natural climate change. So communication should be increased between institutions to mitigate disasters.

iv) Pakistan should build climate resilience

Pakistan should make

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dams and store the water.

This would not only save country from floods but will also increase production of hydel energy.

"In COP29, Developed countries pledge to provide Loss and damage fund of \$300 bn which will be provided to developing countries."

(UNFCCC, UN, 2024)

v) Pakistan should use drought resistant seeds

Pakistan should use drought resistant seeds to mitigate the effect of climate on crops. High yield seeds will not only increase the yield but will also resistance against climate.

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Conclusion

In a nutshell, Pakistan economy is under threat due to climate change. In the past floods had affected the infrastructure and caused huge loss to economy. Therefore, climate resilience is necessary. Various steps can be taken. In the way country can reduce the effect of climate change on economy of the country.