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Pakistan - Affair

Qno:- 03

(1) Introduction:-

Ajizah movement has been the episode of success for the muslims of Sub-Continent. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's view of educating the muslims of India would cure the miseries of them were the right choice. The muslims were alienated after the war of Independence because all the tables had turned against them. From education to Unemployment they were outnumbered by the Hindus - This pushed Sir Syed Ahmad Khan to pursue education and enlighten muslims. Sir Syed's effort for educating muslims to facilitate good ties with the Crown were remarkable achievements which later on resulted in the formation of All-India-Muslim League and the realization of identity preservation and fight for the cause were all the result of Sir Syed's untiring efforts for Ajizah movement.

(2) Muslims after the war of Independence:-

War of Independence was the joint effort of muslims and Hindus for Britishers unfair policies and practices that subjugated

The people of Sub-continent. However, after the end of war of Independence, Hindus change their life and accepted all the new changes implemented by the Govt. However, the Muslims remained unaware of the sudden change - which resulted in change of language in professional sphere and denied their right of employment. That was the catalyst more by the Hindus and bitterness to life-time Muslims.

(3) Aligarh movement: a blending in disguise to uplift the status of the Muslims of Sub-continent.

Aligarh movement was the educational reforms introduced by the Sir Syed Ahmad Khan to uplift the Muslim Muslims and make their stand at front in speaking and fighting for their cause. Some of the educational reforms under Aligarh movement by Sir Syed Ahmad Khan has discussed below.

(3.1) Loyal Mohammedans: pamphlet addressing the real cause of wake of NOI:-

British view of a

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view that Muslims were the real culprit behind the outbreak of war of Independence as portrayed by the leaders of the Sub-Continent. However, Sir Syed was aware of the Muslims loyalty and the services rendered by the Muslims of Continent. He printed a pamphlet highlighting the real cause of the war of Independence by highlighting their unfair policies and subjugation. Sir Syed also highlighted the services rendered by the Muslims of the Sub-Continent and paid loyalty to the Crown.

1.2) Creating awareness among Muslims that modern education does not conflict religious teaching:-

Muslims were of a view after the changing of language in all sphere - it threatened that the modern education poses a serious threat to their feelings of Islam - hence, soothing is the only option left to Sir Syed Ahmed Khan - a judge being himself aware people that it does not conflict with religious teaching more compliment it by highlighting the importance of education in Islam.

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(3.4) Scientific Society to educate muslims through research and publications.

Scientific Society was created to publish the books and articles in the best language to encourage muslim acquire knowledge the steadfast in life. Researches of muslim scholars and scientist to kindle in british awakeners to reflect the importance of education. Scientific Society connected not only the muslim of the sub-continent, but also the people of India including britishers by fostering trust.

(3.5) Tehreek-ul-Ikhlag to highlight the pain-points of muslims cause:

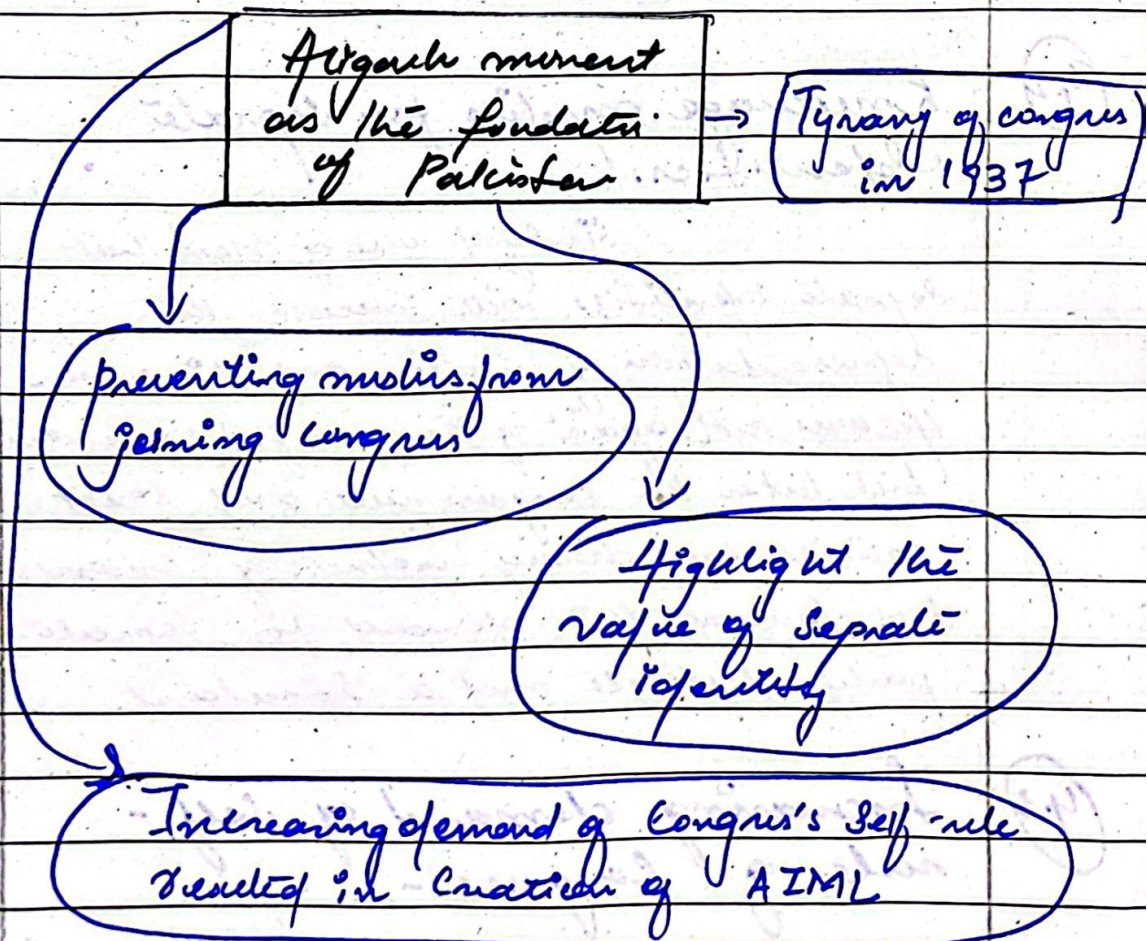
Tehreek-ul-Ikhlag was the magazine published weekly and monthly by the Sir Syed Ahmad Khan - which highlight social and political cause of muslim plight. It help understanding muslim that it is not the system but our practices that hindered growth and success because religion has not set any boundary.

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How Aligarh movement played the
foundational role of Pakistan:-

Aligarh
movement was the educational reform - which
highlight that education is a way
of out from this misery. This helped in
instilling the importance of separate identity
that eventually led to foundation of
Pakistan. Some of the factors are discussed
below.



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(4.1) Preventing muslims from joining Congress

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan prevented muslims from joining Congress because he felt Congress is all Hindu parties and it only exploit the muslims of the sub-continent. Congress believes the only party needs to be exists is the all India Congress. Which lead to conflict of 'fear', 'separation' and demand for separate province.

(4.2) Encourage muslims for separate identities.

Sir Syed were of view that separate identities will increase the representation of muslims and their cause. He was not against of the view for cooperation but later the Congress rule and strict policies and heavy handiness of crown led towards the demand for separate party, electorate and a homeland.

(4.3) Increasing demand of self-rule of Congress:-

Congress was against

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for a separate party and always oppose the cause of muslims. Although muslims supported in congress and people like Jhadeb Karamchand was in congress - still the opposition of congress in everything from reversing the partition of bengal to vote against separate electorate resulted in formation of All-India Muslim League.

Tyrannical rule of congress was the last nail in the coffin:-

The congress won the election of 1937 with the agenda of protecting minorities and guarding their rights. However, the shift from activism, optimism to narrow and self-serving rule was the worst of a nightmare to the muslims of the sub-continent. It awakened the muslims that hindus and muslims are separate nations speaking different languages, to culture and conflict of ideas and the foundation of Pakistan.

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⑤ Conclusion:-

Figah movement was the equational reform that awakened the Muslim intellectually as well as morally - that despite of constant support to British and Hindus, they always oppose the Muslim in this cause. Since then Sir Syed's unremitting efforts for Muslims and factor stimulating the pain resulted in the formation of All-India Muslim League and eventually the land of peace 'Pakistan'.

Q no- 04

Introduction:-

Climate change is the new threat to the world, but it has mostly affected countries like Pakistan - with contributing less than 1% in Green house gas emission (GHG) the country is ten most vulnerable countries to climate change. Despite of the threat poses to the country; negligence are at peak - population

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growth, rising weather and of the trailer constructing to mitigate by changing new ones

Climate a threat a econo

change has humanity and of stopping the attack

Pakistan has affecting sea no b.

Pakistan

Last five million

agriculture climate

but a

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growth, resource depletion and extreme weather and disaster are some of the trailer of it. There is a dire need of constructing effective strategies and planning to mitigate the environmental impact by changing traditional practices to the new ones through balance approach.

) Climate Change mere not only a threat to environment but a economic security to Pakistan.

Climate change has passed a real threat to the humanity and the planet. The Paris agreement of stopping the temperature at 1.5°C has been attacked with extreme weather events.

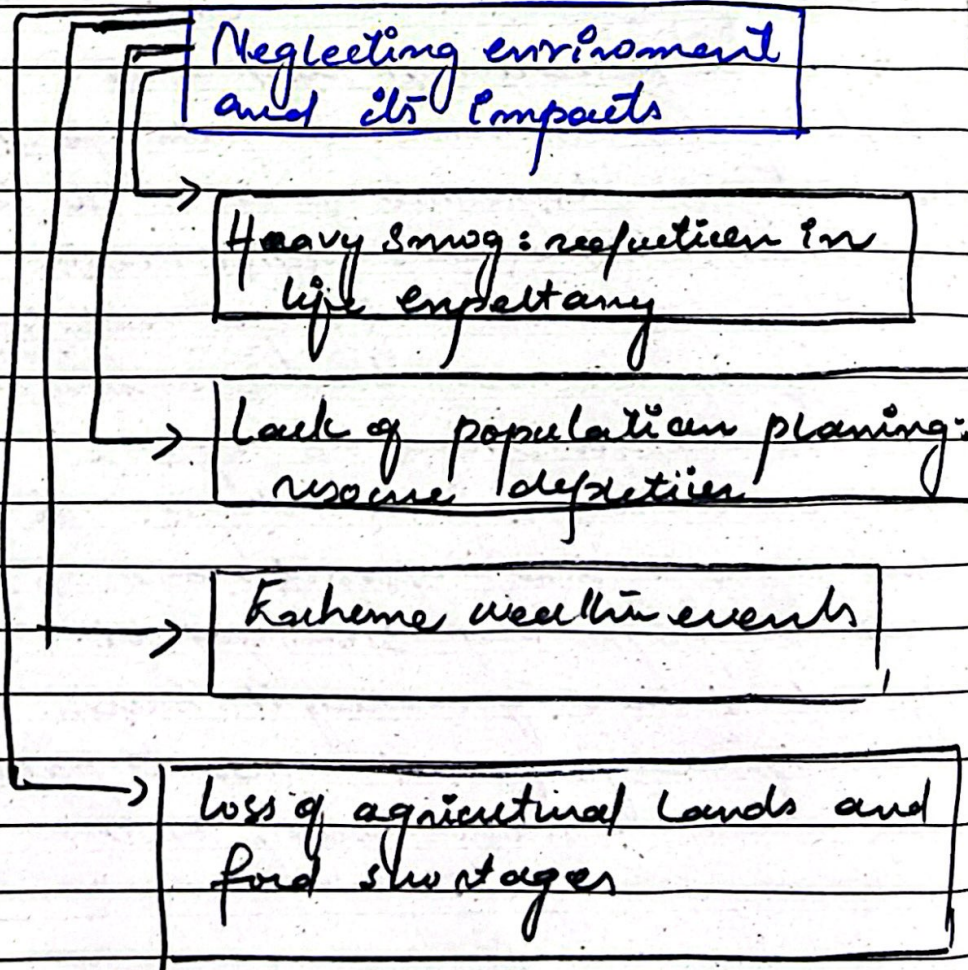
Pakistan not in the list of major contributors has affecting the most because environment has no boundaries and the people in Pakistan are at verge of collapse. The last flood of 2022 - affected around 33 million people and submerged the agricultural lands by making it barren. Hence, climate change is not a weather pattern but a real economic security threat.

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③ How neglecting environment Impacted air quality in Pakistan:-

Neglecting environment in the twenty first century is the gravest problem, because environment today poses threat to the most less contributors to it. Pakistan is one of them which has experience, floods, draughts to heatwaves. hence no measures have taken seriously to curb the impacts. Some of them are listed below.



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Heavy smog:

has witnessed. required the various changes of air quality. Smog resulted in FY-2020. Quality Index with worst, Pakistan's per required to 10.

Lack of

a home of which 84% rate is more India (1.9). stands at growth has resources.

Extreme

is a home

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Heavy Smog: reduction in life expectancy, -
The Pakistan

has witnessed the heaviest smog - which
reduced the visibility and increase the
chances of accident. Along with it, the heavy
smog resulted in worst air quality reported
in FY-20204, according to the American Air
Quality Index - Pakistan has been affected
with worst, along with it, WHO states
Pakistan's people life expectancy has
reduced to 15 years."

2) Lack of population planning
and resource depletion:-

Pakistan is
a home of 241 million people living, on
which 64% of youth. Pakistan's growth
rate is more than its immediate neighbors,
India (1.4), China (1.1) - however, Pakistan
stands at 2.7. The Unchecked population
growth has resulted in more share of
resources.

3) Extreme weather events:-

Pakistan
is a home of beautiful mountain ranges

to historical sites. However, neglecting environment has resulted in extreme weather events. The flood of 2010 and 2022 are reported to be the worst in the history of mankind. Along with it, FY-2024 has been recorded the hottest year of the year with temperature exceeded 50°C in urban centres affecting people like never before.

(34)

Loss of agricultural land and food shortages:-

Pakistan is an agrarian economy, but due to outdated practices and lack of farmers training has exacerbated the situation. According to the report published by ISRA - Pakistan's 59% land of agriculture has been wasted due to salinization. Besides, the report published by WHO-2022 reveal the only 21% of people in the country have safe access to water and 44% live in acute food shortages.

(4)

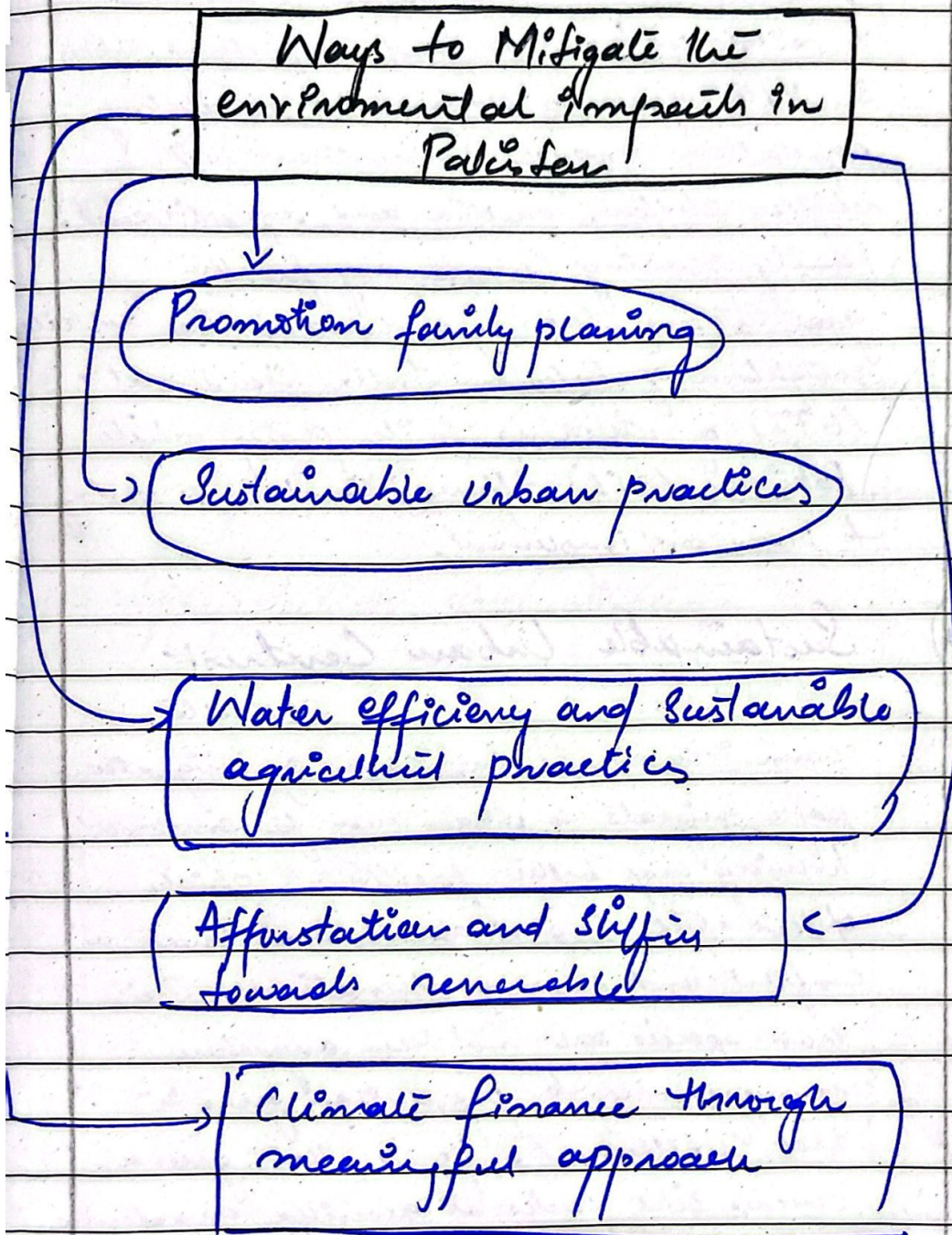
Ways forward: mitigating and adaptation:-

The environmental impact can be cushioned by mitigating

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and adopting to the sustainable practices. Some of them are discussed below.



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(41)

Promotion family planning:-

Family planning has been as a taboo to discuss due to religious backlash and conflicting ideas. The state needs to address the escalating population through cooperation with religious scholars, media and advertisement. Family planning is necessary for the growth and success of a country. The host neighbours of Pakistan- India stands at (67%) of utilizing family planning while Pakistan (31%). Hence, the time is today to plan and implement.

(42)

Sustainable Urban Centres:-

Climate change is a major one cause of migration- people migrate to urban areas for employment, housing and better facilities. which deteriorates the environment and leads a comfort and sense of alienation. The green spaces are not seen anywhere anymore due to population growth and resettlement. Hence, the green centres like parks or green infrastructure can help mitigate the impact while protecting the environment.

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4.3) Water efficiency for Sustainable agricultural practices:-

Pakistan has moving towards water scarce country and being an agrarian economy, the practices for water consumption and utilization are the need of hour. Drip irrigation and water metering with checking the ground water depletion and protecting it are some of the fundamental ways for curbing the environmental impact on the people and the country.

4) Afforestation and Shifting Towards Renewable:-

Afforestation is the best cost option for making the environment sustainable and healthy. Pakistan generate 82% of its energy from non-renewable - which is alarming because it affect the current account of a country plus the environment. Pakistan took the initiative with festivals for afforestation which is the step in the right direction. The balance approach of renewable and non-renewable are the need of the hour.

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③ Conclusion:-

To conclude, The environmental impacts are myriad that has affected the country till now before and the environment of the world has become a security threat of a country. The negligence in planning of environmental lead towards heavy weather changing patterns and some internal problems including not shifting towards renewable and population growth has affected it. Hence, the measures aforementioned in the questions are the need of the hour for environmental protection and growth.

Qno:- 06

Introduction:-

The statement mentioned in the Question highlight that Pakistan's debt cycle has resulted in the economic plight of the country. The continuous cycle of debt and this vicious cycle has increase the dependence on foreign aids to inefficient

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tax system, loss making state owned enterprises and the tussle between the state institutions has exacerbated the situation like never before. The economy of a country prosper with the long term policies, commitment and investment in human capital would result in the better growth and bring sustainability and cohesion.

Dwelling the statement reflected the vicious cycle of debt:-

Pakistan is

a home of blessed natural resources and the bounty of the nature. However, due to the fact that muslim nations are prosperous in resources but poor in management has resulted in the foreign aid for growth or even to dodge the default. The heavy reliance on foreign funding either through the projects or dodging the default has resulted in the economic plight of a country. The economic woes get deeper with the other factors as well.

(3) Key Issues of economic plight of a country:-

The economic plight of a country is a result of many unfortunate issues. Some of them are discussed here under.

(3.1) Chronic dependence on External Borrowing:-

Pakistan has repeatedly turned to external sources for its funding including loans from International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Bank (WB) or foreign governments to meet its fiscal deficit and stabilize its economy. The country is caught in a vicious cycle of loans which are used to service previous debt, creating long term dependency on foreign aid.

(3.2) Inefficient Tax System:-

Pakistan's tax system has remained one of the world's most inefficient tax systems. A narrow tax base, large informal economy and complex fragmented tax structure hinder revenue generation. The country relies heavily on Sales Tax, which are regressive.

disproportionate to poor. The inability to increase tax revenue has created the economic woes of a country.

3) Loss-making State-Owned enterprises:-

Pakistan state-owned enterprises are in a peril of loss that is getting worst with each passing year. The inability of privatizing the SOEs of a country creates a loophole for inefficiencies. According to report published by Federal State Owned enterprises in between July 2023-2024 Pakistan lost Rs 406 billion rupees in the SOE.

4) Political Instability:-

Pakistan's politics has witnessed the instability in the country due to power tussle between the opposition and ruling government. According to International justice Pakistan is an authoritarian regime due to heavy politicization and narrow space of consensus left no room for growth.

(3^s)

Reversing oney discourage the foreign direct investment:-

The current wave of reverses in Pakistan has opened the new arena of problem. The attack on Chinese nationals to targeting errors has resulted in slow down the process of CPEC phase II - which slowed the economic revival of a country.

(4)

Ways to address the economic plight of Pakistan:-

The economic issues of a country could be addressed through mutual cooperation and putting national interest at the forefront would yield favourable outcomes. Some of the ways are discussed below.

(4.1)

Consensus based policies with visionary long term policies:-

The vested interest of the politicians result in politicization - hence consensus based policies by putting the national interest

at top will yield good outcomes. The
coherence among the parties and enacting
the charter of democracy would create
an environment of trust and growth. The
consensus based policies would result in
long term policies and growth.

2) Realistic Tax reforms:-

The structural
reforms are needed to address the tax
evasion by expanding the tax base and
rely on direct tax instead of indirect
tax. The agriculture sector needs to be
taxed by giving a playing field to the
industrial sector. The reform of targeting
the informal economy through vertical
and horizontal tax approach would
result in addressing the economic issues
of a country.

3) Sustainable Debt Management:-

Instead
of relying on fiscal deficit loans for fiscal
shortfalls, Pakistan must develop a
sustainable debt management strategy that
involves reducing its debt to GDP ratio.
This could strengthen domestic

revenue generation, controlling unnecessary expenditures and managing external loans.

(4.4) Climate adaptation and Infrastructure development:-

Addressing climate change and updating sustainable infrastructure should be a priority. Invest in sustainable energy sources, water management and disaster preparedness will help mitigate economic risks associated with climate related disasters and long term security.

(5) Conclusions:-

Pakistan's economic challenges are deeply rooted in structural inefficiencies, poor governance and short-term policies. The country's focus on seeking quick fixes through loan with financing these issues resulting in a never ending cycle of debt trap. To break this cycle, Pakistan must move beyond temporary solutions and adopt comprehensive approaches and long term reforms that address this imbalance and enhance capacity.

Qno:-08

Introduction:-

The relationship between judicial independence and parliamentary oversight is a cornerstone of democratic governance in Pakistan. In Pakistan, the imbalance between the two has been a subject of considerable debate, particularly in the context of 26th Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan. To critically evaluate it - there is a dire need of understanding the constitutional principles to judicial independence and parliamentary influence on it.

Judicial Independence: Constitutional Foundations.

Judicial independence is a fundamental principle enshrined in the Constitution of Pakistan to ensure the judiciary's function without interference from the executive or legislature. The Constitution guarantees the independence such as;

Security of Tenure:-

The judges of

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Supreme Court and High Court are appointed for fixed term, which ensure they can not be removed by neither the executive nor the legislature as per the constitution.

(2.2) Autonomy in decision making:-

The judiciary has given the power to interpret the constitution and laws independently. This allows the judiciary to safeguard the fundamental right of the citizen.

(3) Parliamentary Oversight: Constitution Role:-

While judiciary's independence is a key principle, parliamentary oversight serves as an essential check on judiciary's power. The ways mentioned in constitution are as follows:-

(3.1) Legislative power:-

Parliament has the authority to legislate and amend

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Constitution. Through these powers, parliament can define the scope and jurisdiction of the courts, and introduce the reforms that improve the judicial process.

Impeachment of judges:

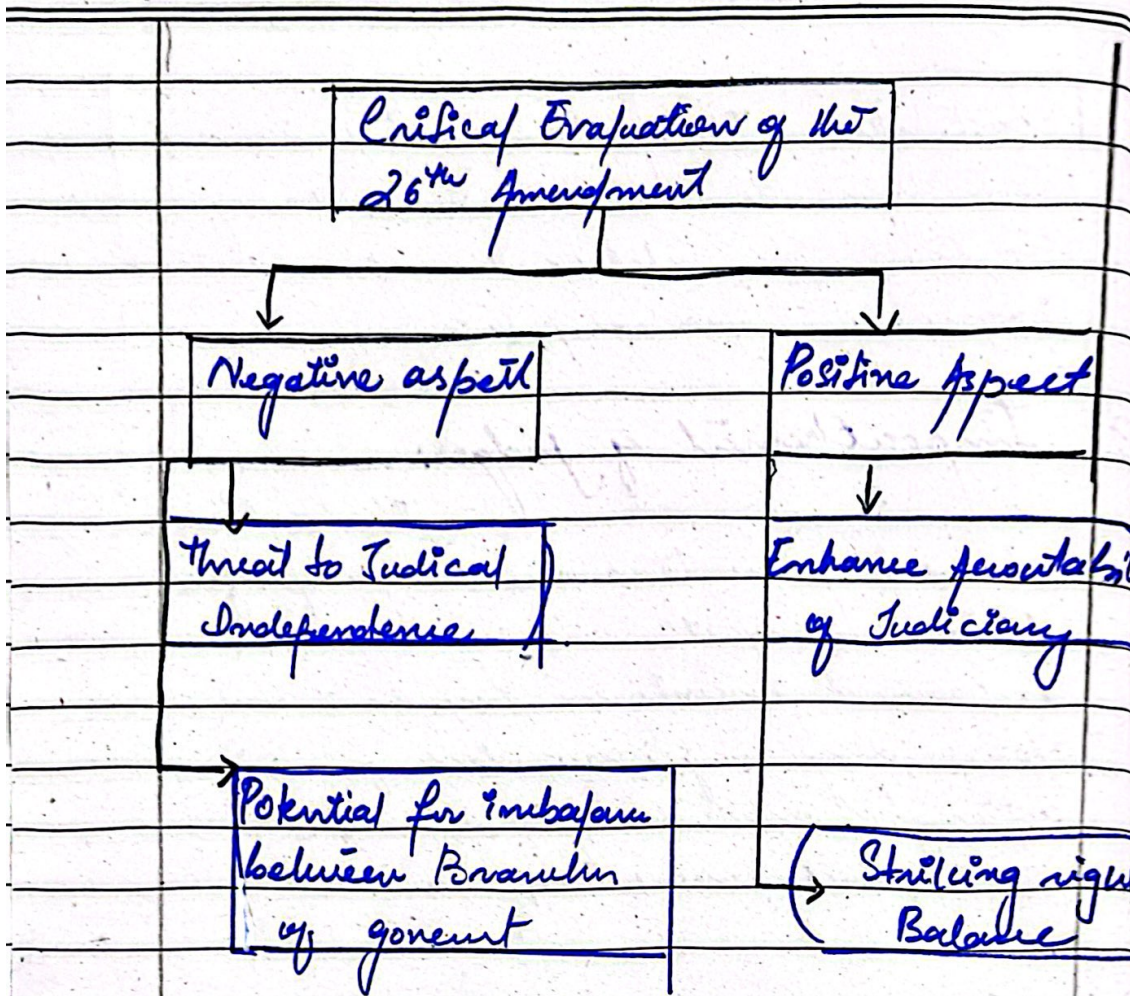
The constitution allows a power to remove the judges for proven misconduct or incapacity. This impeachment process is an important tool for holding judges accountable for their actions but must be used in a manner that respects judicial independence.

Critical Evaluation of the 26th Amendment on Constitutional Foundation:-

The newly amended 26th to the constitution has its own boon and a ban, some of the key provisions of the constitutional amendment are discussed here under.

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(4.1)

Threat to Judicial appointment:-

The most

significant threat 26th amendment poses is that it increases the influence of executives and legislatures in the judicial appointment process. The amendment posed a broader role for the parliamentary committee and the prime Minister in Judicial appointment. Greater involvement of the parliament and legislators in the judicial appointment process may lead to the polarization of the judiciary.

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2) Potential for Imbalance Between Branches of Government:-

The Constitution of Pakistan outlines the principles of separation of powers between judiciary, executive and legislature. Any attempt to alter the balance between these branches must be carefully scrutinized. While parliament exercises oversight, the judiciary's independence should not be compromised by excessive political involvement.

3) Enhance Accountability of Judiciary:-

The arguments favour the judicial accountability that it seeks to address the issue of ineffectiveness in the realm of judiciary. Judges like any other public servants, must be held accountable for misconduct, corruption or incompetence. While accountability is crucial for effective democracy, but the power oversight use by parliament and legislature need not be exceed the limit.

4) Striking the right balance:-

The Judiciary, parliament and legislature are all the branches of the government body, and they need

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to work complimentary to each other - rather
to favour of against each other. The '26th
amendment moves around the Judicial
appointment and held them accountable
for their inefficiency or perverse practices.
However, the appointment of judiciary seems
more of a political agenda in politicizing
the judiciary. Nevertheless, the hopes for
the healthy democracy - it is essential
to maintain a critical balance between
all the branches of the state.

(5) Conclusion:-

To conclude, the recent
amendment of Judiciary's power struggle -
reflect more of an judicial appointment
process and to ensure transparency and
fairness. These mechanisms must be carefully
structured to prevent political influence or
interference. Parliamentary oversight should
not lead to politicization or undermine
the impartiality of the judiciary.