

Causes of water crisis in Pakistan.

Causes:

- Naturally: Low rainfall
- Limited water storage capacity
- Man-made:
 - No dams
 - Agriculture factors
- International factors
 - Industries caused huge problems

Brainstorm

Consequences of water crisis in Pakistan.

Consequences

- Economic instability
- Social consequences
- Industrial slowdown
- Political consequences.
 - water dispute among Pakistan - India.
- Disease, Health Risks.
- Refugee numbers.

Outline

1. Introduction

- 1.1. Attention Grabber
- 1.2. General statement
- 1.3. Thesis statement

A) Causes of water crisis in Pakistan

2.1 Natural Causes

2.1.1 Low rainfall

2.1.2 Limited water storage capacity

2.1.3 climate change impacts

2.2. Man-Made Causes

2.2.1 No dam construction

2.2.2. insufficient water conservation practices

2.2.3. insufficient investment in water infrastructure.

2.3. Agricultural Causes

2.3.1. water intensive crops

2.3.2. inefficient irrigation system

2.3.3. overuse of fertilizers and pesticides.

2.4. Industrial Causes

2.4.1. Industrial waste and pollution

2.4.2 increasing water demand.

2.4.3 Lack of water re-cycling and reuse.

2.5- International Factors

2.5.1- Transboundary water disputes

2.5.2- Political interference in water management.

2.5.3- Climate change impacts on shared water.

B) Consequences of water crisis in Pakistan

2.1- Social consequences

2.1.1- Health Risks

2.1.2- Food insecurity

2.1.3 Migration and displacement

2.2- Economic consequences

2.2.1-

2.2.2- Industrial slowdown

2.2.3- Leads to energy crisis.

2.3- Environmental consequences

2.3.1- Ecosystem degradation

2.3.2- Water Pollution

2.3.3- Soil salinization

2.4- Political consequences

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2.4.1 - Instability and conflict

2.4.2 - Regional Tensions

2.4.3 - Disturbance in international relations.

2.5 - Humanitarian Consequences

2.5.1 - Increased number in refugees.

2.5.2 - Psychological disorders

2.5.3 - Human Rights violations

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In a small village, a young girl walked 3 hours every day to fetch water for her family. One day, she returned home to find her mother ill with cholera from contaminated water. Her village was once thriving, but the drying river and dwindling water supply had turned life into a desperate struggle. Her family's crops withered, and her father's livelihood disappeared. Her family had to live in thirst and sorrow. She realized that the water crisis just began.

Water crisis refers to a situation where the availability of clean, potable water is insufficient to meet the demands of a population, ecosystem, economy. When it happens, water runs dry, people cannot get enough water to drink, wash or feed crops.

In Pakistan water crisis

caused by naturally, man-made, industrial, agriculture and international factors, therefore it resulted on social, economic, environmental, political or humanitarian consequences. Due to these issues Pakistan is facing a range of severe problems that threaten its economy, infrastructure and people.