

International Relations

Paper-II (Outlines)

Question No # 01

Key issues post World War-I resulted in onset of a world war-II

- (1) Introduction
 - Post world war I scenario
 - Conference Potsdam, Tehran
 - Woodrow Wilson's Idea of league of nations.
- (2) Formation of league of Nations and America's pursuit of the policy of Isolationism.
- (3) Egoistic pursuits of leaders in Europe and Russia ~ Realist's notion of classical Realism.
 - Germany's Nazi
 - Italy's Mussolini
 - Russia's Stalin.
- (4) Expansionist agenda's of states
 - Japan's invasion of Manchuria
 - Genocide of six million Jews in Europe
- (5) Various state's agenda of maximization of military power in relation to the other states

→ Rise of US military arsenals industry.

Conclusion.

Question NO #05

Expectations from Trump's reentry in presidential office and its global implications

Introduction

→ Trump reentry: the win of populism

→ Background of Trump's winning president
election for the second term.

→ Lessons drawn from the Trump's previous
tenure of being US president.

- Trump's withdrawal from climate policies.
- Trump's anti immigrants' policies
- Trump's initiation of trade war with
China and other European countries.
- Trump's principle of 'America First' and
America for America's policies.

→ Expectations from Trump's second tenure
as US president.

→ Withdrawal from climate policies.

- Strict visa policies for immigrants
- Protectionist measures against china.
- Ceasefire of Israel-Palestine Gaza war and Russia-Ukraine war.
- Trump's expansionist agenda for Canada.
- Facilitating American business by welcoming skillful personnel and students to USA through its softening visa policies for them.
- Trump's proposal of increasing NATO's defense budget from 5-6% of countries GDP.
- Trump's racist pursuits ~ promoting Americans as superior race.
- **Analysis** ~ 1
- **Conclusion**

Question No. 04

Main Triggers of revival of multipolar world order

Introduction

- Multipolar world order ~ Definition.
- Transition from bipolarity to unipolarity and from unipolarity to multipolarity in contemporary world.

- Failure of International institutions in terms of prevention of conflicts led to the creation of other institutions alike for instance BRICS, SCO, etc ^{centralised}
- Failure of International institutions in terms of eradicating poverty led to the formation of many institutions for instance, ADB and ABD by BRICS+ as alternative to IMF and WB
- US monopoly over UN
- Rise of \$ 'currency swap' based trade between countries ~ detollarization.
- US trillion dollar debt
- US pursuits of war through backing of Ukraine and Israel ~ a reason behind weakening of US economy
- Re-election of Trump; a threat to ideals of democracy.

Bipolarity was the reality of the past and multipolarity is the truth of contemporary world.

Analysis ~ liberal institutionalism

Conclusion