

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

One day as a lion
is better than a hundred
as a jackal

1. Introduction:

A shorter life of courage
and bravery is better than a
longer life of fear and cowardice.

2. Why is a courageous life better?

(i) A courageous life upholds human
freedom and integrity.

→ Case in point: The courage of
Princess of Jhansi and
the cowardice of King of
Hyderabad - a comparative
analysis

(ii) Bravery and daring define the
boundaries of the nations and
people and deter aggression.

→ Case in point: The bravery
of Muslims of Medina deterred
Persian aggression.

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

(iii) Storing security at the first place, bravery brings progress.

→ Case in point: Rise of China and its global reach — Pakistan and India still lag behind

(iv) With progress comes fame.

(v) It incentivises conquest and expansion.

→ Case in point: Alexander's idea of 'fortune favors the brave'

(vi) The conquest establishes civilization

→ Case in point: The heroic arrival of Aryans

(vii) Often touching the apex, the civilizations turn authoritarian — bravery initiates social change movements against brutality.

→ Case in point: French Revolution

3. A glimpse of the life of lions:

(i) The bravery of Rashidun Caliphate and their rise and growth

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

is unprecedented.

- (ii) The bravery of British and movement against oligarchy and subsequent global dominance is an epitome of bravery

4. A glimpse of the life of Shackles:-

- (i) The life of people of Sub-continent during the colonial period is imperative to note
- (ii) The life of South African during apartheid era which brought subjugation

5. Some precautions linked with bravery:-

- (i) Every battle is not meant to fight
- (ii) prevention, strategy and bravery go hand-in-hand

6. Conclusion

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

The life of a lion — in every period of its life — is desirable than a life of a jackal in its totality. A day of lion's life equates the entire life of a jackal. It is because the former lives a life of bravery, freedom, courage and daring; whereas, the latter lives it cowardly. As a result, it brings fruits for the former. A nation of a rare living like a lion, just like the lion, enjoys and leverages many achievements. They uphold their freedom and integrity while the cowards do not. They define their boundaries with their daring and prevent any sort of aggression on their lands. Security achieved at the first place with courage, such nations enjoy progress, economy, political growth and a coveted standard of life. Inevitably, with such a great milestones, famers follow them. Arguably, the people having security and progress tend to expand and

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

aim to conquer other nations and make their Civilization, so does a lion. However, every rise has a fall. The same Civilisations become more authoritative when reaching the apex. It is again the bravery that encourage social change movement against brutality. In addition, an empirical observation also supports this proposition of bravery and excellence - one can see that how the daring of Muslims of Medina prevented Persian aggression and allowing Muslims prevail. On the other hand, the miserable life of the people of sub-continent was the result of accepting the foreign domination. Today, the state of Medina is exemplary while the colonial period of sub-continent a lesson. Thus, it is bravery which is valued not cowardice. Therefore, the life of every Civilization should value freedom and bravery not cowardice and subjugation.

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

prophet Muhammad was not wrong when he said, "The blood of martyr is much valued against a brutal king. It is the Jihad (the holy war) which God has commanded." He was true since it indicated that how freedom and bravery encourages and upholds human freedom and integrity. A lion is more free than a jackle as the former can wonder, can hunt while the latter cannot. The princess of Jharkhand realized this maxim - in the colonial period of India, when the colonial powers were subduing the sub-continent, the princess did not bow like a jackle - Roaring like a lion, she went through British infantry to get defend its rightful land. She died in the face of British military might; notwithstanding, she uphold the freedom of her state. Her contagious state of Hyderabad followed otherwise. Throwing his fame and integrity in Ganga, he embraced subjugation like

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

a jackal. Today, the pinners of Jhansi is a pincered while Nilam is the symbol of fear. No parent today teaches Nilam to children, but the history of Jhansi - it is because Jhansi reveals that how freedom can be attained at the cost of death.

Bravery and daring define the boundaries and prevent usurpers to eye one's very own valuables - A kid having identity of retaliation is valued than a man having identity of silence on wrong and unjust - in the relations of the nations, it is sound too - the countries, who roar like a lion for their rights, are feared - in antiquity, when the state of Medina was established, the Persian King ordered a very large expedition against the Muslims. Chronology states that his generals advised him to relinquish the idea given the bravery of Muslims and their victories despite being

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

numerically less in number - It, critically, employs that daring for what is lawful and true and what is legitimate makes the adversaries realise that a reaction is imminent - It discourages aggression and no one deems fit to violate the boundaries. But remember, it only works for those who can roar - In such a way, it establishes security.

The security of a nation or an individual does not lie in a vacuum - It requires brave efforts - once materialised, it brings progress - China is a classic example - under the British yoke, it strived for a free China - It roared and signalled that — no more domination on end to the era of humiliation - Fast forward to 1949, British left China and declared it independent - The daring of Chinese banished the intruders and made an environment of growth and progress - The then

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

Chinese leadership again embarked on an economic venture as a lion ventures in jungle - it resulted positively. From 1979 till 2019, China's economy grew at 9.5%, notes International Monetary Fund - Arguably, it unveils that a nation, however is efficient and ambitious cannot grow unless it makes bravery its companion - As a lion and tiger move for a hunt, so does bravery and progress - Every word of written human history will not suppose that a country or a race can be coward and prosperous at the same time - The fame only follows the brave.

The connection of fame is visible with bravery - It can arguably unveiled in two possible ways: First, a brave expedition itself bring fame; second, a successful brave adventure make an environment of growth and development as like China - Robert Green in his famous book

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

48 Laws of power argues that the reputation and fame are biggest source of power multiplier - critically if his argument is evaluated, it sounds persuasive. Human decide their acts in response to the reputation of the other - they decide their doom seeing the past record of the person - it shows, thus, the fame is a door opener - as the argument suggests, bravery brings progress and fame, and fame opens other ventures - Someone can wonder that a lion unaware of the discourse of mankind and sharing no firm relation yet holds a name - just because of its bravery which makes it famous -

The lion does not live in a small habitat. It considers the entire earth its abode - Brave nations share similar traits with lion - once established security, progress and fame, they aim to expand their empire - Historically, the brave nations who

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

who conquered their fear also conquered the world- in this context, Alexander was right when he said, 'fortune favors the brave.' many empires such as Ottoman, Roman, Islamic, British and even French empire ruled more than their territory- the world is truly the playground of brave- it cannot be imagined that their conquests and global reach would have been possible without bravery.

The conquests followed the bravery help establish civilization- no human civilization today is established without conquests- The Aryans, who migrated from central Asia, conquered the sub-continent and their conquest established Indus valley civilization- from the civilization, arguably, Hinduism emerged- The important language of Sanskrit came into forefront. The rise of urban life emerged for the first time in human history- it portrays that civilization as

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

considered the most important phase and achievement of human life is not possible without bravery - one cannot walk in a dark night in a street. How will it make a civilization? It is the wisdom of bravery that takes human from soil and land it on the civilization -

When the civilizations reach to their apex, they relativise public delivery. The maxim, "power corrupts and absolute power corrupts absolutely" is visible in the empires - Ottoman empire, Mughal empire and even the Roman empire: privileged elite rather than the poor - the formation of Janissaries in Ottoman empire, Barbarians in Roman and Marathas in India are the evidence of such neglect. Here, again daring comes in forefront. The daring of the braves make the society to revolt against the authorities - one such example

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

can be noticed from the French Revolution- The brave people of France toppled the corrupt government- it unveils that bravery not only establish a civilization but also make way for social change-

In addition to the rise of human freedom and making a civilization, a comparative analysis of Jaisal-driven and lion-oriented life is important to establish that Jaisalism is never a policy- The bravery of Rashidun caliphate and their subsequent growth and development portrays that how roaring is a blessing. In Ridda wars, Caliph Abu Bakar led a small expedition as compared to adversaries and defeated them- In Battle of Yamama, under the rule of Caliph Umar, Khalid bin Walid led the forty thousand Muslims against one lakh twenty thousand Byzantines, and war-chronicles note several other such instances. Their

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

bravery expanded the city state of Medina into a civilization where the Golden age of Muslims took place - their brave expeditions brought them a life that every Muslim aspires today -

A similar instance of leading can be seen in the agitation of British people during Glorious Revolution - against the oligarchy and despotism, the people toppled the regime - Subsequently, a new regime was installed where industrial Revolution took place - Today, the blessings of globalization are the result of the century-long industrialization - certainly, the valour of British have a firm connection with the developments of twenty-first century - Had they had not come against the oligarchy, the global developments would have not been happened - Savagery of a very pathetic standard of life would have awaited the humankind -

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

These two instances show that how a valor can change the course of history.

To the contrary, the life of people of sub-continent — marked by fear — is a lesson for the world-rising from glorious days of industrial revolution, the British became so powerful that it conquered India. The people of sub-continent accepted British domination. They adopted British culture and their way of life. They were playing jackal in the shelter of the lion. They have no as such milestones as Britons and Caliphs had. It was their cowardice that instead of repelling the intruders, they accepted their rule. Had they staged a very powerful resistance against the Raj, they would have got their name in annals like Britain and the Islamic Empire. Given their intimidation, several colonies

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

politics impede their development today-

As established that bravery brings what the cowardice does not, ~~there~~ there are some precautions attached with bravery- first, every battle is not meant to fight- Bravery does not mean violence or ~~social~~ charge or conquest every time- Bravery, arguably, is content-bound- cowardice in every sense general- compromise does not mean cowardice- it is strategy driven- The famous writer Sun Tzu says that the real valor is the one who wins without fighting- winning the campaign is not bravery, but dominating the war itself is bravery- So, the bravery must be gauged carefully- it involves that prevention, strategy and valourity go hand-in-hand- in itself, bravery is not in isolation but linked with a broad array of factors- Hence, the wisdom behind bravery — not only pragmatism — is important-

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

To sum up the debate, it is well evident that the life of a coward is not equal to a single day of the life of a brave. The life must be short, but lived with freedom and boldness - it brings many achievements in the domains of politics, economy and even reaching to the level of civilisation. Suppression, on the other hand, comes in the shape of a jocka who lives in the confinement of subjugation. The biggest enemy of such beings is their fear and hesitation. The history, thus, reveals that for development and progress, bravery in politics, in economic ventures and in all walks of human life should guide the planning and actions; especially countries like Pakistan should initiate more brave policies in economy and statecraft as a whole to come out a pathetic state of affairs. Besides, the Muslim world, given its internal rifts and western subjugation must end its secondary

DATE: _____

DAY: _____

status. Like a lion, it should roar in global affairs and claim its legitimate place - thus, fortune favors the brave - those who intend to live a life of a lion must adapt its traits of bravery. Coming out of jacobinism is not easy; however, when there is a will, there is a way.