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Mock Exam for C.S.S - 2025  
October 2024 (Mock - 5)  
Batch # 059 (Online)  
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## Pakistan Affair

Q: Discuss the main change made in the Constitution of Pakistan through Twenty-Sixth amendment. What efforts it shall have on the Political System of Pakistan. Elaborate.

The Twenty-Sixth Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan was passed on May 28, 2019, and it made significant changes to the country's electoral system and parliamentary structure.

### Main Change :-

1. **Merger of Fata with Khyber Pakhtunkhwa :-**

The amendment merged the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA) with the Province of KP, abolishing the separate status of Fata.

2. **Increase in National Assembly Seats :-**

The amendment increased the number of seats in the National Assembly from 272 to 276, with KP receiving an additional 4 seats.

3. **Redistribution of Seats :-**

The amendment redistributed seats among provinces based on the 2017 Census.

#### 4. Electoral Reforms :-

The amendment introduced reforms aimed at strengthening the electoral process, including the use of technology and measures to prevent electoral malpractices.

#### - Effects on Pakistan's Political System :-

##### 1. Integration and Mainstreaming :-

The merger of FATA with KP aims to integrate the tribal areas into the mainstream political system, promoting social and economic development.

##### 2. Increased Representation :-

The additional seats in the National Assembly will provide greater representation to the people of KP and other provinces.

##### 3. Electoral Transparency :-

The electoral reforms will help reduce electoral disputes and promote transparency in the electoral process.

##### 4. Provincial Autonomy :-

The amendment strengthens provincial autonomy by giving more powers to the provinces, particularly KP.

##### 5. Political Stability :-

The changes aim to promote political stability by addressing long-standing issues and electoral representation.

### Question # 3

Q: Discuss the possibility of establishing a functioning, robust, democracy requires a healthy, educated, participatory



## followership, and an education, morally grounded leadership?

Establishing a functioning, robust democracy requires two crucial elements: a healthy, educated, participatory followership, and an educated, morally grounded leadership. This quote from Chinua Achebe highlights the importance of education and moral values in a healthy democracy.

- **Healthy, Educated, Participatory followership:-**

Citizens need to be well-informed about the issue, engaged in the democratic process, and willing to hold leaders accountable. This means having access to quality education, being aware of their rights and responsibilities, and actively participating in public discussions.

- **Education, morally grounded leadership:-**

Leaders must possess a deep understanding of the issues, be guided by moral principles, and prioritize the well-being of all citizens. They should be transparent, accountable, and committed to serving the greater good.

- **Historical Example:-**

The development of American democracy during Andrew Jackson's policies expanded voting rights and encouraged participation, but also highlighted the need for morally grounded leadership. His actions, such as the forced removal

of Native Americans, demonstrated the consequences of leadership lacking moral grounding.

### • Contemporary Application :-

In Today's Context, addressing climate change requires both an informed electorate and principled leadership. Citizens must understand the science and implications of climate policies, while leaders must prioritize environmental sustainability and equitable solutions.

### Challenges and opportunities :-

While establishing a robust democracy is challenging, it's not impossible. By focusing on education, civic engagement, and moral leadership, we can create a healthier democracy.

### • Investing in Education :-

Quality education that promotes critical thinking, civic awareness, and moral values.

### • Encouraging Civic Engagement :-

Creating opportunities for citizens to participate in public discussions, vote, and hold leaders accountable.

### Question # 04

Q: Critically evaluate the Sir Syed's trinity of ideas i.e loyalty towards Britishers, devotion to education and aloofness from politics?

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Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's trinity of ideas, which emphasized loyalty to the British, devotion to education, and aloofness from politics, was a complex and multifaceted philosophy that had both positive and negative consequences.

### Loyalty towards Britishers :-

#### • Positive :

Pragmatic approach: Sir Syed recognized the British as the ruling power and sought to cooperate with them for the betterment of Muslims.

Protection from extremism: His loyalty helped shield Muslims from extremist elements that opposed British rule.

#### • Negative :-

Legitimization of Colonialism: Sir Syed's loyalty implicitly validated British Colonialism, undermining Muslim resistance.

Limited autonomy: His approach compromised Muslim autonomy and self-governance.

### - Devotion to Education :-

#### • Positive :-

Modernization: Sir Syed introduced modern education, emphasizing science, technology, and English.

Social reform: Education helped challenge orthodox practices and promote social reform.

#### • Negative :-

Westernization: Overemphasis on Western

education led to cultural erosion and neglect of Islamic values.

2. Elitism; Education was initially accessible only to the elite, exacerbating social inequalities