

Question No: 02.

- ii- This explanation is clearer than previous one. ✓ 6
- iv- Every candidate must submit one's application before the deadline. ✗
- v- The historian elaborated the causes of the rebellion. ✗
- vi- The list of essential books was submitted to the committee. ✓
- viii- She was impressed by the unique solution presented during the debate. ✓

Question No: 3(A).

The historian paused, looked directly at the audience, and said, "The fall of ancient civilizations cannot be attributed to a single cause; however, we must consider several interconnected factors, including environmental degradation, economic instability, and political corruption. Moreover, the notion that these societies simply vanished is absurd. They transformed, evolved, and in many cases, their descendants continue to thrive today. When examining primary sources from that era, particularly letters written by merchants, farmers and government officials, we discover a far more complex narrative than traditional text books. Dr. Ahmed, one of the leading scholars in this field, has argued that we must read between the lines to understand what really happened. The evidence, he claims, speaks for itself."

Question No. 3(B),

ii- The committee voiced concerns ~~of~~ the implementations of new regulatory framework.

iv- The argument is predicated ~~from~~ the assumption that all parties will act in good faith.

viii- The report dwells extensively into the socio-economic consequences of urban migration. X 0

x- Scholars often differ from the interpretation of ancient texts, particularly when sources are fragmentary.

i- The treaty was negotiated on the auspices of several international organizations. X

Question No. 1

Title: The Role of Hore and Horsemen in Medieval Europe. X

The relationship between human and domesticated animal reflect deeper cultural values rather than mere practically - In medieval Europe, horses played a central role in shaping social, economic and military life - Their breeding and training requires specialized expertise held by skilled horsemen who could assess animal through subtle physical signs, and lineage knowledge. Among them, farriers were particularly important, as they combine craftsmanship with medical understanding to maintain horses' health and performance. Though not belonging to elite classes, farriers were indispensable to all levels of society - Their workshops functioned as center of learning with skills were passed down through observation and practice - Horsemanship itself was viewed as an art, with regional differences emphasizing either control or partnership, mirroring broader cultural beliefs - The most admired horsemanship was achieved by perfect harmony with their horses, symbolizing unity between human intention and animal response. 6