

I) Introduction.

The ongoing genocide in Gaza by overall Israel has changed the landscape of middle east. Similarly, the United States being one of the largest trading partners of Arab countries lacking its importance in region due to its unconditional support to Israel. However, China and Russia the traditional rivals of the United States have been filling vacuums since the U.S.A has started to loose its influence in the region.

II. How this conflicts affects the image of U.S in Arab countries?

A. ~~Q~~uest unwillingness of U.S for ceasefire in

If has been observed that several middle eastern countries like Qatar, Saudi-Arabi, Egypt are trying

for ceasefire in Gaza along with the United. But the unwillingness of the U.S has ~~done~~ distorted its the mutual trust b/w Arab countries and the U.S

B. Iran- Israel conflict changing the foreign policies of Arab countries.

Switch headings with black pen
Since Iran- Israel ~~are~~ been involved in tit-for-tat attacks against each other, United states has supported Israel militarily as well as diplomatically. This support has created a sense solidarity with in Arab countries.

Therefore, Saudi-Arabia, and U.A.E have condemned these support of U.S in the region. Thus, U.S is loosing friendly relations with the Arab countries.

C. U.S- Britain joint operation in Red sea in solidarity with Israel.

The U.S- Britain joint naval based operation in Red sea are

being condemned by Arab countries as
the violence of International law
of seas and U.N charter. This wave
of condemnation started by the Arab
countries have compelled the oil
rich countries to look for other
markets rather than western
countries especially the U.S.

D. Consecutive vetos in United nations
have damaged the sanctity of United
nation.

In support of Israel, U.S has
consecutively vetoed all resolutions
regarding ceasefire. This act has exposed
the U.S in world. Resulted in
recognition of Palestine by three
major western countries including
Norway, Ireland and Spain.

E. U.S support of Israel has
grown concern of Arab countries
over Abraham accord. The
Abraham accord is the first

• monogram of

~~all gadgets promoted here are illegal~~

roll of paper for
writing, drawing, sketching
etc.

for me to do / now I'm going to see if I can get some time off.

der weniger rüdes Elbfisch, Brocken
. kommt in Gebiete und

C. Sanctions on countries, China's and Russia's growing eagerness for trade in local currencies.

United States imposed sanctions on countries like Iran, Iraq and the Syria. This move of U.S has gave vacuum to China and Russia to offer these countries to trade in local currencies. Thus China and Russia are also involved in de-dollarization of region.

D. Sino-Russo's quest for joint exercises in strait of Hormuz
Middle eastern countries have minimum military manpower, and traditional tactics to of war. This provided access to China and Russia for getting to offer military exercises in strait of Hormuz. These exercises enhance the mutual trust b/w Arab countries, China and Russian as well as Iran.

E- Inclusion of Arab countries in the BRICS.

Brics is considered as anti-western organisation. In previous year Brics led by China and Russia offered for the membership to Arab countries. These inclusion in Brics have provided Russia and China easy access to an easy access to exploit the resources of middle east.

E-IV. Conclusion.

The unconditional support of U.S to Israel in war has tarnished the U.S.A's diplomatic, economic, and political might in Arab countries. However, Russia and China have become the alternatives of the U.S in the region.

Too short length

You need to write 8-9 sides

The question has 3 parts, discuss all separately

Ques

?

-3

Ans: 1) Introduction:

Pakistan's economic turnaround is dramatic because country has been facing severe challenges in fields of Agriculture, Industry, IT, power sector and Tax system. However, if the newly elected government aims to reform all four sectors, the economy would be boosted.

2) Challenges to Various Sectors of Pakistan.

A) Lack of policy implementation.

Since the inception, no government can continue the policies for long time.

These policies impacted the agriculture, IT, industry in their rapid completion.

“Pakistan needs Rs. 10 trillion to complete its projects left incomplete” (World Bank).

1202 Day: _____

B.) Longer political instability.
political stability creates a positive role in bringing foreign investors, consensus building, dispute resolving, in a country. However, Pakistan has been lacking this factor which is making economic turnaround impossible in the country.

C.) Bureaucratic inefficiencies.
Bureaucratic inefficiencies are creating an environment of red-tape, rigidity, and transparency. However, economic changes require flexibility. Therefore, these inefficiencies have made economic programs stunted.

D.) Traditional style of various fields.

As of now the world has been completely digitized, specially the economy has been digitalized. But in Pakistan this tradition culture has led to informal economy in the country.

“Pakistan's informal economy accounts for 50% of its total economy, it is due to Pakistan lacks digital changes in important fields”

(FM: Muhammad Aurangzeb)

E. Security Concerns

As Pakistan's geo-strategic location being a blessing has impacted the country's economic growth. Pakistan has long been fighting war on terrorism which costs 126 billion dollars loss to country as per the economic survey report. Various international have investors have security concerns in Pakistan. This curse is also making country's economic growth stunted.

F. Lack of female participation.

Female participation in all fields including agriculture, IT, industry, construction, for the collective growth. Unfortunately there is a huge gap in female male and female participation.

"Pakistan's female labour force participation is 26%. compared to 81% of female participation. It is also less than the global participation of females which is about 39%."

(International labour organization).

Q. Social disharmony and center-province relation

As it was decided in 7th NFC that country will reach the target of 15% FPC to C-D.P ratio by 2014- 2015, but till today it is less than 10%. However NFC deals with center and province relation which have been distorted and also created social harmony.

Donot elaborate challenges

III. Comprehensive reforms are needed to boost all sectors.

A. Attracting Foreign Direct Investment.

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B. Digitaliza the whole economy.

Finance minister is persistently focused on digitization of FBR, and other seekers. However, there are one and a half million people out of which a million people are filers, according FBR officials. Hence, digitization not only collects revenues but also boosts all other fields by creating inclusive economic environment.

C. Incentivizing the agriculture sector.

Incentivizing agulture sector with multiple benefits (agulture)

industry paved the way for economic development. However, SITC is a positive step towards this move. But Government should make a task force to deal with security problems and take steps to ensure ease of doing business.

B. Digitize the whole economy.

Finance minister is persistently focused on digitization of FBR, and other sectors. However, there are 24 million people out of which 2 million people are filers, according FBR officials.

Hence, Digitization not only collects revenues but also boosts all other fields by creating inclusive economic environment.

C. Incentivizing the agriculture sector.

Incentivizing agriculture sector with multiple benefits boosts agriculture sector. Chief minister Punjab has provided

a free tractor to people having a ~~scare~~ land minimally. This move is significant if all provinces starts to introduce such policies.

D. ~~Sh~~ Strict surveillance on borders.

Borders of Pakistan are at this junction are significant however, oil smuggling and drug trafficking cost huge losses to Pakistan. At Iran's border due to oil smuggling Pakistan loses 227 billion rupee revenues annually. Therefore, government has to manage good relations with its neighbors and must ensure that these borders should be the ways for bilateral trade.

E. Utilizing renewable resources.

The total debt of Pakistan is 70 trillion rupees of which major portion is covered by power sector

(losses). Therefore, Pakistan has to utilize its renewable source to get rid of debt trap which has highly burdened economy.

Conclusion:

In 21st century, it is not too much easy to rapidly boost economy. But there are certain potentials in Pakistan. Using these potentials, Government must introduce the above reforms to get control over economy.

Improve facts in reforms part

80

Introduction.

Pakistan has successfully conducted the SCO council meeting in head of government meeting in Islamabad on 15 and 16 October 2014. This regional gathering in Pakistan at critical juncture has several takeaways for Pakistan. Islamabad must further ensure several recommendations to follow these meetings.

2. Major take aways for Pakistan.

A. D. Meeting disclosed secure image of Pakistan.

At this critical juncture, Pakistan has been accused of sponsoring terrorism from its very neighbour. These allegations have made several assumptions that Pakistan is no more secure for any activity. However, this meeting has exhibited

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Pakistan as a secure and active
country in diplomatic platforms.

B. Increased chances of Indo-Pak
bilateral relations.

Although Indian Foreign minister stated
that India has not bilateral talks with
Pakistan, ~~yet~~ ^{But} his arrival in
Pakistan may ~~drive~~ ^{yet} the way for
bilateral talks in economic fronts
not in the geo-political front.

C. Strengthen the belt and road initiative.

In joint communiques issued by 911
member states except India, they ~~are~~ ^{are} committed to strengthening
Belt and road initiative by extending
CPEC further to Iran and then
Central Asian countries.

D. Domestic political consensus.

Political polarization inside Pakistan

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In all country, it is not too much necessary to rapidly boost economy. But there are certain potentials in Pakistan. Using these potentials, Government must introduce the above reforms to get control over economy.

has taken hype since 2022. However, the constructive development which Pakistan witnessed after two years was that Government requested to opposition to their ^{call off} protest in Islamabad on the day of SCO meeting. Opposition for the first time after two years accepted the request.

E- Collective fight against regional terrorism.

SCO member states focused on peace and stability in the region. They reiterated their commitment to fighting against terrorism collectively. The collective support to Pakistan is essential for its war against widespread terrorism.

Abrupt placement of pages

F- Unity against western sanctions.

As the member states stated that these sanctions affect the third country which is not even party in conflicts. Secondly, their commitment

to establish Bar SCO new developmental bank would fill the space of IMF and World Bank.

3) Recommendations for Islamabad to follow.

A. Engage with all member states for its inclusion in Brics.

Pakistan has formally applied for the membership of Brics. If Islamabad engages with key member, it would get membership despite Indian opposition.

B. Keep balanced approach to foreign policy
approach to both US-led west
and eastern countries.

Islamabad should keep balanced approach, which is better for Pakistan's national interest. It should not be party to

1/202
On going global conflicts.

Day: _____

C. Provide friendly environment to member states for inviting in Pakistan.

Foreign direct investment boosts Pakistan's economy. Therefore, for bringing the investment, government must engage with institutions to provide safer environment.

D. Pakistan's energy needs would be fulfilled through this platform.

Russia and Iran are the key countries having rich gas reserves. Similarly, Central Asian countries are rich in minerals. Thus platform provides opportunity to Pakistan to meet its energy needs.

E. Through mutual agreement Pakistan can resolve its border disputes with Afghanistan.

It is necessary for Pakistan

be focus on mutual border resolving mechanism. In this way, Pakistan can needs to resolve border disputes with Afghanistan with the help of China and Russia.

Conclusion: The recent regional meeting has positive consequences for Pakistan. However, still Pakistan needs to focus on resolving several external and internal challenges with ~~very~~ support of this regional platform.

Q. 6

1) Introduction:

Expensive agreements with IPPs have impacted country's multiple major sectors negatively. Similarly, with the major factors it has hiked the price of electricity in the country.

2) Expensive agreements and Implications on Industry, domestic and other Sectors..

The government ~~for~~ ^{for} along time has been paying amount to IPPs of what they not generating. Thus failure of successful agreements have created erupted several countrywide protest using slogan "We will pay what we are consuming". However, this has ~~create~~ damaged our industrial sector, and others also.

3) Overwhelming dependency

on hydrocarbons and impacts on Industry

Pakistan's history has been overwhelmingly depending on hydrocarbons for generating electricity. However, country has not too much resources but still we depend upon hydrocarbons. This over dependency has ignored our own renewable resources. In this era of conflicts when hydrocarbon are in shortage we could not supply enough electricity to industries, agriculture.

4) Loss and Distribution losses.

Bloomberg reported that loss and distribution losses are 17%.

in Pakistan the biggest in region as well as in world.

In this critical situation we loose major chunk of our total generation, increasing burden on payment, thus price has been increased.

5. Contribution of all these factors in price hike.

All factors are creating economic losses to Pakistan. However, economy of Pakistan is after already in critical condition. And our 50% imports are hydrocarbons, 582 billion Rupees we loss due to loss, including outdated structure, hook connection according to Finance division.

6. Far reaching implications on industry, Agriculture and other sectors.

Lack of production, stunted crop production, due to load shedding, increased distorted social well being of workers, closure of major industries like steel mills Karachi and several other cotton factories in Pakistan. All these impacts are caused by basically irresponsibility in agreements etc.

Your paper was ill organized

7. Recommendations for country to overcome.

- A. Utilize Renewable energy resources.
 - B. Reforms in the structure and functions of power sector.
 - C. Regulate the policies and agreements with IIPS.
- General instructions for attaining good marks in current affairs

Important Note: Social awareness

Marks would be given on the following parameters

a- Content 60% References 15% Subject specific language 15% Graphs and charts 10%

Add 12-13 headings in each question

Conclusion: All the above factors have the questions carry 3-4 parts... each part has equal weightage so discuss all equally

Give examples from present events to justify answers

However, several recommendations

Give attractive introduction and Conclusion as well are needed to overcome the

and maintain our sector productivity always give headings from the question statement.. take words from the statement

link each of the argument to the asked part in the question... if you fail to do so, no matter how accurate content is, if your heading is not align with what is asked in the question, it won't be accurate