

Why Nations Fail

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The existence of universe with its mighty mountains, deep oceans and beautiful landscape helps it to support life. Life is present in various forms and each form has its own importance. One of the important and beautiful form of life is existence of human beings.

The start of human civilization was filled with wars and struggle for survival. According to Thomas Hobbes human life was poor, nasty, brutish, short and in continuous fear of violent death. In this kind of society life was without art, literature and beauty.

No arts, No letters, No society, and which is worst of all, continual fear and danger of violent death, and the life of man, solitary, Poor, nasty, brutish, and short.

As human civilization evolved humans realised that for survival they have to work together so they aligned their interests to form tribes, society and ultimately nations. Universe is vast so people from different geographical areas work together to design their interests and this leads to formation of different nations. Each nation is unique and have its own particular characteristics. After the formation of nations the chances of collapse of nations did not ended because of their different interests, and despite the strength each nation has its own weakness as well. The weakness in Political, economical and social structure of a nation result in its collapse because these three organs are building block of nation to keep the

interest of nation aligned so they must work together effectively to keep the nation alive. The Political structure of nation should be strong enough to keep the people motivated.

Every nation has its own Political system which works vigilantly for the interest of nation. The effective Political system is comprise of effective Governance, strong Political institutions, robust system of accountability and effective delivery of justice to the citizens. The weak Political institutions set the stage for Political failure and ultimately nation failure.

The Political institutions are the machinery of state that works to maintain the sovereignty of state and for the betterment of its citizens. The weak institutions are not capable to create effective laws and cannot enforce their implementation. For example the Political institutions of China are strong enough to keep the country Politically, economically and socially stable. In order to achieve stability the Political institutions are designed to ensure

effective governance. When Political institutions do not work it results in weak governance that makes the nation weak. For example, in Pakistan Political institutions are focusing on creating the laws rather than implementation due to weak Governance.

An effective governance is an art of conquering the hearts of People and keeping them together. When governance is not effective it results in corruption, mismanagement of resources, violation of human rights, that results in a fall of People.

Each Person in this country is suffering because of bad governance.

For example, the lack of governance in Balochistan has increased the sufferings of People and made them stand against the state. In order to ensure good governance, strong system of accountability is Pre-requisite. When officials know that they can do anything because no one will hold them accountable for their deeds then

They only work for their own interest making the Public suffer. The lack of accountability is the major hinderance to Produce effective outcomes for state.

Accountability is the Glue that ties commitment to results.

For example, lack of accountability resulted in empty treasury of Pakistan and made it debt driven country. Today state is investing in agencies to retrieve the Public money that was gone out of treasury due to weak accountability. This weak accountability enhanced the Power struggle among ruling and opposition Parties.

In Power struggle People are used as a tool to achieve Power and after gaining Power they are discarded as a tissue. Everyone wants to be in the Power to utilize the resources of country as much as they can because in Power no one would question them. For example the continuous struggle or

conflict between ruling Party and oppositions is just for Power rather than for People. Ruling Party wants to protect its rule and opposition is working to get its leader out of jail. No one is talking about People of Pakistan.

Power tends to corrupt and absolute Power corrupts absolutely.

The success of nation heavily depends on Political structure working day and night to ensure that Public interests are fulfilled. When Political interest are secured and Public interest are forgotten then trust between state and its People breaks. For example the year of 2024 was the year of Protest for Pakistan. The main opposition Parties, the students, the teachers, everyone was protesting against state due to lack of trust. This lack of trust was due to violation of social media freedom.

In strong nations the system of democracy is strong. Democracy can only be strong when People are involved

decision making Process. The involvement of people is only possible when they have every kind of freedom while living in a particular system. When people don't get freedom they will resist the ruling class and ultimately this resistance will break the structure of nation. For example the fall of authoritarian government of Bangladesh due to resistance from people. Humans have the ability to tolerate for a while but ultimately they break the shackles of slavery. Because slavery is against human rights.

Human rights are fundamental rights which are ensured by state to its citizens. When state doesn't fulfill the human rights, the roots of state and nations become weak. Today, the violation of human rights in Balochistan is questioning the function of state and nation. It has become a challenge for a nation and a state to address the grievances of people. Because people have suffered from injustice for so long.

The justice is key to keep the nation standing in the arena of world. It is the function of state to ensure effective delivery of justice to its citizens.

Justice delayed, is justice denied.

The lack of justice affect every part of nation, its effects on national integration are unmeasurable.

National integration is very important to keep the nation strong, safe and stable. When within nation, different nations merge then equality and justice are glue to keep them integrated. For example, in subcontinent injustice prevailed which challenged the national integration of Hindustan. Lack of justice makes people come on the roads and ignite the civil war.

Civil war is situation when people stand against the rulers. When needs of people are not fulfilled and rights are not protected then civil war becomes

need of time. The civil war results in weak fabric of nation. Economy is one of the reasons that results in phenomena like civil war and impact the nation as a whole.

In order to fulfill the needs of people an effective policy making is required to ensure that everyone within state enjoys prosperity. When policies are not designed according to the needs of people, resources are not managed properly then seeds of economic failure gets their roots.

The proper management of resources is important to develop sustainably and ensuring that present generation as well as future generations live comfortably. The mismanagement of resources promote inequality and hate among people. For example, the killing of Punjabi people by Baloch people is due to resources exploitation. Everything that helps to live is a resource. Infrastructure is one of the important resource in economy.

Economic sustainability is very important

to maintain the stability of a country. Infrastructure boost economic sustainability and makes the lives of people better. Lack of infrastructure results in less communication and interconnectedness among people that ultimately damage economy because people can not get benefit from each other. Weak economy promote inequality and poverty.

Inequality and poverty becomes threat for state by having its impact on social cohesion, education and healthcare. Lack of social cohesion results in lack of mutual cooperation and failure of society. Inequality and poverty have very damaging impact on education by not providing equal opportunity to every citizen. When availability of opportunities is different then people level of skill is also different. Lack of chances mean lack of skill and lack of skill is huge blow to economy. Health is very important for economy because if more people are unhealthy it means more part of economy is used

to treat them. The unhealthy People would become burden to society.

The nation having weak moral and ethical standards, Plenty of conflicts, ineffective education to develop human capital and inability to handle health crises becomes left behind in the race of international arena. The nation having no say in international decision making is not considered as successful nation.

The example of Somalia and Sudan are the examples of nation failure and they have much to offer to those who are willing to learn from their lessons.

The strength of Political, economical and social system determines the destiny of nation either successful nation or fail nation. The more strong will of People to turn the failure into success the more chances for nation to restore itself. But every segment of a nation needs to work to make the journey a success.