

Systematic Flaw in Pakistan's Education system and Remedial

Outline:-

i). Introduction:-

ii). Flaws in Education System

a). Education for knowledge but not for skills learning

b). Less allocation of budget for education

c). Imbalanced quality of education

iii). Some Remedies for Educational system in Pakistan

a). Improving of skilled labours

b). Equall Education system for all

c). Institutions for teachers trainings

iv). Conclusion

Education is a Key of success for any country.

There are many systematic flaws in Pakistan educational system which can be improved.

by some majors and urgent steps by the government.

Besides social and economical needs, education is also our religious duty. In Islam to attend education is compulsory for every muslims men and women.

Through its creations, education is a matter of significant importance in Pakistan, which needs attention in every sector.

The basic purpose of education is not just gaining knowledge and gathering of information, but developing the ability to use education in daily life scenarios. In Pakistan teaching system is old, students are promoted on the next class just on the basis of knowledge but not on in depth knowledge. Teachers

are not well trained and using old and non-technical and non-interesting techniques for teaching. This is the major reason of unemployed educated men and women. Unskilled labours could not be beneficial for economical development of any country.

Pakistan's Government allocated total 1.91% of total GDP in budget (2024-25), which does not meet the modern needs. Education sector should be the major portion of budget. Due to the insufficiency of funds, Pakistan's educational institutions do not fulfill the modern needs. We have less educational and technical institutions according to population.

Educational institutions in Pakistan have insufficient classrooms, unqualified teachers, and lacking of basics infrastructure and technical tool. So Educational portion should be increased in annual budget to compete the modern era.

Educational institutions in Pakistan do not have central and uniform curriculum, there is great difference in education of urban and villager areas as well as in quality of government and private institutions. That's why students of villagers areas or government institutions could not compete in job market with urban or private sectors students. It may be not possible

for government at that time to enforce uniform education but uniform curriculum in educational institutions, could be enforced. This will increase the confidence, self esteem and equal opportunities for all students.

Some steps which could be taken by the government for the improvement of education are dire need for that time. Vocational training institutions and other technical institutions should be increased in Pakistan.

There should be career counselling in school and colleges for students to gain idea about job market and for learning modern skills accordingly.

Mere education or knowledge

without skills is not enough.

Pakistan's government should increase strength of skills developing institution with fully equipped modern tools and needs.

Researches show that for ultimately progress education should be compulsory and equal for all. Uniform curriculum should be enforced in all educational institutions even if they are government or private, rural or urban.

Additionally qualified and professional teachers should be hired. In Pakistan most of the teachers are using old and cramming techniques for teaching, so there should be institutions and workshops on regular base for teachers training. Hiring

of teachers should also be on merit by checking delivering ability and not just on academic based results.

Education is a basic pillar for socio-economical growth of any nation. Although there are many systematic problems in Pakistan's education system which does not meet the modern needs. The role of government is very important to cover all the problems to attain ultimate goals for Pakistan's progress.

According to Benjamin Franklin,
"The investment in knowledge pays the best interest."