

## Question 04

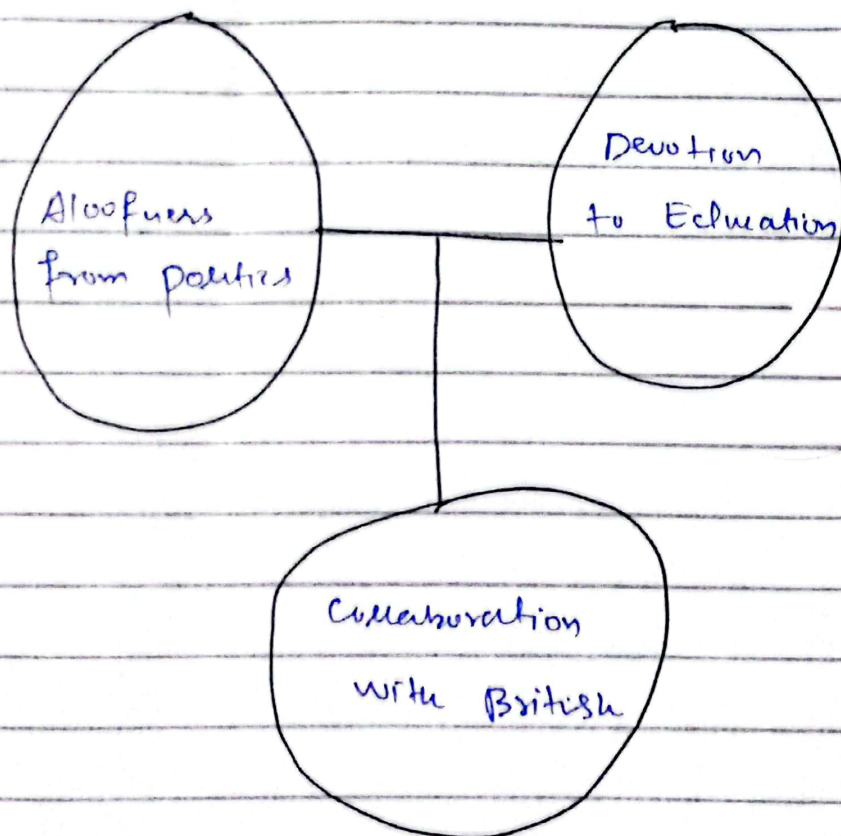
### Critical evaluation of Sir Syed's Holy Trinity of ideas

#### 1- Introduction

The Holy Trinity of Sir Syed's ideas was presented to Muslims from India during a big crisis. These ideas have secured the distinct identity of Muslims, fostered a sense of unity and encouraged them to get a separate country. Moreover, these ideas have devised a separate platform for Muslims. These ideas had removed suspicion between British and Muslims. On the whole, these ideas have encouraged Muslims to get a separate Muslim homeland in the form of present country Pakistan.

## 2 - Sir Syed and his holy Trinity of ideas

Sir Syed is known as a greatest muslim reformer who has preserved the rights of muslim during nineteenth century. He has trinity of ideas



### 3- Critical Evaluation of Sir Syed's Holy Trinity of Ideas

#### i) Loyalty to British

This idea had benefited Muslims

#### a) Secure Muslims from British Wrath

After 1857, Muslims were blamed for initiating the war. As Hunter states that Muslims had faced the wrath of British. The idea of collaboration with British scared Muslims from this.

#### b) Provided Economic Security to Muslims

The Muslims were unable to run their businesses after 1857 war. The idea of devotion with to British opened business and economic opportunity from Muslims.

c) Provided a political space to Muslims

As a result of Sir Syed's efforts, Muslims became successful in creating the Muslim League in 1906. This served a political space for Muslims.

ii) Aloofness from Politics

This had also benefited Muslims

a) Secured a separate identity of Muslims

In collaboration with Hindu political parties, it was most likely that Muslims had lost their distinct identity. Sir Syed's suggestion to not join Congress preserved Muslim identity.

The attainment of education proved to be a blessing for Muslims. Resultantly, Muslims got jobs due to education.

b) Provided efficient leaders to Muslims

The education has provided leaders to Muslims that played an important role in creating Pakistan

- Nawab Mohin ul Mulk
- Nawab Wajid ul Mulk
- Quaid-e-Azam

All these were the products of Sir Syed's efforts.

c) Created political awareness among Muslims

The western education had taught Muslims the idea of democracy. By adopting this idea, Muslims had strived for a separate Muslim

homeland.

#### 4- Conclusion

The holy trinity of Six eyed ideas proved to be a wonderful blessing for muslims. As a result of these ideas, muslim remained successful in creating a separate muslim homeland.

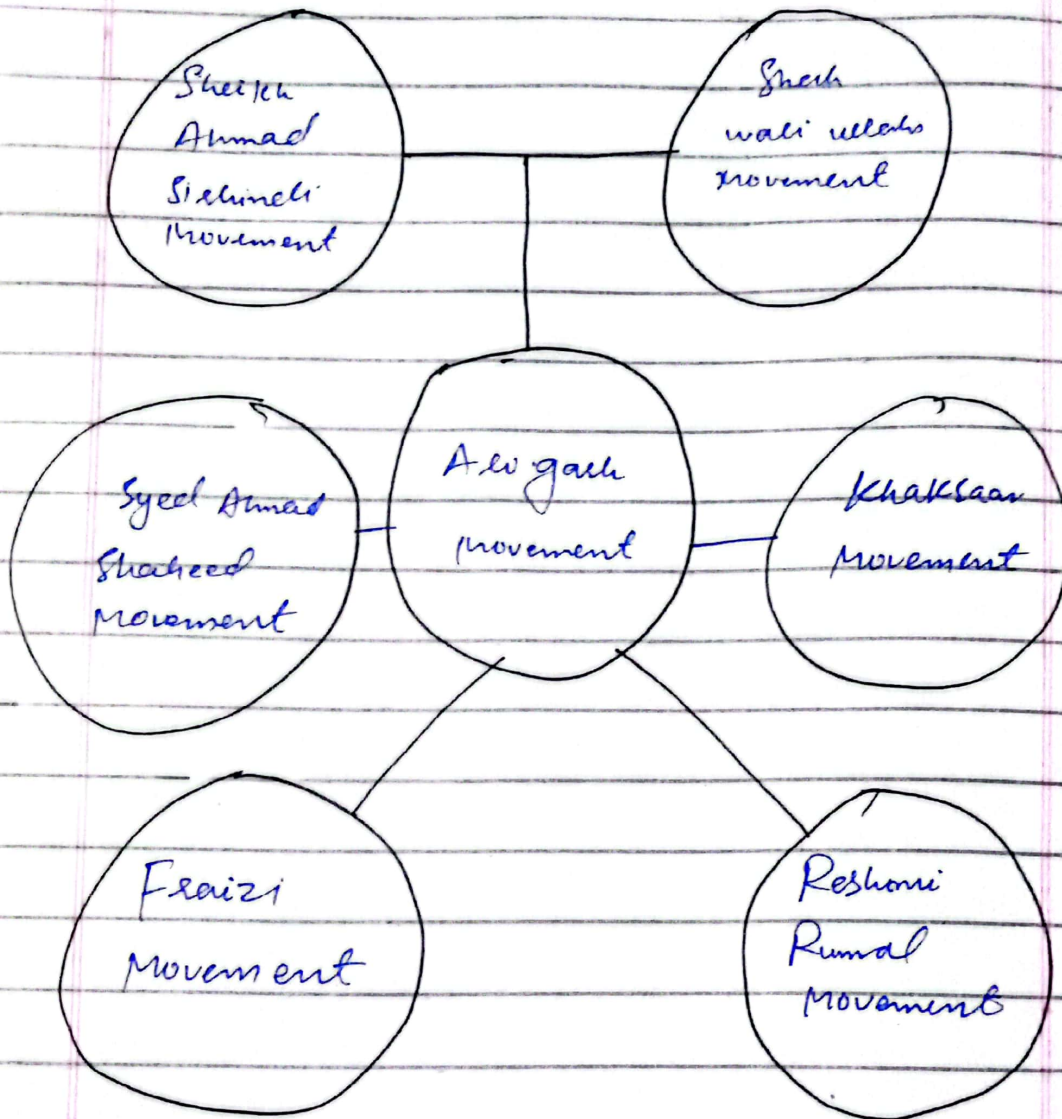
## Question 06

Diverse Muslim reformist movements nurtured unity among Sub-continent Muslims for Two-nation Theory

### 1- Introduction

The diverse Muslim movement in sub-continent infused a sense of unity among Muslims of the sub-continent. These movements preserved separate Muslim identity and preserved exclusivity of Islam. Moreover, these movements preserved Muslim culture and envisaged the evil intentions of Hindus. These movements secured, political, economic and social identity of Muslims for breeding a sense of two-nation theory.

## 2- Muslim reformist Movement





### 3- Reformist Movements nurtured unity for the formulation of Two-nation Theory

i) gathered Muslims on a single platform

The struggle of Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi against Deen-e-Ilahi had gathered Muslims on a single platform. This led to understand them that they are separate nation.

ii) Preservation of Muslim culture infused a sense of Two-nation Theory

Sheikh waliullah had struggled for the preservation of Muslim culture. This concept of distinct Muslim culture encouraged Muslims towards two-nation theory.

iii) Exclusivity of Islam: An idea led towards two-nation theory

All muslim reformists including Sheikh Inayatullah, Sheikh Waliullah and Syed Ahmad Khan had emphasized the role of Islamic exclusivity. This had also encouraged muslim towards two-nation theory.

iv) Reformists predicted Hindu-intentions that led muslim to two-nation theory

Sir Syed had warned muslims against joining congress because it was a Hindu-majority party. This exclusivity of muslim led to two-nation theory

v) Reformists preserved distinct identity of muslim for two-nation theory

Sir Syed had

had claimed that Hindu and Muslims are two separate nations. He referred to Muslims as a "Qom". This was a foundation of Two-nation theory.

vi) Reformist infused a sense of unity that led to two-nation theory.

Reformist thinkers

emphasize that Muslims are brothers and they should help each other.

This slogan of reformists had gathered Muslims on a single platform for formulating two-nation theory.

vii) Reformists promoted Muslim Nationalism for two-nation theory.

The idea of

Muslim nation, propagated by reformists, became a foundation for two-nation theory. K. K. Aziz has also endorsed that Muslim nationalism was a result of so Muslim reformists.

viii) Preservation of linguistic identity led to two nation theory

During Urdu-Hindi controversy, Sir Syed had emphasized in preserving Urdu, a language of Muslims. This preservation of Urdu language had also contributed in strengthening two-nation theory.

ix) Reformists provided a separate political platform to Muslims

The reformist leaders had provided a separate platform to Muslims. Muslim League was the result of Sir Syed's efforts. This distinct platform advocated two nation theory by claiming separate electorates for Muslims. Hence, it worked for two-nation theory and successfully got the country named Pakistan.

#### 4- Conclusion

The muslim reformists had refused a sense of separate identity and a sense of unity. This led to the formulation of two-nation theory. Moreover, the two-nation theory sowed a foundation for creating a separate country.

## Question 05

Pak-Afghan relations in the context of Taliban's desire of pursuing an independent foreign policy

### 1- Introduction

The desire of current Afghan government of pursuing an independent foreign policy has strained the relation between Pakistan and Afghanistan. This strain of relation has been manifested in refugee issue and Pakistani claim of TTP support. Moreover, heated diplomatic arguments and closure of bilateral trade are the manifestations of bad relation between both neighbours.

## 2- Understanding the problem of Afghan independent policy infuriating Pakistan



Pakistan, being a neighbour of Afghanistan, feared that Afghan soil could be used by India against Pakistan. Therefore, Pakistan asserts its influence in Afghanistan while Taliban refuse to accept this influence. This bone of contention has maligned relations between Kabul and Islamabad.

### 3- Exploring Pak-Afghan relations in the context of Afghan desire of an independent foreign Policy

i) Currently, relations are tense

Both the countries have suspicion between each other. (Muhammad Amir Rana, a security analyst, has also highlighted that the relations between both the countries are not normal.

ii) TTP issue is further straining relation

Pakistan accuses Taliban of supporting TTP but Taliban deny this accusation. Although, in reality, TTP is getting support from Afghan Taliban. This has strained relations.



iii) Refugee issue has infuriated Taliban

Due to misunderstandings between Islamabad and Kabul regarding foreign policy of Afghanistan, Pakistan has sent back Afghan refugees. The refugees created a burden on Afghanistan. This has maligned relations.

iv) Pakistani fear of the usage of Afghan soil against Pakistan has strained relations

At Doha deal, Afghan Taliban has pledged to not use Afghan soil against Pakistan. Now, this soil is being used by TTP. This has created a tense environment between both countries.

v) Smuggling Issue is straining further the relations

The smuggling of

dollar oil - Afghan border puts  
a heavy burden on Pakistani  
stock exchange market. But  
Taliban failed to restrict smuggling.  
This has maligned the relation.

vi) Closure of border is a manifestation  
of strained relations

Chaman border has  
been closed by Pakistan in order  
to stop dollar smuggling. However,  
smuggling has not been stopped. This  
has maligned the relations between  
both the neighbours.

vii) Heated diplomatic exchange between  
both countries

The foreign  
office of the both countries  
has exchanged heated arguments.  
Zabiullah Mujahid, the spokesperson  
of Afghan Taliban, has warned  
Pakistan against harsh consequences.

viii) Indian involvement in Afghanistan has strained relations

The Indian engagement in Afghanistan has further strained the relations. The Indian engagement infuriates Pakistan. Resultantly, both countries are experiencing tense relations.

ix) Grievances of Taliban are straining relations

Taliban accuses Islamabad of deteriorating the current situation of the Afghanistan. They accused Pakistan of assisting western world against Kabul. These historical concerns have become poisonous thorns maligning bilateral relations between both neighbours. Moreover, Taliban accuses Pakistan of playing double game by aligning with west and Taliban.

## 4- Conclusion

The desire of Taliban of pursuing an independent foreign policy has strained the relations between both countries.

The current relations of both countries are experiencing a very serious situation.

## Question 03

Functioning Democracy  
requires an efficient  
leadership

### 1- Introduction

The well-educated and morally grounded leadership can ensure a true democracy in a country because of various practical steps. This kind of leadership prevents dynastic politics, favors meritocracy, and does not protect its own interests. Moreover, they respect democratic ideals and favors the interest of their countries. They breed local democratic nurseries for successful running their countries. Most importantly, they do not curb the freedom of people.

2- Healthy, educated, participatory  
fellowship, an educated, morally  
grounded leadership can  
ensure functioning democracy

i) prevents dynastic politics

efficient leadership,  
unlike Pakistani leadership does not  
converge power into the family. Apart  
from this, they prefer meritocracy.  
Western leaders have avoided dynastic  
politics.

ii) Refrains from corruption

efficient leadership  
do not attain power by illegal  
means. They believe in fair and  
free method of transitioning power.  
Canadian leadership have never indulge  
in corrupt practices for grabbing  
power.

iii) Remain Accountable for their actions

Efficient leader favor a check on them for avoiding the misuse of power. Every Wednesday, British leader has to attend Question answer session to review his progress. In this way, efficient leadership remain accountable.

iv) Prevents Nepotism

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Aristal Lieven has argued that Pakistani leadership is habitual of nepotism that affects democracy. (Pakistan: A Hard Country). The efficient leadership refrains from this malpractice.

v) Diligently transfers to his counterpart chosen by people

Efficient leader does not want to remain in power all-time. He transfer upon losing

losing public support. Rishi Sunak has happily transferred power to Keir Starmer upon his defeat.

vi) Protects the freedom of speech

Unlike dictators like North Korean leader, the educated leaders preserve the freedom of speech of people. The example can be taken of Scandinavia and Norway. Their leaders protect freedom of speech of people.

vii) Avoids pursuing vested interests

Unlike dictators, a morally grounded leader refrain from pursuing his vested interests. Conversely, he pursues the interest of his country. USA leaders refrain from pursuing personal vested interests

viii) Promotes local leadership

The local



Leadership is necessary for promoting democracy. The leaders diligently promote it. The local government system of Britain is an evidence of efforts of efficient leaders.

ix) Respects democratic ideals

Rule of law		Good Governance
	participation	
equality		Freedom of speech

An efficient leader attempts to promote these democratic ideals in order to ensure democratic rule.

x) Protects Fundamental rights of people

- Right to information
- Right to live
- Right to Earn
- Right to form a political party

An efficient leader

• Safeguards all these rights in order to ensure democracy. Norway leadership is committed to safeguard fundamental rights.

### xi) Favors Meritocracy

An efficient leader believes in meritocracy. He provides a chance to his junior who is more capable than him. Joe Biden has encouraged Kamala Harris to contest president election in his place.

### xii) Avoids misuse of power regarding affecting democratic ideals

Efficient leader avoids attacking democratic ideals by forcefully introducing a law. Modi has passed anti-democratic laws. Unlike this, efficient leader refrains from this.

### 3- Conclusion

Efficient and well-educated leadership promotes democracy. This kind of leadership sacrifices their personal goals and promotes democratic ideals in their countries. Unlike dictators, they believe in people welfare.

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