

Why Nations Fail ?

2200

Your language is fine , but if you don't comprehend the topic, how would you pass the essay.

### I. Introduction

Your thesis statement and first two arguments are fine, but then you deviate from the topic. There is a difference between state and nation. You are talking about the factors that eventually lead to the failure of the state not the nation.

Work on your following things

- \* Improve your expressions
- \* Try to come up with diversified and recent examples
- \* Don't explain examples
- \* Avoid informal writing
- \* Avoid cutting priorities for the education
- \* Work on your topic comprehension
- \* Punctuation should be improved

### D. Social disharmony

### E. Governance crisis

Must attend the tutorial session

for further suggestions and flaws

### G. Perks and privileges of ruling Party

### H. Large territories but flawed administration.

I. preferring secondary needs while ignoring the primary ones.

J. Mismanagement of sufficient resources

K. Systemic corruption

L. Flawed taxation system

M. losing the cultural norms

N. Ignorance of women participation

### III Conclusion

Your thesis statement and first two arguments are fine, but then you deviate from the topic. There is a difference between state and nation. You are talking about the factors that eventually lead to the failure of the state not the nation.

“Indeed, Allah will not change the condition of a people until they change what is in themselves”

Link it to your actual introduction via a sentence.

(AL-Qur'an)

Not making sense

Humans are historically individual

in nature starting from their history they have been thinking that they should be preferred individually.

However, evolving landscape of human

history has shown that they

were organized in the groups

consisting similar race, culture, religions

and territories. Moreover, when they

were named as nations, they formed

systems of running those nations

including the ruler and the ruled.

Regrettably, nations have failed because

both the ruler and the ruled

could not be able to run their lives.

Following this, there are multiple

reason behind their failure. The

reasons include; the nations had

so did ~~so far~~ entirely

lack of education resulting

the health and security resulting

Your introduction is general. Try to hit the topic directly. Don't beat around the bush. Your introduction has to be the reflection of your outline.

Similarly, economy runs the nation

but its excessive misuse by committing

corrupt practices and evading the taxes leave the

nation in lurch. Therefore, nations

**Avoid cutting**

are composed of the rulers and governed. Similarly, the

failure of reasons

nation can be traced by the short comings of both segments sectors of

society. Moreover, the reasons include social, political and economic factors.

When all these factors contribute

simultaneously the nations fail then.

First and foremost factor of failure

of nations is, low priorities

for education. Education is building

block for the prosperity and

development of a nation. However,

the rulers including the monarchies

depicted people of this basic need.

Try to come up with recent examples

ancient monarchy which kept chinese people away from education. Owing to this curse Chinese governance had to build the walls to secure its people from internal as well as external aggressions. If Chinese had educated their people ~~they would have~~ Avoid such expressions the people have lacked the character building. Therefore, the education of a nation is necessary otherwise, it fails nations like Chinese failed in the history.

Secondly, health has been the

~~fundamental~~ Don't use firstly secondly expressions factor for the progress of a nation. However, if ~~not~~ a

nation has failed ~~the~~ Can't use such tense as a whole, if here would be failed in the forthcoming future. There

had been multiple pandemics in the history like the recent Covid-19, which had killed millions of people. but if people

Similarly, similarly, the Polio, Dengue and

AIDS in the developing countries.

Therefore, lack of health facilities in such pandemics and disasters will definitely kill the manpower of the nation. If manpower had been entrenched, the nation as a whole would have been failed.

Hence, health crisis contributes towards the failure of nations.

Thirdly, Security of nation is necessary tool to prevent it from any harmful stroke. The security includes securing the habitats from wars, insurgencies, climate change, and others. If a nation fails in securing themselves from such disasters by taking preemptive steps like alert military and disaster task force and enough expenditures, it will be failed in achieving bigger goals. For instance, Soviet union failed to crush insurgency within its territories, which became the key factor behind the collapse of

You are providing too many old examples. Try to come up with some recent examples.

Soviet republics. Ultimately, security of nation in internal and external circumstances is responsible for the success and fortune of nations.

Fourthly: the major reason for the ~~failure~~ of nations is social disharmony. When lack of health, education, and security are prevailing, then social disharmony should be oxygenated. Concurrently, social disharmony contributes in failure of a nation like Cancer destroys men. In this scenario,

the when social disharmony peaks,

the ~~governments~~ cannot control except for launching ~~launched~~ operations on their people.

Therefore, this leads to

the widespread civil wars within different segments of nations and governments.

Therefore, as Zig Zagler argued that war ~~does not~~ ~~not~~ kill people,

but it destroys generations. Hence,

social disharmony is responsible for failure of nation.

One can't find the difference between your arguments.

Following Social disharmony, the style of governance also shapes a nation. If there <sup>is</sup> governance crisis, it leads to national disorder, and national disorder would result in failure of nation. Multiple nations have been destroyed due to alarming governance crisis. For instance, Mughal empire spread in the whole <sup>had</sup> South Asia, but when their governance became irresponsible, it had leaded towards their failure and British invasion in the Indian subcontinent. Finally, governance failure will result in failure of nation.

Addition to Social Disharmony and governance doldrums > self driven policies and laws introduced by the government also fails a nation internally. Moreover, when sulking party implements policies beneficial for their personal interests irrespective of serving people, it results in polarization.

of the society. Simultaneously this polarized environment results in the confrontation among state institution and public. Moreover, people starts to assume rulers as their enemies not their servants. When this environment takes zenith in a nation, it will destroy the nation internally.

Moving ahead, perks and privileges rested to the ruling party are also the reasons for national

weakness. Moreover, these privileges and driven by the imposing taxes on the people. People pay taxes until they can, but a step

comes when people starts radically dealing with <sup>French</sup> governing bodies.

For instance, King Louis XVI, and Louis XVII imposed excessive taxes on

people to maintain the privileges given to the nobles and the clergy. However

people at the eleventh hour

became radical and started killing the nobles even the King as well.

This atmosphere of radical nations do not care about the proper of their own state. Therefore, when ~~when~~ this happens, nations cannot control or maintain the situation which would definitely result in collapse of the nation.

Similarly, the large territories and flawed administration leads to the separation of nation into other sub-groups. Apparently, it seems difficult to administer a nation with proliferated territories. Various nations and empires failed to administer their large territories. For instance, Mughal empire, Holy roman empire, Napoleonic campaign, Ottoman empire, all these empires intentionally annexed the small territories to enhance their rule, but later they could not administer their territories properly, resulted in sep emergence of various other radicalist groups. Therefore, when

the resources are not provided to administer the territories. nations fail because of separation of their national territory in multiple parts.

In addition, nations <sup>are</sup> composed of ruling and governed. However, for the development and success of nation, it must be the duty of ruling elite to ~~primary~~ primary needs which are ~~centred~~ centred for well being. But the governments ~~primarily~~ ~~secondary~~ ~~needs~~ like ~~involvement in other's affairs, inclusion~~

**Don't explain examples**

in other's wars and others. For instance, at the ~~independence~~ our focus could have been on social well being of ~~fact~~ people but Pakistan's ~~elite~~ ~~elite~~ ~~unilaterally~~ ~~decided~~ to become the part of war between two super powers. This resulted our economy to be aid and grant based till today. Ultimately, our national economy has been failed to deliver from indigenous resources.

Additionally, availability of resources are the nation's potential for prosperity and progress. However, if their misuse and mismanagement results in lack development.

It is the duty of people and their rulers to utilize their resources. If both sides are irresponsible for their care, then the resources may fell short.

¶ In the shortage of resources, nations cannot survive. There must be resource protectionism in positive manner. If people otherwise, this shortage would result in the food insecurity, and famine. Some now different African countries are facing.

Similarly, corruption is the mother of all evils. However, one of the major reasons behind failed nation is systemic corruption. The term describes the corruption in favor, nepotism, favoritism, paying bribes

from grass roots to the highest officials. If this evil prevails in a nation, it damages that nation. In such a case the minority people are marginalized. For instance, almost all the third world countries are facing this bribe and thus the people are marginalized and don't have trust on their rulers. This system would have several impacts on nation including, economic crisis and tarnished image at global level.

Hence, Corruption among people below poverty line and also do become reason for failure of nation.

Following this, Hawaldar taxation system is another factor which fail a nation entirely. Taxes include direct and indirect system.

When some people are given exemptions from taxation while others shoulder the same. Now this question may be in fine manner or radical

manner. In both the ways it creates public discontent, and distrust in society at all levels. Hence, it contributes greatly in the failure of nation.

Additionally, losing the cultural norms is an other leading factor. Cultural affection is necessary for the national integration.

In a situation, where a segment of society copies other cultures, it may be criticized from the others. This criticism will certainly reach at a level where people starts violating the fundamental rights of each other. However, this situation is a major blow to the national integration. Ultimately, it may result in ethnic culture and radical grouping in the nation.

Lastly, the ignorance of women participation in work force, social,

political and economic front is also a pertinent reason for the failure of nation. Moreover, women started actively participating in workforce after the industrial revolution. Their participation developed the national economy, of which western countries are good example.

If a nation forcefully ~~force~~ coerce the women to sit in homes, then the nation may feel in progress <sup>like</sup> ~~as~~ western countries. For instance, Afghanistan now force her women to not to participate at in any field, this resulted in severe crisis in Afghanistan leaving 97% of its population below poverty line. Hence, women participation is better for the <sup>rapid</sup> development and success of nation otherwise the nation fails gradually.

In conclusion, nations failure depend on its people and rulers.

Moreover, multiple reasons from  
societal, economic and political  
point of view are responsible  
for the failure of a nation.  
However, various examples and  
theses in this world which  
got failed due to the above  
mentioned reasons. This has  
mostly affected the developing  
countries so has the developed  
as well. Therefore, it is hoped  
that all the nations would  
ensure certain measures to  
prevent themselves from failure.