

Topic 3:- Hyper-Globalism is threat to human prosperity.

Work on presentation.  
Draw margins.  
Use a different pen for headings

Date: Syed Talha Ahmed  
OB-60

Good arguments  
Validation and examples are  
Lacking. No references

1) Introduction No definitions in the introduction

- A) ~~Definition of Hyper-Globalism~~
- B) Importance of Globalization in Modern Society
- C) Thesis Statement: ~~Hyper-Globalism Poses a threat to Human Prosperity due to its impact on various aspects of society.~~ Vague, does not address the topic properly

Crunch Paragraph??

2) Economic Impact Main headings should be topic specific

- 2.1) Exploitation of Labor
- 2.2) Widening Economic Disparities
- 2.3) Loss of Cultural Local Industries
- 2.4) Environmental Degradation Not an economic impact

3) Social Impact

- 3.1) Erosion of Cultural Identity
- 3.2) Rise of Social Inequality Too broad. Be more specific
- 3.3) Disruption of Communities
- 3.4) Threats to Social Cohesion

4) Political Impact

- 4.1) Loss of Sovereignty 4.1 and 4.2 are overlapping
- 4.2) Influence of Transnational Corporations
- 4.3) Decrease in Democracy Same argument different words
- 4.4) Rise in Authoritarianism

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## 5) Environmental Impact

- 5.1) Increased Carbon Emissions
- 5.2) Depletion of Natural Resources
- 5.3) Pollution & Waste Management Issues
- 5.4) Threats to Biodiversity

## 6) Technological Impact

- 6.1) Digital Divide Falls under 3:2
- 6.2) Privacy Concerns
- 6.3) Cybersecurity threats Overlapping points
- 6.4) Automation & Job Displacement

## 7) Counter Arguments

- 7.1) Advancements in Technology & Communications
- 7.2) Potential to Economic Growth
- 7.3) Cultural Exchange & Diversity
- 7.4) Global Cooperation on Environmental Issues

## 8) Conclusion

- A) Restate thesis & summarize key points
- B) Call to action on negative aspects
- C) Importance of balancing globalization with human prosperity.

Indent at the beginning of paragraph

Hyper-globalism refers to an unprecedented level of interconnectedness & interdependence among nations, economics & cultures, characterized by the rapid flow of goods, capital, information & people across borders. Human prosperity, encompassing economic well-being, social cohesion, political stability, environmental sustainability & technological advancement, is a vital for the welfare & progress of individuals & societies. However, hyper-globalization poses a significant threat to human prosperity due to its profound impact on various aspects of society. From economic exploitation & widening inequities to cultural erosion & environmental degradation, the consequences of hyper-globalism are far reaching & multifaceted. This essay explores how hyper-globalization = globalism undermines human prosperity & argues the need to address these challenges to create a more equitable & sustainable global order. Hyper globalism often leads to the exploitation of labor in developing countries, where multinational

No definitions in the introduction

Don't make lists in your sentences

Don't address your writing like this

Properly discuss your outline

Lacks proper transition

Link to the topic

Too long for a topic sentence.

~~Corporations take advantage of tax laws & low wages to maximize profit. For instance, in the garment industry, workers in Cambodia & Bangladesh often endure unsafe working conditions & meager wages while producing clothing for western markets. Similarly, in the agriculture sector, migrant workers may face exploitation & abuse while harvesting crops for export to wealthy countries. This exploitation not only harms the individual but also perpetuates a cycle of poverty & inequity within these countries.~~

The Dominance of multinational corporations in the global market has contributed to widening economic disparities both within & between countries. ~~For example, while some tech grants amass unprecedented wealth, many workers struggle to make ends meet in the gig economy, lacking job security & benefits. Additionally, developing countries often bear the brunt of economic globalization, experiencing limited access to resources & opportunities compared to their wealthier~~

*This is not an example. This is explanation of your argument*

*Example?*

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Counterparts. This ~~disparity~~ can be seen in the unequal ~~distribution~~ <sup>Example?</sup> of wealth & resources, with marginalized communities often left behind in the pursuit of profit & growth.

The rise of hyper-globalism has led to the homogenization of culture industries, with multinational corporations <sup>Add explanation of argument before example</sup> stifling markets & competition. ~~For instance,~~ the dominance of Hollywood in the film industry often ~~marginalizes~~ independent film makers & indigenous storytellers, leading to a loss of diverse narratives & perspectives. Similarly, the spread of global fast-food chains <sup>Example?</sup> can overshadow local culinary traditions & food markets, eroding cultural heritage & identity. This loss of ~~cultural industries~~ not only diminishes cultural diversity but also limits economic opportunities for local artisans & entrepreneurs.

The pursuit of economic growth at all cost in the era of hyper-globalism has resulted in widespread environmental degradation & ecological crises. ~~For example,~~ industrialized agriculture, driven by global demand for ~~commodities~~ <sup>commodities</sup>

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The cause may be economic the effect is environmental.

-ties like palm oil & soybean, has led to deforestation, habitat loss & biodiversity decline in regions like the Amazon rainforest. Similarly, the global shipping industry contributes to air & water pollution as well as the spread of invasive species through ballast water discharge. These environmental impacts not only threaten fragile ecosystems & species but also undermine the long-term sustainability of human societies.

Hyper-globalism often leads to the erosion of cultural identity as dominant cultures overshadow & replace local traditions & customs. For example, the spread of western consumer culture through multinational corporations can marginalize indigenous practices & languages, diminishing the richness of cultural diversity. Additionally, the influence of global media & entertainment industries may promote homogenized ideals of beauty, lifestyle & success, further eroding unique cultural identities around the world.

No example no reference

The rise of hyper-globalism exacerbates social inequality by concentrating wealth

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& power in the hands of the few, while marginalizing & disenfranchising vulnerable communities. ~~For instance, the global financialization of economics often prioritizes the interests of investors & shareholders over the welfare of workers & local communities, leading to job insecurity, poverty & social exclusion. Moreover, the commodification of basic needs such as housing, healthcare & education can further widen the gap between the rich & the poor, perpetuating cycles of poverty & inequality.~~

Point lacks clarity.  
Expand it exemplify it

Hyper-globalism can disrupt traditional communities & social structures leading to social dislocation, alienation & fragmentation. ~~For example, the influx of foreign investment & multinational corporations into local economies may displace small-scale farmers, artisans & businesses, undermining the social fabric of rural communities. Similarly rapid urbanization driven by globalization can lead to the displacement of marginalized populations & the gentrification of low-income neighborhoods, eroding social cohesion & cultural continuity.~~

No example  
no reference

Prince

The increasing interconnectedness & interdependence of society in the era of hyper-globalism can also pose threat to social cohesion & stability. ~~For instance~~, the rapid spread of mis-information & propaganda through social media platforms can fuel polarization, distrust & division within communities undermining social solidarity & cooperation. Moreover, the erosion of traditional values & norms in the face of global culture influences may lead to identity crises & social tensions further undermining social cohesion & resilience.

No example  
no reference

Relative

No transition, no cohesive shift from one segment to another

Hyper-globalism diminishes the sovereignty of nation states as they become increasingly beholden to supranational organizations & economic blocs. ~~For instance~~, membership in trade agreement like the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP) or the European Union (EU) often requires countries to cede control over certain policy areas, such as trade regulations & immigration to centralized authorities limiting their ability to make autonomous decisions in the interest of their citizens.

Explanation??



Transnational corporations wield a significant influence over governments & policy processes often prioritizing their own profit motives over the welfare of citizens. For example, pharmaceutical companies may lobby governments to ~~privatize~~ intellectual property rights over access to affordable medicine leading to ~~balance~~ imbalances in healthcare for marginalized populations. Similarly, the fossil fuel industry may exert pressure on policymakers to resist environmental regulations & climate action, undermining efforts to address global challenges such as climate change & environmental degradation.

The rise of hyper-globalism has coincided with the decline in democratic governance, as decision-making power is increasingly concentrated in the hands of unelected technocrats & corporate elites. For instance, international finance institutions like the International Monetary Fund (IMF) & the World Bank often impose austerity measures & structural adjustment programs on indebted countries, bypassing democratic processes & exacerbating social inequalities. Similarly, the ~~polifegation~~ <sup>France</sup>

Key points are repetitive

of free trade agreements & investor-state dispute settlement mechanisms can undermine national sovereignty & democratic decision-making by prioritizing corporate interests over public welfare.

The erosion of democratic norms & institutions in the era of hyper-globalism has paved the way for the rise of authoritarian leaders & regimes that exploit nationalist & populist sentiments to consolidate power. For example, leaders like Vladimir Putin in Russia & Recep Tayyip Erdoğan in Turkey have used nationalist rhetoric & anti-globalization narratives to justify crackdowns on civil liberties, media freedom & political dissent. Similarly, populist movements in Europe & the USA has capitalized on anti-establishment sentiments to undermine democratic institutions & norms, posing a threat to liberal democracy & human rights.

Hyper-globalism increases climate change through increased carbon emissions from industrial activities, transportation & energy production. For instance the global shipping industry emits significant

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amounts of greenhouse gases, contributing to climate change & ocean acidification. Similarly the expansion of industrial agriculture to meet global demand for food leads to deforestation & emits greenhouse gases through land-use change & fertilizer use.

The relentless pursuit of economic growth & consumption in the era of hyper-globalism accelerates the depletion of natural resources, such as forests, water & minerals. For example, deforestation for palm oil plantations in South Asia & logging operations in the Amazon rainforest threaten biodiversity & ecosystem stability. Similarly, the extraction of fossil fuel such as oil & coal, leads to habitat destruction, water pollution & air contamination further exacerbating environmental degradation.

The global production & consumption patterns driven by hyper-globalism result in widespread pollution & waste management challenges. For instance, the proliferation of single use plastics in packing & consumer goods leads to pollution of oceans & waterways posing threats to marine life.

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& human health. Similarly, industrial pollution from manufacturing processes, such as chemical production & mining operations, contaminates air, soil & water, endangering ecosystems & human communities.

Hyper-globalism poses significant threat to biodiversity through habitat destruction, fragmentation, & species extinction.

~~For example~~ urbanization & infrastructure development encroach upon natural habitats,

leading to the loss of biodiversity hotspots & critical ecosystems. Additionally, the expansion of agricultural practices

& monoculture farming reduces the biodiversity by displacing

native species & promoting the spread of invasive species. Moreover, illegal wildlife trade,

driven by global demand for exotic pets, trophies & traditional medicine

further threatens endangered species & undermines conservation efforts.

It also exacerbates the digital divide, creating disparities in access to

technology & information between affluent & marginalized communities. ~~For example,~~

while urban areas in developed countries

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may have access to high speed internet & digital devices, rural & underserved regions often lack ~~available~~ connectivity & technological infrastructure. The digital divide hinders opportunities for education, employment & civic participation, perpetuating social & economic inequalities.

The widespread use of technology in the era of hyper-globalism raises concerns about privacy & data security. ~~For instance~~ social media platforms & online services collect vast amounts of personal data from users often without informed consent. ~~For targeted~~ advertising & data analytics. Moreover, governments & corporations may engage in surveillance activities monitoring individuals online activities & communications infringing upon their privacy rights & civil liberties.

Hyper-globalism exposes societies to cyber threats including hacking, malware & cyber attacks which can compromise sensitive information & disrupt critical infrastructure. ~~For example,~~ ransomware attacks targeting healthcare systems & financial institutions have disrupted services & compromised patient <sup>Prince</sup>

data, highlighting the vulnerabilities of interconnected networks & digital systems. Similarly, state-sponsored cyber-espionage, & cyber warfare pose risks to national security & geopolitical stability in the digital age.

The automation of jobs & the rise of artificial intelligence (A.I) in the era of hyper-globalism threatens to displace millions of workers leading to unemployment & economic insecurity.

~~Example~~ advancements in robots & machine learning technologies enable the automation of routine tasks in manufacturing, retail & transportation industries reducing the demand for human labour. Similarly the adoption of automated systems in service sectors, such as customer services & financial transactions may lead to job displacement & workforce restructuring exacerbating inequalities & social tensions.

Proponents of hyper-globalism argue that advancement in technology & communication have facilitated

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unprecedented level of connectivity, innovation & knowledge sharing across the globe. ~~For example~~ digital platform & social networks enables individuals & organizations to collaborate, exchange ideas & access information instantaneously transcending geographical boundaries.

~~Moreover,~~ No example no reference technologies such as A.I blockchain & ~~renewable~~ energy hold the potential to address pressing global challenges including healthcare poverty & climate change through innovative solutions & disruptive technologies.

Hyper-globalism offers the potential ~~for~~ economic growth & development, particularly in emerging markets & developing countries. ~~For instance~~ increased trade investment & market interpenetration can stimulate economic activity create employment opportunities & improve living standards ~~for~~ millions of people worldwide. No example no reference Moreover, participation in global value chains & access to international markets enables businesses to scale up operations, diversify revenue streams & foster innovation through collaboration.

It also promotes cultural exchange & diversity by facilitating interactions & collaborations between people from different background, cultures & traditions. ~~For example~~, the digital media & entertainment platforms allow individual to consume & produce diverse content showcasing unique perspective & narratives from around the world. Moreover, international travel, migration & study abroad programs enable cross-cultural experiences & intercultural dialogue, fostering mutual understanding, tolerance & appreciation of cultural diversity.

Hyper globalism encourages global cooperation & collective action to address pressing matters like environmental challenges, climate change, pollution & biodiversity loss. ~~For example~~ international agreements like Paris Agreement & United Nations Sustainable Goals provide ~~platform~~ ~~for~~ ~~countries~~ to collaborate on mitigation & adaptation efforts & share best practices. It helps in mobilization of resources for environmental conservation & sustainable development. Moreover



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initiatives like Green Climate Fund & the Global Environmental Facility <sup>manages</sup> ~~and~~ financial support & technical assistance to developing countries to implement sustainable practices & transition to low carbon economies.

In conclusion, hyper-globalism poses a significant threat to human prosperity spanning economic, social, political & environmental & technological domains. From the exploitation of labor & widening economic disparities to the erosion of cultural identity & threats to biodiversity the negative impacts of hyper-globalism are wide spread & multifaceted. To address these challenges, concerted efforts are needed to protect labor rights, promote fair trade, ensure environmental sustainability & strengthen democratic governance. Balancing the benefits of globalization with the protection of human rights, social justice & environmental integrity is essential for creating a more equitable & sustainable global order. By prioritizing human prosperity & well being we can harness the potential of globalization to foster inclusive growth.

No new information in conclusion

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in economics, cultural exchange &  
technological innovation for the benefit  
of all.

	<b>Category</b>	<b>Total marks</b>	<b>Obtained marks</b>
<b>Content</b>	Qualitative analysis	10	2
	Quantitative analysis	10	2
	Validity & Reliability	10	0
	Relevance	10	3
<b>Language</b>	Sentence structure	5	2
	Vocabulary	5	2
	Clarity	5	2
	Command of language	5	2
	Expression	5	2
<b>Structure</b>	Outline	5	1
	Introduction	5	1
	Body paragraphs	5	1
	Conclusion	5	0
<b>Coherence</b>	Cohesion	5	2
	Coherence	10	3
<b>Total</b>			25