

Tuesday
15/10/24

English Essay Test-2

Q. Make an outline for any one of the following & write introductory paragraph and three body paragraphs.

Topic # Role of Intellectuals in Society

Brainstorming:

Historical role of Intellectuals in Pak.

↳ Influence of thinkers like

Allama Iqbal, Sir Syed Ahmed

Khan → creation of Pakistan

Role of intellectuals in cultural development & social progress in Pak.

↳ Literature, art, authors, poets

↳ Shaping critical thinking

film, drama, industry

↳ Shermin Obaid Chinoi

Intellectuals as drivers of

Innovation in Pakistan

Tech advancement → Dr Abdul

Qadeer Khan, Dr Abdus Salam

↳ nuclear power.

Outline :-

1. Introduction :

a) Topic Sentence

b) Hook

c) General Statements

d) Thesis Statement : Role of Intellectuals

is deep rooted in Pakistan's history, cultural development & social progress and in the innovation^{of} technology and Research.

2. Role of Intellectuals in History of Pakistan

a. Role of Iqbal's Poetry

b. ^{Role of} Political Struggles of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

c. Role of Jinnah in materializing the Idea of a Seperate Homeland for Muslims

3. Role of Intellectuals In Cultural Development & Social Progress

a. Role of intellectuals in Literature & Arts

• Umera Ahmed, Faiz Ahmed Faiz

b. Role of Drama & Film Industry in Shaping critical thinking & social awareness

• Shermin Obaid Chinoi

c. Role of Social Activists in Social Progress

• Asma Jahangir

• Malala Yousafzai

4. Role of Intellectuals as drivers of Innovation

• Dr. Abdul Baseer

• Dr. Abdus Salam

5. Conclusion:

a) Thesis statement

b) General statements (Summary).

Einstein once said: "The world is a dangerous place, not because of those who do evil, but because of those who look on and do nothing."

Intellectuals play a vital role in society's advancement and transformation. Antonio Gramsci once said: "All men are intellectuals but not all men have in society the function of intellectuals."

Intellectuals are those who have diverse wisdom and foresight, who apply their intellect and forward-looking vision for the purpose of awakening society. They help the masses from what is unwise and wrong toward what is righteous and the good. No wonder, then, that Vietnamese word for intellectual, "tri-thuc", is a combination of "mind" and "awaken". ^{Similarly,} Role of intellectuals is deep rooted in Pakistan's history, cultural development & social progress and in the innovation of Technology and Research. (136 words)

The creation of Pakistan was significantly influenced by the intellectual role of key figures such as Allama Iqbal, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Muhammad Ali Jinnah. Iqbal, a renowned philosopher and poet, he ignited the spirit of nationalism and self-determination among Muslims through his poetry. His writings like Bange Dara, Bal-e-Jibreel and Asrar-e-Khudi, revived the sense of self-determination and ideological distinctions.

that makes them different and unique from the other minorities in sub-continent. His writings galvanised the community and laid the foundation for the demand of a separate homeland in sub-continent.

Complementing Jinnah's vision, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan emphasized the importance of education as a means of empowerment for Muslims in British India. He founded the Muhammadan Educational Conference in 1886, which aimed to promote educational reforms and raise awareness about the importance of learning. His establishment of Aligarh Muslim University in 1857 became a landmark institution, fostering a new generation of educated Muslims. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was a prolific writer and social reformer. His writings such as "Asrar-us-Sanadid", explored Islamic history and culture, while his critiques of traditional practices called for reform and modernization. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan rendered political services for Muslims in sub-continent known as the Aligarh movement, which was aimed at uniting the Muslims politically and also to create an atmosphere of mutual understanding between British and Muslims.

Muhammad Ali Jinnah known as the Quaid e Azam, synthesized these intellectual ideas into a concrete political agenda. As a skilled negotiator and leader, he united various Muslim factions, advocating for

their rights within the Political framework of British India. His relentless pursuit of a separate homeland culminated in the Lahore Resolution of 1940, which formally articulated the demands for Pakistan. Within ten years from 1937 to 1947 he transformed the dream of Muslims of sub-continent into a reality. His intellectual skills were well-known among British and Hindu leaders. With his exceptional intelligence and wit, he always stood firm to protect the rights of Muslim for example in response to Nehru report, Quid wrote his famous 14 points that laid the foundation for future political objectives of Muslims in India.

Role of Intellectuals is also well appreciated in Arts and Literature. One of most celebrated literary figure is Faiz Ahmed Faiz, whose poetry not only captured the beauty of human experience but also addressed social & political injustices. His iconic poem 'Hum Dekhenge' evokes sense of hope and determination, similarly "Shahbaz" reflects themes of sacrifice and resilience. ^{Among} Other Revolutionary Poets, a significant intellectual figure includes Habib Jalib. He was renowned for his powerful verses against oppression and injustice and authoritarianism. His writing, 'Dard se mera Daman Bhar do' captures the anguish of a common man against tyranny. In contemporary literature, Umera Ahmed has emerged as a prominent voice, known for her novels and screenplays than encephals.

the complex societal issues such as women's rights. Her writings like "Peer-e-Kamil", "Ab-e-Hayat", "Zindagi Gulzar Hai" and "Hum Kahan Kay Sachay Thay" highlights the struggles women face in a society, advocating for their rights and empowerment through impactful storytelling. In film and drama industry, influential figures like Shermin Obaid Chinoi has significant contribution towards social progress. Her documentary on Honor Killings in Pakistan was awarded Oscar, named 'a girl in the river (2015)'. This documentary brought historical amendment in law regarding honour killing, achieving a historical milestone.

Intellectuals in Pakistan have played a crucial role as well in driving innovations and scientific development as well. Figures like Dr. Abdul Qadeer Khan and Dr. Abdus Salam standing out for their significant contributions. Dr. Abdul Qadeer Khan, known for his work in nuclear science, is often hailed for as the Father of Pakistan's nuclear program. His efforts in developing indigenous nuclear technology were pivotal in establishing Pakistan as a nuclear power in 1980. Dr. Abdus Salam was another significant figure whose contribution towards the particle physics were recognised internationally and was awarded a Noble prize in 1979. He was not only a Noble laureate but also an advocate for science education in developing countries. He established the International Centre for theoretical physics in Trieste, Italy, which aimed to provide

advanced training for Scientists from the developing world, including many from Pakistan. His efforts were also instrumental in establishing Space and Upper Atmosphere Research Commission (SUPARCO) in Pakistan, contributing to the country's aerospace and satellite research initiatives.

In conclusion, the role of intellectuals in a society, particularly in Pakistan has been instrumental in driving the cultural, social and scientific progress. They have fostered critical thinking, encouraged dialogue, inspired actions and played major role in societal development and change in Pakistan. These contributions highlight the connection of art, literature, science and activism in grooming of a nation to address and navigate its complex social issues. The influence of these intellectuals will remain vital in shaping the future of Pakistan and will always be written in golden words.