

Q #03

ALIGARH MOVEMENT:-

1) Introduction:

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was born on 17 Oct, 1817. In 1836 he joined the East India Company. He was also awarded with the title of Sadru-Sadoor because he had 20 British families in 1857. He was a strong critic of the Muslim-Hindu collaboration. He was of the view that Muslims have a separate identity with this kind of thought in his mind he started Aligarh movement, which had left strong impacts on Indian Muslims.

2) EDUCATIONAL SERVICES:

Aligarh movement started its

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educational services with the formation of Gulshan School in Muradabad in 1859. It's other educational services were;

Victoria School
in Ghazipur
in 1863

M.A.O School
in 1875, which
became college
in 1877.

Risala Asbab-
beghawat-e-Hind

The Loyal
Mohammadians of
India.

Tehzeeb-ul-
ikhlaaq

3) POLITICAL SERVICES:

The political services include;

1) Conceptualized two-nation theory:

He was of the view that Muslims and Hindus were two separate nations on the basis of language differences. He

opposed the Hindu-Muslim collaboration in any joint venture.

II Protection of Urdu

In 1867, Urdu was the court-language of India, but ^{Hindu} ~~Muslim~~ were trying to curb it. They wanted Hindi to be the court language. But Aligarh movement protected Urdu in this Urdu-Hindi conflict.

III Removed a enmity between Muslims and British:

One of the objective of Aligarh movement was to remove the enmity between Muslims and British. He wrote some books and articles to remove the misconceptions of British ^{about} ~~among~~ the Muslims.

IV Arsenal of Muslim League:

All India Muslim League; the force behind Pakistan movement was created on the occasion of Educational Islamic Conference, held by Aligarh movement. Hence it became the main force behind Pakistan movement.

ALIGARH MOVEMENT AS FOUNDATION OF PAKISTAN

Aligarh movement is considered the foundation of Pakistan movement for the following reasons:

I Muslim Nationalism:

Aligarh movement inculcated the sense of nationalism among the Muslims of India. They started considering themselves as a separate nation. This realization led to formation of Pakistan.

II Propagation of Two-nation theory:

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Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the first muslim who felt that muslims are a separate nation and they should be considered as a separate nation. In this way he propagated the two-nation theory in India.

III Cordial Relations between British and Muslims:

British people had a misconception about the Muslims that they were the ^{reason} ~~relation~~ behind 1857 war. Aligarh movement tried to remove the enmity. The "Loyal Mohammedans of India, & Risala Asbab-e-baghawat-e-Hind" succeeded to form cordial relations between Muslims and British.

IV Encouraged Muslims to get education:

The foremost success of Aligarh movement was that it encourage the Muslims of India to

got education and to English language Acquisition, which helped the Muslims to raise voice for their rights.

CONCLUSION:

In short, the Aligarh movement was an educational movement but it have had it's political impacts that became a torch-bearer for the Muslims of the sub-continent. They realized the fact that they are a separate nation and should be treated as a separate nation. This sense of nationalism became a force that resulted in the independence of Pakistan.

Q # 08

26th Amendment

I) INTRODUCTION:-

on 21 Oct,
2024, The parliament of Pakistan passed the 26th amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan. Its main objective was to curb the extraordinary powers of Judiciary and Supreme Court. Where many people across the country supported the amendment, also there are some opponents of the amendment ^{who} that argue that it is an attack on the judiciary.

II Features of 26th Amendment:

The main features of the amendment are as following.

I) JCP's Structural changes:

The Judicial Commission of Pakistan was previously comprised of 8 members; including chief justice, 3 senior most judges, 1 retired judge, an attorney general, law minister and a member from council bar. But now the number of members are increased to 13. The 5 Parliamentarians are added.

II) Bench Formation:

Bench formation was the power of chief justice. But now the power has been shifted to JEP to form a constitutional bench.

III) Appointment of CJP:

The chief justice of Pakistan was previously appointed by president among the top 3 senior most judges. But now the Parliamentary committee will decide the name for CJP among the top 3 judges and then

Prime Minister will advise the President.
v Constitutional Court:

As per 26th amendment, a Constitutional Court would comprise minimum 5 and maximum 7-9 members. It would be headed by the 4th senior most judge and it would deal with all the legislative matters.

v Suo moto Power:

Suo moto power of CJP has also been given to the JCP. The JCP that comprises of government led parliament would have the power to take suo moto action.

vi Evaluation of Performances of Judges:

The ^{Supreme} Judicial Commission had the power to evaluate the performance of the judges, previously. But now JCP and parliamentary committee have the power to evaluate and review the performance.

of judges, then they will send the report to SJC to take action against the judge.

CRATICSISM ON AMENDMENT:

→ The new mechanism of reviewing the performance of judges will erode the impartiality of judges.

→ This amendment will reduced the judicial autonomy.

→ The executive and legislature will have more power over the judiciary.

→ The public trust over the judiciary will be eroded.

→ It will disturb the "separation of power".

HOW CAN IT BE CRITICALLY EVALUATED:

The 26th amendment should be critically evaluated

to ensure the separation of
powers

I Appointment Procedure:

The appointment procedure that has been changed should be fair and merit-based. The current procedure of appointment of Chief Justice is creating doubts that it is an attempt to curb the powers of Judiciary.

II Performance Evaluation:

The power of evaluation of performance of judges will erode the impartiality as there is a possibility that the judges could try to please the government to protect their tenure.

III Suo moto Power should not be in hands of Parliament:

Although many chief justices has excessively and misused the power of suo-moto.

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still the shifting of this power into government's favor will undermine the democratic values and separation of power.

iv Suspicious procedure of Amendment:

More, importantly, the way this amendment was presented and passed in the Parliament has raised serious concerns. This amendment should have followed the same procedure that our Constitution support. The whole procedure has made it more suspicious.

v Constitutional Principles Should be considered:

There is a constitutional procedure that should have been followed. Moreover, the amendment is

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and human rights These issues
concerns should be addressed
to make the amendment transparent.

CONCLUSION:

To conclude,
the 26th amendment have
disturbed the concept of
"separation of power. It has
raised serious concerns for
the independence of Judiciary.

The Judiciary has been
subjected and executive and
legislative are left with the
extra-ordinary power. There is
a perception among the
general masses that
it is an attack on the
Judiciary to curb the judicial
autonomy and these concerns
should be addressed on
priority basis.

Q # 07

i) INTRODUCTION:

Pakistan is a semi-industrialized country. Its industrial sector heavily depends upon the agricultural sector of the country. The interplay between between these two sectors has significant impacts on our economy. The industrial sector has been facing severe challenges due to poor agricultural sector. The country should introduce some reforms to agricultural sector to improve industrial sector.

ii) Dependence of INDUSTRY ON AGRICULTURE:

There are many such industries in Pakistan that depends

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upon the raw material to
from agricultural sector.

Textile Industry:

The textile
industry of the country depends
upon Cotton.

Sugar Industry:-

The sugar
industry depends upon Sugar-cane.
Both these raw materials
are a product of our
agricultural sector.

iii) IMPACT OF AGRICULTURAL PROBLEMS ON INDUSTRY:

The problems in agricultural
industry are posing serious
threats to industrial sector.

i) Shortage of Raw-material:

First of all, the water
scarcity is affecting the
agricultural yield. The country is
facing water shortage due to
poor irrigation system and

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climate change. It results in reduced crop yield that directly reduces the producing capacity of our industrial sector

ii Outdated & Agricultural Techniques:

The reduction in crop yield and the production of low quality raw material are leading severe impacts on the industry. As without the high quality raw material, the industries are not able to produce quality products that reduces their competitiveness in international level.

iii

iii Increased Cost of Raw-material:

As country is facing ^{problem} of reduced crop yield. It leads to price hike. When industries use the costly raw material, they

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produce the products that are also costly. It leads to high inflation across the country.

iv Dependence of Industries on Foreign Exports:

Due to loss of crop yield and absence of quality raw material, industries of the country seek alternative resources. As a result they are left with no other option except to rely on the ~~own~~ foreign export. The industries buy raw material from other resources including foreign countries.

v) Closure of Industries:

All these agricultural problems led to closure of industries. Recently, two industries Toyota and Nishat have shut down.

their industrial setup, in Pakistan. So agriculture problems are hurting the industrial sector as well.

IMPACT ON ECONOMY:

Impacts

- Trade Deficit
- Inflation
- Reduced Imports
- Companies are shifting from the country
- Dependence on IMF auspices
- Current Account Deficit

WAY FORWARD:-

Pakistan should take following steps

to come out of this dilemma.

