

Q No 4 Critically evaluate - the Sir Syed's trinity of ideas ie loyalty towards Britishers, devotion to education and aloofness from Politics:-

In :-

Sir Syed known as "The architect of modern India" because of his trinity of ideas. Sir Syed Aligarh movement was the trinity of ideas which had many purposes. Numerous works were done by the Sir Syed Aligarh movement but three works were the most important.

To bridge the distance between the Muslim and the British people, to educate the Muslim and to

keep the Muslim out of the Indian Congress

Party. Muslims are grateful of Sir Syed for his work.

"The real greatness of the man (Sir Syed) consists in the fact that he was the first Indian Muslim who felt the need of a fresh orientation of Islam and worked

for H. L. Allama (QBAL):-

Sir Syed, - the Great Leader:

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was born in 17th October 1817 in muslim nobility in Delhi. He joined the Civil Service and rose to the rank of - the judge for - further studies, went to England. In 1869, studied English education system at Cambridge.

Loyalty towards Britishers:

Sir Syed was the main person who tied best to bridge - the British and Muslim relation. He wanted to keep peace in the subcontinent. He urged and advised that Muslims should be friendly and cooperative with Britishers. - The all - Britisher - Sutlej Act shows his loyalty towards Britishers.

1857, results in British Wrath:-

Beginning of the British raj (and) Wrath started in 1857. A clear animosity of Britishers started with the Muslims, Hindus and other communities. Now getting advantage of that Britishers blamed Muslims for the bad circumstances in the War and in the sub-continent. After the War of independence, Muslims had to bear the brunt of 1857. Muslims as a nation was being eliminated. Sir Syed arose to help the Muslims and the Britishers.

Asbab-e-Baghawat-e-Hind:-

To relief the Muslims and to lessen the British Wrath toward Muslims. Sir Syed wrote Asbab-e-Baghawat-e-Hind in which he demonstrated the actual reasons behind the revolt. Raised the problem of the Britishers. This view his loyalty toward Muslim

And the Britishers to wanted peace in the subcontinent - the aimed to Muslims to show their loyalty towards British Raj. Sir Syed's loyalty convinced the oppressed Muslims.

It was the writings of Sir Syed such as Ahsab-e-Baghawat-e-Hind, Musalmans Jki Qismat ka Faista and that convinced the Britishers and the Muslims to better to do friendship. The advised Muslims to be cooperative to the British Raj, proved them that you are loyal and to acquire British Knowledge to get respect. He now succeeded in his mission.

Sir Syed's Devotion to education.

The supreme interest of Syed's life was education in its widest sense - he began by establishing Schools, like Musalibab (1858) and Chauri (1863).

Muhammadan Anglo-oriental School

In 1875 founded Muhammadan Anglo-oriental School which in 1877 graded to MAO College.

Scientific Society:-

- The Scientific Society was one of the milestones in the educational journey.
- This Society published translations of many educational texts and issued a bilingual journal in Urdu and English.

Sir Syed Credited with author of 42 books:

Sir Syed's mission of education spread was very successful. He wrote 42 books.

Books by Sir Syed:

Athar-as-Sanadid (Great monuments)

Commentary on Bible

Tabyin-ul-Kalam

Namiga dar bayan masala

Tasannu-i-Shaikh

Tila-ul-Qulub bi Zikr-il-Mahbub

Societies :-

Societies, foundation for translation of foreign languages book. In 1875, 27 works from English to Urdu were completed.

All India Muhammadan education Conference (1886) is also in his credit - It act as a platform for the Muslims gatherings.

Journalistic Contributions:-

Tehzib-ul-Akhlaq

It succeeded in making people realise the value of modern language and knowledge.

It gave directions to Muslims.

It remained in circulation for almost 22 years.

The foundation of the school, Colleges, Societies and writing books etc.

Or example of how one teacher can advocate the education on all levels

Allegiance from Politics

Sir Syed numerous contribution for Muslims also includes retaining of muslims to join politics. All India Congress was of the Hindus only. Sir Syed urged Muslims to get education before involving in Politics.

Advices for Muslims:

He advised Muslims to stay away from India National Congress.

No such thing in India as one nation and called it misnamed National Congress.

Muslims would suffer due to the system of India. He gave the platform to Muslims to create their own political party.

Aligarh Movement:

Aligarh movement started by the Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the main team in the struggle of Palliyan

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- the Muslims only
this nation - Henry Bream
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League Party.
Hence - the efforts
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that muslim will
- the - time not merged
with - the Hindus.

Add more arguments z

End with conclusion

The diverse Muslim reformist Movement of the Subcontinent pursued the sequential unity in the formulation of the Two nation theory. Delineate.

The struggle to attain the separate Muslim entity goes back to the 16th century. Reform Movements occurred in different times which helped the muslims to get or maintain separate entity. Shah Waliullah, Sheikh Ahmed Sirhindi, Syed Ahmed Khan and Allama Iqbal kept the muslims awake in their times. Such reform movements helped in the ~~formulation of~~ ~~formulation of~~ Two nation theory. Reform movement acted as a reminder for the Muslims that they belong to Islam and they have their unique identity. Two nation theory originated from the reformers time when they gathered the Muslim at a different nation.

Deoband, Reform movement:-

Shah Waliullah was born in 1703, in a religious family of Delhi. He got his education from Madrasa Rahimya and Aliaul Uloom. From here, its Reform movement started. He went to Arabia and learned Quran and Sunna. 1724-1732, When returned back made his mission of teaching. Reform movement begins from his teaching.

Shah Waliullah was worried for the situation of Muslim and Islam in India.

Reason for the Reform Movement:-

Muslims lost their economic power, Political power were under the influence of Hindus. Shah Waliullah was worried for the loss of cultural values of Muslims.

So he started a reform movement to

- gave realization to Muslims
- that they have a separate entity. The preaching of pristine values of Islam started.

How - the Reform movement started:-

Methodology:-

Shah Waliullah translated the Quran in Persian language as it was the language of the educated muslims in India. It was the need of the time. The understanding of the Quran was important to reform the Muslims. His son translated the Quran into Urdu.

Hujjatullah - il - Baligha:-

The writing of Hujjatullah - il - Baligha is marked as a milestone. It explained suitability of Islam for all people for all the time and the ability of Islam to solve the problems faced by the humanity.

Muslims Political Unity due to - The movement:-

Shah Waliullah opposed the Maratha Power and gathered the Muslims.

Efforts to defeat Maratha:

the most efforts - to

Ahmed Shah Abdali invaded India. In 1761, Ahmed Shah Abdali came to India and defeated Maratha Confederacy at the 3rd battle of Panipat. But went back.

Works of Shah Waliullah

→ Translation of Quran.

Bridging - the gap between Shia and Sunni

→ Importance of Ijtihad over Tariqid
less on avoidance from

Social evils.

→ Teaching and Islamic - thought
- free education - to

Muslims.

Oppose Western education

Jamiat Ulema-i-Hind

→ Struggle against the British rule -

Relate your headings and
arguments to the qs statement

Sheikh Ahmed Sindhni:

Reformer Jihad Movement:

Sheikh Ahmed Sindhni

born in Rai Bareli in 1786-

He is believed to be a man of action. The real advocate of the two nation theory. To reestablish the Muslim rule, he worked a lot.

Gathered Muslims:

Travelled across India to motivate muslims for jihad. In 1823, Punjab and NWFP were under the Maha Raaja Ranjil Singh. He revolted against the Ranjil Singh because muslims were not allowed to live according to the religion Islam and that was not acceptable to Ahmed Sindhni.

Jihad against Sikh Rule:

He started jihad against Sikh rule. He

Gathered Mughal men -

Peshawar men -

headquarters - the tent

messages to Ranjit Singh to allow Muslims to live according to their religion. Later, he did jihad, gained success, became a successful military leader.

Reform ~~with 80,000~~ 80,000 mughideen:

Sheikh Ahmad was successful in establishing the separate Muslim entity as 80,000 muslims gathered under his leadership.

Battle of Balakot:

In 1831, in the Battle of Balakot, Syed Ahmed martyred.

Jihad Movement impact:

First movement to free muslims. Religious and cultural freedom of muslims. First time muslim realized that they are a separate nation. Sheikh Ahmed.

Sikhini reform movement was the initiator of Two Nation theory.

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan:

Aligarh Movement:

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the modern advocate of the Two-National theory.

Muslim, a separate nation:

He advised Muslims to keep away from All India Congress because he knew that now only Indian political party working for the interest of Hindus.

Urdu-Hindi Controversy:

In 1867, Sir Syed now convinced that Muslim and Indian Hindus are separate nation - Urdu-Hindi Controversy.

All India Muslim League Formation:

In 1906, All India Muslim League was formed due to the platform given by Sir Syed Ahmed Khan. The Educational Conferences gave birth to the Political party.

Among the most three senior SC judges

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Q No 2 Discuss - the main changes in - the Constitution of Pakistan - through 26 amendment. What effects it shall have

Government of Pakistan has made the changes in the Constitution. It is the 26th amendment in the Constitution of Pakistan. It approved on

Changes in the Constitution:-

The government has made hectic efforts since last month to bring the judicial reforms in the Country -

This amendment takes away the Supreme Court's many powers.

The time period of the Chief Justice of Pakistan is set at the terms of 3 years.

This empowers the Prime minister to appoint the next CJP from among the most three senior SC judges.

Article 9A is added in the Constitution which will ensure the clear and healthy environment.

The elimination ofriba till 01 January 2025 will be done.

Two members from a senate and two members from a national assembly of whom two shall be from the Treasury benches, one from each house will select the judges.

Attempt in detail by giving multiple subheadings under

Effect of this Constitution

The lawmakers amend the Constitution for their own political purpose - As the 26 Constitution Amendment clearly gives the authority to the Prime minister to select the Chief Justice of Pakistan.

Favoritism System:

Favoritism System will be launched with this 26th amendment -

More Power to the Political leader.

Prime minister will select
the chief justice of Pakistan
means more power to the
law creator.

less accountability - less:-

Judiciary is
responsible to account the
politicians of its doing. But
this amendment has
taken the Supreme Powers
of the chief justice of
Pakistan. This will weaken
the accountability system as
judges who are not of
chief justice seal will
be in race to be an
apple of eye of Prime
minister.

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Democratic Country not need such amendment.

The Democracy of
the Country is challenged
by the 26th amendment