

- Q1 Human beings' fear of darkness is based on the heard experiences of agony of a dying man. Whereas the children's fear of darkness is based on stories of thieves and ghosts.
- Q2 The religious and sacred view of death held by a human is when he regards death as a kind of punishment for the sins he committed and a way of entering into another world.
- Q3 Monks described the painful experiences of death by inflicting physical torture on themselves as a form of self purification. This was to give the impression that if these physical tortures were painful, the pains of death would be indescribably agonizing and hence increased the fear of death among people.
- Q4 Seneca was of the view that the ceremonies and circumstances of death frighten people more than the actual experience of death would.
- Q5 The facts that make death appear more horrible than it would be otherwise are: a dying man hearing uttering groans, his body is seen undergoing convulsions, his face becomes pale and his friends and family put on mourning clothes and perform rituals.