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Batch # 08-65

ESSAY Mock-5

Why Nations Fail?

1: Introduction:

Why nations fail attempts to take an inter-disciplinary approach to reach the reason of success and failure of a nation. Nation is harmony among people of a same region over a certain point of view such as common ideology, religion, civilization, norms and values and culture. Some main reasons of failure of nations are political and economic stability, education system faults, injustice, dictatorship, poverty, lack of unity, dis-respect for teachers. But, by resolving these issues one nation can be a success story.

2:- Understanding the concept of Nation and Nationalism:

- A collection of people united for one base is called nation.

* case-study of Pakistan.

3:- Why Nations Fail?

There are different reasons of failure of a nation. Some of which are;

(i) Lack of Unity:-

Lack of unity among nations leads to failure.

* case-study of Palestine

(ii) Political Instability and dictatorship

Political stability is necessary for the progress of a nation, without political stability a dictator can result a failure.

* Case-study of Hasina Wajid in Bangladesh.

(iii) Poverty leads to failure:

Poverty is mother of all ethical ills which can ultimately results in failure.

(iv) Prevalance Of Injustice:

Injustice can ruin nations.

→ Case-study of East and west Pakistan; Fall of Dhaka

(v) Economic Instability causing failure:

Economic instability triggers failure of a nation.

* case-study of Sri-Lanka.

(vi) Resistance to Innovation:

The nation which does not upgrade herself lags far behind

from success.

vii:- Ruptured Education System.

Dis-respect for teachers.

4:- Way-Forwards to ALL These Causes:

Failure can be changed into success by using following principles of good governance.

* Unity

* Political stability and

* democracy.

* Justice and Transparency.

* Economic stability to

* eradicate poverty.

* Introduction of new technology

* to better our lives.

5:- Conclusion.

Why nations fail attempts to take an inter-disciplinary approach to reach the reasons of failure of nations. At first, we have to know the term of nation. It is a collection of different people belonging to different classes which are united on the basis of a common objective. This objective may be a common ideology, vision, religion, culture, norms and values or civilization. When a nation stands straight for collective objectives this is called nationalism. Some Major causes of failure of different nations can be; lack of unity, political, economic instability, injustice, poverty and resistance to innovation. But a nation can get over from failure by using principles of good governance such as unity, democracy, justice, transparency, innovation, technology and rule of law.

First of all we have to understand the concept of nation. A **nation** is a collection of different people and different classes which are united by a common objective or goal. This common objective may be an ideology, vision, culture, religion, norms and values or may be civilization. When a collection of people called as nation stands for a common goal or objective for the betterment of the nation it is called as nationalism. A **case-study of Pakistan** shows that Pakistani nation is based on the ideology of **two-nation theory**. In the sub-continent **Hind** and **Muslims** were two distinctively separate nations. These differences are of religion, culture, language, civilization, food and ethics. On the basis of this ideology

Muslims struggles under the leadership of **Quaid-i-Azam** brought fruit and Pakistan came into being on the map of world in **14th of August 1947**.

There are many solid reasons of failure of nations. We discuss here some of them. **Firstly** the most important reason of failure of a nation is **lack of unity**. Nations are based on ideology, culture, religion or norms. **Muslim Ummah** is a nation based on the religion. There are **57 Muslim countries** in the world, which comprises of $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of GDP of the world and are great source of natural sources such as oil, gas, copper, salts and rocks. But Muslim ummah lags behind in unity, this lack of unity led to the **palestine-Israel War**. **Palestinians** are being murdered approximately by 78 years. This

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genocide was started in 1948 after the second world war. After second world war the Jews of Germany were established in Palestine according to **Balfour-Agreement**. From that day till today palestinians are being murdered by Israel and no muslim country has the courage to take a stand against Israel this is due to lack of unity.

Secondly, the major reason of failure and decline of nations is **Political instability and dictatorship**. If a nation is political instable the external powers will work to ruin it and rule over it. The exclusive institutions can lead to destruction.

Politically instable atmosphere is the dangerous way to dictatorship. Democracy is replaced by dictatorship, which worsen things at another level. Here we can

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take the example of **Bangladesh**.

Bangladesh came into existence. **Mujib-ur-Rehman** was the founder of Bangladesh. After him, his daughter **Hasina Wajid** took over the chair of so-called democratic state. She ruled Bangladesh many decades. Her dictatorship, unjust and unfair **Quota system** led to the decline of her throne in **2024**.

Another important factors that can instigate decline is **poverty**. Poverty is the root-cause of all ills such as corruption, theft, bribery, lie and bad ethics. According to **UN** more than **1.29bn** people are living the life under the line of poverty in this world. These billions poor people take part in all societal ills and errors leading to disasters. **Hazrat Umar R.A** said that poverty is the enemy of faith.

Another most-common cause seen in the failure of nations is prevalence of injustice. Lack of transparency in every affair of state imparts a major role in its progress. But a nation in which there is no transparency or justice then destruction is the fate of that nation. **Quran** says; When you judge, judge between them with justice. But unfortunately the **Islamic Republic of Pakistan** lags behind in providing justice. According to **DEPI** Pakistan stands at 140 out of 183 countries in the world in case of justice and transparency. Injustice prevailed in Pakistan since its emergence which ultimately led to "**Fall of Dhaka**" in **1971**. Lack of transparency and injustice in general elections made **Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto** the prime minister of Pakistan instead of **Mujib-ul-Rehman** - who got

55% votes in elections. This injustice agitated East Pakistan and it turned into Bangladesh. One part of Pakistan compromised for the sake of injustice.

Economic Instability

can also play a major role in the failure of a nation. If the economy of a nation is not stable its currency is falling against U.S dollars, and trade deficit is increasing day-by-day due to ~~decrease~~ⁱⁿ decrease in import and decrease in export and also budget deficit, international and national loans all these factors put the nations on the bank of havoc. Case-study of Sri-Lanka fits-in here. Sri-lanka lost economic stability due to dwindling value of local currency as compared to U.S Dollars, its trade and budget deficit increased. To

compensate that deficit it went through international loans and ultimately it became bankrupt and became a defaulter.

Another major factor contributing decline is **resistance towards innovation**. A nation which is resistant to introduce new technology and innovations that make our life easier lags far behind than other nations. In case of Pakistan mostly people are unaware and unable to use new technology. This innovation and technology can make our lives easier and more productive. Industrial machinery, scientific methods, computer, internet, Artificial intelligence are all forms of innovation which are the guarantee of success but those nations which are reluctant to introduce and use technology are doomed to failure.

Last but not the least factor causing decline of a nation is the **ruptured Education System**. The system of education in Pakistan is too old to be able to bring success for a nation. In education system specially in Pakistan the teachers are most **dis-respected**. In **Japan** the most respected occupation is teaching. The judge in Japan has to stand when a teacher appears in court. A special chair is offered only to teachers in the court-room. This respect for teachers brought them to the edge of success. Pakistan is a so-called Islamic country. Teaching is a profession of prophets. Quran says about Prophet Muhammad; Verily we have sent you down as teacher. But unfortunately in Pakistan teachers are dis-respected and dis-honored in such a bad way.

that they have to record protests and do boycott for educational activities and training to take their rights.

These ~~and~~ were the reasons of failure. There are also some way-forwards to tackle all the issues leading to failure. A Nation can be successful by following the principle of **Good Governance**. Failure can be turned into success by showing unity among people. Political and economic stability can avert failure. Justice and transparency can also leads to success. Innovation and technology can fast forward the pace of a nation towards success. So these were some guidelines which can lead to success.

In a Nutshell we can say that why nations fail is an approach to find out the root-causes of failure. Different people unite for common objective make a nation. There are many reasons of failure discussed in this essay such as political and economic instability, injustice and lack of transparency, old-school education system, poverty and lack of unity. These all factors impart in failure of a nation. Failure of a nation can be averted by following the rules of good governance. I hope, that one day there will be a success story of Pakistan and it will be free of all ills and errors of governance and we will be proud of Pakistan. Insha-Allah.