

Why Nations Fail?

Your language is fine, but if you don't comprehend the topic, how would you pass the essay.

Outline

I. Introduction

Your thesis statement and first two arguments are fine, but then you deviate from the topic. There is a difference between state and nation. You are talking about the factors that eventually lead to the failure of the state not the nation.

Work on your following things

- * Improve your expressions
- * Try to come up with diversified and recent examples

II: The reasons behind the failure of nations

- * Don't explain examples
- * Avoid informal writing
- * Avoid cutting
- * Work on your topic comprehension
- * Punctuation should be improved
- A. Low priorities for the education
- B. Lack of health facilities
- C. Compromised security of inhabitants
- D. Social disharmony
- E. Governance crisis
- F. Self-interest policies and laws
- G. Perks and privileges of ruling party
- H. Large territories but flawed administration.

Must attend the tutorial session for further suggestions and flaws

- I. ~~Prefering secondary needs while ignoring the primary ones.~~
- J. ~~Mismanagement of sufficient resources~~
- K. ~~Systemic Corruption~~
- L. ~~Flawed taxation system~~
- M. ~~Loosing the cultural norms~~
- J. ~~Ignorance of women participation~~

III Conclusion

Your thesis statement and first two arguments are fine, but then you deviate from the topic. There is a difference between state and nation. You are talking about the factors that eventually lead to the failure of the state not the nation.

“Indeed, Allah will not change the condition of a people until they change what in themselves”

Link it to your actual introduction via a sentence.

(AL-Quran)

Not making sense

Humans are historically individual in nature. Starting from their history, they have been thinking that they should be preferred individually. However, evolving landscape of human history has shown that they were organized in the groups consisting similar race, culture, religion and territories. Moreover, when they were named as nations, they formed systems of running those nations including the ruler and the ruled. Regrettably, nations have failed because both the ruler and the ruled could not be able to run their lives. Following this, there are multiple reasons behind their failure. The reasons include; the nations had lacked education entirely so did the health and security resulting

Social disharmony, Moreover, the govern-
ance crisis and the perks and
privileges of rulers lacked the
contentment of policies and laws
they had made for people.

Similarly, economy runs the nation
but its excessive misuse by commi-
tting corrupt practices and
evading the taxes leave the
nation in lurch. Therefore, nations

are comprised of the rulers and
governed. Similarly, the failure of
nations can be traced by the
shortcomings of both segments
of society. Moreover, the reasons include
social, political and economic factors.

When all these factors contribute
simultaneously the nations fail then.

First and foremost factor of failure
of nations is, low priorities
for education. Education is building
block for the prosperity and
development of a nation. However,
the rulers including the ancient monarchies

deprived people of this basic need.

Try to come up with recent examples

For instance, Chinese civilization is an ancient monarchy which kept Chinese people away from education. Owing to this curse Chinese governance had to build the walls to secure its people from internal as well as external aggressions. If Chinese had educated their people, they would have lacked the character but they. Therefore, the education of a nation is necessary otherwise, it fails nations like Chinese failed in the history.

Avoid such expressions

Don't use firstly secondly expressions

Secondly, health has been the fundamental factor for the progress of a nation. However, if a nation has failed to get the as a whole, it would be failed in the forthcoming future. There had been multiple pandemics in the history like the recent Covid-19, which had killed millions of people. but if people deal of people. Similarly, similarly, the Polio, Dengue and

Can't use such tense here

AIDS in the developing countries. Therefore, lack of health facilities in such pandemics and disasters will definitely kill the manpower of that nation. If manpower had been enticed, the nation as a whole would have been failed. Hence, health crisis contributes towards the failure of nations.

Thirdly, Security of nation is necessary tool to prevent it from any harmful stroke. The security includes securing the habitats from wars, insurgencies, climate change, and others. If a nation fails in securing themselves from such disasters by taking preemptive steps like alert military, disaster task force and enough expenditures, it will be failed in achieving bigger goals. For instance, Soviet Union failed to curb insurgency within its territories, which became the key factor behind the collapse of

You are providing too many old examples. Try to come up with some recent examples.

Social republics. Ultimately, security of nation in internal and external circumstances is responsible for the success and failure of nations.

~~Fourthly,~~ the major reason for the failure of nations is social disharmony. When lack of health, education, and security are prevailing, then social disharmony would be originated. Concurrently, social disharmony contributes in failure of a nation like cancer destroys men. In this scenario, the when social disharmony peaks, the governments cannot control except for launching military operations on their people.

~~Therefore,~~ consequently, this leads to the widespread civil wars within different segments of nations and governments. ~~For~~ Therefore, as Zigzagler argued that war ~~do not~~ ~~do not~~ kill people, but it destroys generations. Hence, social disharmony is responsible for failure of nation.

One can't find the difference
between your arguments.

Following Social disharmony, the style
of governance also shapes a nation.
If there ~~are~~^{is} governance crisis, it leads
to national disorder, and national
disorder would result in failure
of nation. Multiple nations have
been destroyed due to alarming
governance crisis. For instance, Mughal
empire spread in the whole South
Asia, but when ~~there~~^{had} governance became
irresponsible, it had leaded towards
their failure and British inclusion
in the Indian Subcontinent. Finally,
governance failure will result in
failure of nation.

Addition to Social Disharmony and
governance problems, self-driven
powers and laws introduced by
the government also fails a
nation internally. Moreover, when
ruling party implements policies
beneficial for their personal
interests irrespective of serving
people, it results in polarization.

of the society. Simultaneously this polarized environment results in the confrontation among state institution and public. Moreover, people starts to assume rulers as their enemies not their servants. When this environment takes zenith in a nation, it will ~~fast~~ tear the nation internally. Moving ahead, perks and privileges rested to the ruling party are also the reasons for national weakness. Moreover, this privileges are driven by the imposing taxes on the people. People pay taxes until they can, but a step comes when people starts radically dealing with governing bodies. For instance, ^{French} King Louis XVI, and Louis XVII imposed excessive taxes on people to maintain the privileges given to the nobles and the clergy. However people at the eleventh hour become radical and started killing the nobles even the king as well.

This atmosphere of radical notions do not care about the proper of their own state. Therefore, ^{when} ~~which~~ this happens, nations cannot control or maintain the situation which would ^{definitely} result in collapse of the nation.

Similarly, the large territories and flawed administration result in the separation of nation into other sub-groups. Apparently, it seems difficult to administer a nation with proliferated territories. Various nations and empires failed to administer their large territories for instance, Mughal empire, Holy Roman empire, Napoleon Campaign, Ottoman empire, all these empires intentionally annexed the small territories to enhance their rule but later they could not administer their territories properly, resulted in sep emergence of various other radicalist groups. Therefore, when

the resources are not provided to administer the territories. nations fail because of separation of their national territory in multiple parts.

In addition, nations ^{are} comprised of ruling and governed. However, for the development and success of nation, it must be the duty of ruling elite to ~~provide~~ primary needs which are essential for well being. But the governments ~~provide~~ secondary needs like

Don't explain examples

intervention in other's affairs, inclusion in other's wars and others. For instance, at the ~~independence~~ our focus could have been on social well being of ~~poor~~ people but Pakistan's ~~ruling~~ elite ~~unilaterally~~ decided to become the part of war between two super powers. This ~~resulted~~ our economy to be aid and grant based till today. Thus ultimately, our national economy has been failed to deliver from indigenous resources.

Additionally, availability of resources are the nation's potential for prosperity and progress. However, their misuse and mismanagement results in lack of development.

It is the duty of people and their rulers to utilize their resources. If both sides are irresponsible for their cone, then the resources may fall short.

In the shortage of resources, nations cannot survive. There must be resource protectionism in positive manner. If people otherwise, this shortage would result in the food insecurity, and famine. So are now different African countries are facing.

Similarly, corruption is the mother of all evils. However, one of the major reasons behind failed nation is systemic corruption. The term describes the corruption in form, nepotism, favoritism, paying bribes

from grass roots to the highest officials. If this evil prevails in a nation, it damages that nation. In such a case the minority people are marginalized. For instance, almost all the third world countries are facing this bribe and thus the people are marginalized and don't have trust on their rulers. This system

would have several impacts on nation including, economic crisis and tarnished image at global level.

Hence, corruption throw people below poverty line and the so do become reason for failure of nation.

Following this, flawed taxation system is another factor which fail a nation entirely. Taxes include direct and indirect system.

When some people are given exemptions from taxation while others pay the state. Now this question may be in fine manner or radical

manner. In both the ways it creates public discontent, and distrust in society at all levels. Hence, it contributes brutally in the failure of nation.

Additionally, losing the cultural norms is another leading factor. Cultural education is necessary for the national integration.

In a situation, where a segment of society copies other cultures, it may be criticized from the others. This criticism will certainly reach at a level where people starts violating the fundamental rights of each other. However, this situation is major blow to the national integral. Ultimately, it may result in ethnic culture and radical grouping in the nation.

Lastly, the ignorance of women participation in work force, social,

ables

political and economic front is also a pertinent ~~reason~~ reason for the future of nation. Moreover, women started actively participating in workforce after the industrial revolution. Their participation developed the national economy, of which western countries are good example. If a nation forcefully ~~ban~~ coerce their women to sit in homes, then that nation may feel in progress ^{like} western countries. For instance, Afghanistan now force her women to not to participate ~~at~~ in any field, this resulted in severe crisis in Afghanistan leaving 97% of its population below poverty line. Hence, women participation is better for the ^{repro} development and success of nation otherwise the nation fails gradually. In conclusion, nations future depend on its people and rulers.

Moreover, multiple reasons from social economic and political part of are responsible for the failure of a nation. However, various example and there in this world which got failed due to the above mentioned reasons. This has mostly affected the developing countries so has the developed as well. Therefore, it is hoped that all the nations would ensure certain measures to prevent themselves from failure.