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(Political Science Paper II)

(Part - I)

MCQ's

- 1- United Kingdom
- 2- Capitalism
- 3- The belief that govt has the right to rule & citizen should obey
- 4- IMF and WB
- 5- USA
- 6- UN
- 7- UK
- 8- Herbert Marcuse
- 9- Judicial Review
- 10- The distribution of powers among different branches of govt
- 11- Participatory democracy
- 12- Power shifts b/w major states can lead to war.
- 13- None of these.
- 14- Hereditary
- 15- 1917
- 16- 1989
- 17- The Act of influencing govt.
- 18- Judges of court
- 19-
- 20-

(Part - II)

Section - A

Question #02

Analyze the strengths and weaknesses of US federal system. How does the system of checks and balances function to prevent the concentration of power,

INTRODUCTION

USA has the federal system of government. It consists of both the strengths and weaknesses. The weaknesses in the US federal system include inequality among states, conflicts between the federal and state government, economic disparities and others. On the other hand, weaknesses in federal system of US include checks and balance, separation of powers, local autonomy, civil participation and others. Also the system of checks and balances function to prevent the concentration of power among different state institutions like executive, judiciary and legislative.

US FEDERAL SYSTEM

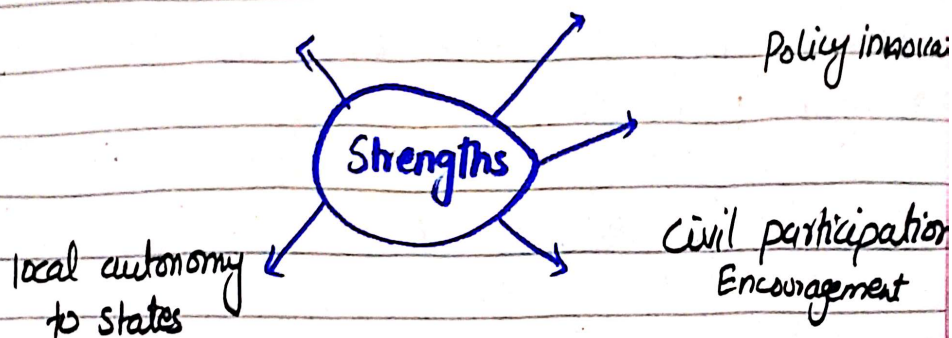
US federal system is a system in which the power is distributed among the centre and the US states. It is the world oldest

system and took responsibilities through the constitution.

STRENGTHS OF US FEDERAL SYSTEM:

Checks and
balance

Separation of
powers



•) System of checks and balance in US federal system.

System of checks and balance is a strength of the US federal system. As in US, there exists complete separation among the executive, judiciary and legislative. This is helpful in maintaining the effective working of each branch and responsible to their own duties.

The system of checks and balance of each branch to other help in the effective decision making. As in

Water Gate Scandal of Nixon effective checks of judiciary over the parliament viewed.

•) Separation of Power between different pillars - a strength to federal system of USA.

As, an effective separation of power exists between executive, judiciary and legislative in US federal system. In this no system interferes in other political system. As in Madison vs Marbury case the effective separation of powers seem.

•) Local Autonomy to the states in US federal system.

In the US, local government system, the local autonomy is provided to the states. They are responsible for their own laws and control over the state. This local autonomy is given to all 50 states of USA.

•) Civil participation is a strength in the US federal system.

Civil participation in the US federal system is a strength to the Government. As it help in understanding issues of the public and along with their participation, it became quite easy for the government to make policies.

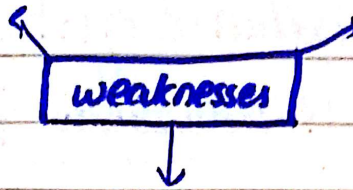
•) Policy innovation in US federal system:

In US federal system, the policies and laws regarding any issues are given to the provinces. Every state can make his own laws according to the conditions that it wants. There is no influence of government like in abortion laws, marriage and divorce cases etc.

WEAKNESSES IN US FEDERAL SYSTEM:

Inequality among states

Conflicts among the federal and states government



Economic disparities among states.

-) Inequality among the states is a weakness in US federal system.

In US federal system, there exists inequality among different states. As some states of USA are well established not only infrastructurally but also socially. These cause inequality and causes conflicts among the states.

-) Conflicts among the federal and provincial states in US federal system.

Somehow, conflicts emerge among the federal government and the states government. As, somehow in budget and any other lackness of states as compared to other states causes a conflict among federal and state government.

-) Economic disparities among states in US federation

In US federal system, economic disparities emerge among states. As some states have more resources that may be natural

causing the other states to lead towards the disparity condition.

US check and balance system function to prevent the concentration of power:-

The effective checks and balance system exists in USA. It helps in prevention of concentration of power among different cases. The system of checks and balance present among the legislative, executive and judiciary. These three pillars effectively check on each other and control the concentration of power among all pillars.

Cases in US where effective checks and balance system utilized.

- Marbury vs Madison case
- Watergate scandal & resignation of Nixon.
- Impeachment of Donald Trump in 2019-2021
- The Pentagon Paper case.

CONCLUSION

Hence, the federal system of US is the oldest system in the world. However, in this system also some weaknesses and strengths are present that are involved both the federal and state. The effective checks and balance system in USA helps a lot in

preventing the concentration of power through its dealing with multiple cases.

(Section-B)

Question #07

Analyze the consequences of 1937 provincial elections in British India for the Muslim League. Also mention the atrocities Muslims had to face during Congress regime.

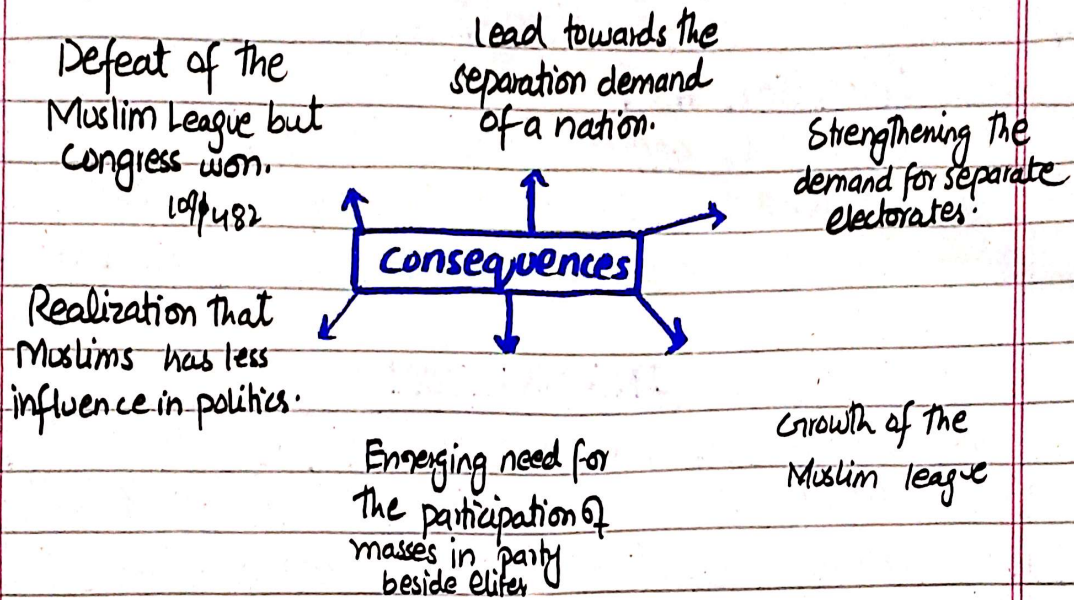
INTRODUCTION

The elections of provinces that were to be held in 1937 in British India paved a way towards the Muslims' brutal conditions. In these elections, although Muslims were won but the Muslim League lost. Due to which Congress became the ruling party in India. As for their rule concern, they move towards those conditions that were against Muslims. As they denied the Muslim presence in any education, economy, political sphere. Also, they imposed their language, religion and beliefs on the Muslims. This two years period of time was very bad for the Muslims living in Subcontinent.

Consequences of 1937 provincial elections in British India for Muslim League.

The 1937 elections in British India were a

a turning point for The Muslim League. In the upcoming years due to the defeat, the new economical and political emergence of Muslim League took place.



•) Defeat of Muslim Leagues in major provinces.

Muslims faced a defeat in the provincial elections of 1937. Muslim League defeated from the major provinces like UP. Muslim League only took **109/482** votes. This defeat was a great setback for the Muslims in the subcontinent.

•) Realization to the Muslims that they have less influence in politics.

After the defeat in 1937 provincial elections, Muslims realize that they have less influence in politics. As they were too much backward in education and learning. They were unaware

about the importance of these in politics that lead them towards defeat.

•) Emerging need for the participation of public in Muslim League beside elite class.

Muslim League defeat set alarm for Muslims living in the subcontinent. Quaid-e-Azam realized that more need of common public participation in party and politics beside the elite class. This will give them awareness about the politics and how to manage it.

•) Strengthening the demand for separate electorates.

After the defeat in 1937 provincial elections, the demand of separate electorates for Muslims that was already present became more strengthened. This gave awareness to the Muslims to know about their rights that were taken by Hindus.

•) Move towards the demand of separate nation for the Muslims.

The demand for a separate country for the survival of Muslims started. As, it was difficult for the Muslims to live under the rule of Hindus having a lot of difference among them.

Atrocities Muslims had to face during the congress regime 1937-1939.

-) Muslims were banned to acquire education from any type of school or college.
-) Urdu was neglected and Hindi was declared as the official language of state.
-) "Bandre - Mantam" was to become national anthem.
-) Congress flag became the national flag.
-) Hindus attempted to change the glorious history of Muslims in subcontinent.
-) Slaughtering of cow was abandoned.
-) Construction of new mosques were banned.
-) Muslims were restricted to perform religious obligations and practices.
-) Hindus targeted the trade and agriculture of Muslims.
-) Muslims cannot appeal for justice.
-) Educational reforms were introduced that were pure anti muslims.
-) Muslims were to be expelled from their workplaces forcefully.
-) "Viday Mandar Scheme" launched for the promotion of Hindu culture including Moti panam and Chharajiri.
-) Career opportunities were to be closed on them and they were kept away from economic.

Resignation of Congress Ministries

On "22nd Dec 1939" Congress ministries resigned and Muslims on the sayings of Qade-e-Azam celebrated the "Day of Deliverance".

CONCLUSION

In a nutshell, Congress ministries became too much brutal for the Muslims in the subcontinent as they restricted Muslims in any sphere of life. The Muslim League's brutal defeat in the 1937 provincial elections remained a setback for Muslims. Lastly, the resignation of the Congress ministries became fruitful for the Muslims.

Question #06

Judicial activism is the natural corollary of poor governance in Pakistan. Do you agree?

INTRODUCTION

Judicial activism is the natural corollary of poor governance in Pakistan. It is a mechanism that gives judges the power in their decision making often that are beyond law. In Pakistan, due to bad governance mechanism, judicial activism

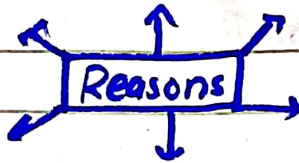
has become a natural phenomenon. As its limits exceeds beyond law in addressing the conditions of public concern. The reasons that judicial activism emerges from poor governance include weak governance institutions, public distrust on judiciary, lack of accountability along with many others

Reasons That judicial activism stems from poor governance in Pakistan.

weak governance institutions.

Politicization of institutions.

Failures to address human rights violation



Lack of environmental governance

Public distrust on the judiciary

No mechanism of accountability.

-) Weak governance institutions in Pakistan lead towards judicial activism

The weak governance institution in Pakistan lead towards the judicial activism. As when there will be no checks on the judiciary, then will be towards more destructive phase. This will show the more judicial activism on the public trust.

-) Public distrust on judiciary lead towards the poor governance towards judicial activism.

As The condition of Pakistan about **2.8 million cases** are pending increase causes the distrust of public on judiciary.

Also, judicial activism somehow gave power to solve cases of own interests irrespective of the public interest.

-) No mechanism of Accountability lead to judicial activism.

For the judicial activism, there is no mechanism of accountability present