

Q2 Discuss the main changes in the Constitution of Pakistan through Twenty Sixth Amendment? what effects in polit-

There has been an important role of judiciary on grounds of political and government level.

The judicial system of Pakistan had maintained its role and legacy in the history of Pakistan. In the present month

the changes appeared in the amendment mainly focused on role of judiciary. The twenty sixth amendment act 2024 also known as Constitutional package

that takes away Supreme Court's suo moto powers, sets the Chief Justice of Pakistan term at three years and empowers the PM to appoint next CJP of Pakistan among most senior judges.

The main changes in the amendment

Power of Chief Justice

The power of Chief Justice has been made weak through

bringing certain changes into the amendment. The powers of chief justice has been modified by keeping CJ less interfered in the affairs. The chief justice of Pakistan would be aside by taking suo moto actions. The power of suo moto from any entity and the decision of other provinces high courts would be done by the political entities.

The Composition of judicial Commission of Pakistan

The judicial Commission of Pakistan (JCP) nominates judges of Supreme and high Courts. Before 26 Constitutional amendment the JCP comprised majority of judges. However, the amendment changed the composition of JCP and also included two members of national assembly, two members of senate or 9

woman or non muslim. The changes in CJP composition allow direct interference of political influence, and reduce CJP members to minority

Administrative powers of judicial Commission of Pakistan

The mutual involvement of matters involving interpretation of the Constitution and enforcement of fundamental rights, was for CJP, now this has got political influence, making decisions. The amendment also provide that all pending petitions, appeals and reviews that relate matters shall fall under Constitutional bench^s be transferred to them.

Rationale behind the amendment

The apparent scerio tells that rationale behind changes were transparency, accountability and balance. The core concern is case management and decision making by keeping

view the transparency. To ensure checks and balance within judiciary to prevent misuse of power and authority.

Impact on judicial system
The amendment introduces check on CJP unilateral authority by establishing a Council responsible for decisions that were previous sole discretion of CJP.

Limitation on judicial autonomy
The changes in the amendment has limited the powers of chief justice there by any the chief justice will act ~~decisively~~ decisively on urgent matters of people. The CJP will act independently making susceptible the external influence.

The shift in judicial focus
The judiciary with limited powers is entering into the domains of legislation and executive branches. This is viewed as keeping judicial

activism limited based on limited
and conventional patterns of
interpretation, rather than policy
making.

Thus the amendment
changes can influence judicial
activism, efficiency and internal
dynamics within judiciary affecting
both the judicial system and
governmental and political
system.

Q4 Critically evaluate Sir Syed's
trinity i.e. loyalty towards
British, devotion to education
and aloofness from politics.
Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was
a key figure in propagating
then affairs of subcontinent.
He stood up with the
motive of securing the
right and dignity of his
Muslim nation. Sir Syed Ahmed
Khan for his nation devoted
his life. He came up as
a reformer for people of
India.

He gave his services those were educational, political, social and literary.

Educational services of Sir Syed. He contributed to the life of people. The educational reforms were the establishment of Muhammadan Aligarh School, college and university.

He founded educational committees societies and conferences so that people can have open discussions for their issues to talk on. On the other hand,

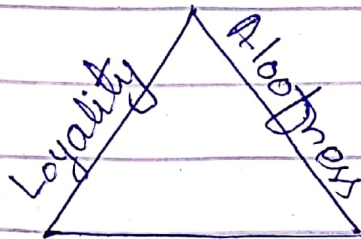
he wrote book to spread knowledge and wisdom among people. These book conveyed the good cause of Sir Syed towards people.

Political services

The political services of Syed were basically based on true identification of people in their society. Through his political steps told people know your worth in a society

where you face identity crises.
The awakening of people was
Cause of Sir Syed for the
Concept of two nation theory
which separates Indian and
Muslim nation as distinct
communities

Trinity of Sir Syed Ahmed
Khan



Devotion

Aloofness from politics
Sir Syed advised people that
stay away from politics especially
Indian National Congress. He
believed that distrust the
British had after 1857 could
harm their future. Focus on
education rather than politics.
Education means uplifting
Muslim community, advocating
for progress through intellectual
empowerment than political confrontation

Devotion

Sir Syed deeply devoted to the cause of Indian Muslims ~~politically~~ for economic, social and educational advancement. His dedication led to the establishment of Mohammedan Anglo-Oriental College to impart modern education and prepare them to successfully integrate into British administered society.

Loyalty towards the British. This was the strategy of Sir Syed to protect ~~him~~ Muslims interests as after independence British led allegations of uprising on Muslims. Sir Syed Ahmed worked to secure the image of Muslim and saving them from being marginalized.

The ~~the~~ ~~trinity~~ idea of Sir Syed was from the circumstance at that time. This approach of aloofness, devotion and loyalty was

to help Indian Muslims to stand strong for future.

Q7: Enlist the major components of national integrations. What are certain issues that may hamper it? Explain.

Social Cohesion

The states run by containing different ethnic and social communities. The state as a whole needs to foster the unity and solidarity among such groups within the boundaries of state to maintain and prosperity.

Economic Equality

Economic equality is another factor that suits any state for development and prosperity. The economic stability is core element that ensures fair distribution of resources, opportunities and wealth across all the regions to reduce income inequality.

Political stability

Political stability needs to be ensured in all aspects for the region. The regulation of political decisions must be transparent and just.

The responsibility of political system is to promote trust among people in a governmental setup.

Cultural unity

The states own their citizens but states do have number of people from different cultures. The state of Pakistan owes the number of minorities so they have the right to fully celebrate their rituals without any distinctions.

They have the right to perform their cultural practices Justice and law enforcement.

The country has to regulate the fair judgments

The country needs to regulate fair judicial decision system free from any biased.

decisions. The rule of law must be impartial.

Issues that may hamper national integration

Ethnic and sectarian divide living in a state with multiple ethnic groups sometimes hampers the national integration.

For instance, the country Pakistan own people from multiple ethnicities that brings deep sectarian and ethnic divide in the region.

Economic Disparities

Regional and economical divide bring disparities. The unequal resource distribution create resentment among people that disadvantage the cohesion of country, it resultantly threatens the

unity of country.
Political instability

Frequent changes in governmental, corruption and lack of ~~awareness~~ representation

erode the political system.

The examples can be found in the state of Pakistan where political system is eroded and rotten which hampers the system of Pakistan in national integration.

weak law enforcement
Ineffective system of
favoring one group over others are
perceived as biased and this
lead to mistrust and resentment
and loss of faith among
people for the institutions of
Country.

National integration relies on
creating a shared sense of
identity and belonging across
all groups within country. However
issues like ethnic divide,
economic inequality and political
instability creates mistrust among
people. Addressing these issues
by promoting inclusively equal
opportunities and respect for
diversity