Ono#3	despractives to make	
· Introduction		Six Syed Alvared IV
		Chan was one of the
		ung personalities of
		rational as well as
emotioned qual	lities. He was a v	versalile per onality;
		social reformer,
		e generations of Muslim
		ir Syed's views and
deed came t	to be known as	the forceful Aligarh adings to the qs
Titles and beautiful common that had a stage of		Mayland a
the same of the sa	I circumstances of	
	0	e was filled with.
	social challenges.	
	V	India were a wretch
The state of the s	the state of the s	for this was and
		enfeeble Muslims in
		2 again . 1 sures salt
		Muing systematically
		by Nehra Nehra
		British fell more
nearly upon M	usum of sub-conti	nent than Hindus!"
Khalla but Sae	ed also describes	the conditions of
		Muslims were not
	in their outlook.	
	U	had to fight against
		the other was co-religi
onists Muslims	who were were	the influence of
		eaders six Syed had

	i want ibilit a territoria de successión
	in navely introduced system of government.
	· Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's role in creating Muslim.
	identity and Nationalism
	The prime objective of Sir Syed Ahmed
	Khan behind the revival of Muslim identity was
	the education His strategy was to build a social
	Structure on education As his bigrapher Graham
	wrote that his mollo was Educate, educate,
	educate. "He wanted to senove misurdestanding
	between British and the Muslims, to keep Muslims away
	from the agitational politics, and to protect the
	rights of Muslims and their interests.
	· Socia-political cultimentances of sub-continent
	· Reapproachment between British and Muslims
	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan began a
1	poricy of reapproachment between the British and
	Mushins of the sub-continent He wrote the book
	" Loyal Muhammadans of India", in which he highlighted
	the services and contributions of the Muslims who
	remained loyal to India during the war of independence.
	He also engaged the British in his educational
	reform movement. As instance, early principals
	of Aligarh School and college were all English.
	The Aligarh College received huge grants from the
	British government as well. What advice? Be specific with
OCCUPATION OF	. Wice y Bulk hazdings
-	Sir Syde wanted Indian Muslims to
Department of	stay away from the agitational politics because
State of the last	he realized that British ha come to stay and.
-	it was impossible for tushing to overthain British

on 7-9 pages

-	Date
de.	
1	Qno#41 des alt raiselle il recellat le aux.
	A selection of the sele
	. Introduction
	The Constitution of Pakistan makes
	education free and compulsory to all children between
	the age of 5-16 years. After the 18th amendment, subjects
	including education were transferred to federating.
	writs to strengthen provincial aut nonz.
	The system of education includes all institut.
	- ions that are involved in delivering formal education;
	public or private, and their faculties, students, physical
	infrastructure, resources, and rules Pakistan has been unable
	to cope up with the largels set by Daker declaration
	(Education For All commitment), and thus, Pakiston is
	lagging behind in achieving EFA largets and its
	Millenium Development Goals (MDGs) for education.
	classing but also decayse in the reinhold
	· MDGs and Pakistan some and to discussion
	According to the article of Islamabad
	Policy Research Institute, the MDGs have laid down
	two goals for education sector. The first goal is to
	whiere Universal Primary Education, and by 2015, children
	everywhose will be able to constete a full course of.
1	primary schooling in 2014 me arralment statistics show
1	an increase in the enforment but need for increasing
	our alment of students remain high to achieve MDGs
	target. is tasminavas mismell. Itaa. seek samel has
	The second goal of MDGs is promoting women empowerm.
1	-ent and gender equality, especially in education sector:
+	Those is a shark disposite between male and termile
+	There is a stark disparity between male and female
+	male was found higher than female.

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	from: illeteracy.
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	1 Once Sie obligate interplant la object to han
	Sixth Mass Extinction
	A mass extinction, according to geology, is a
	short span of time in which different species like;
	bacteria, fungi, plants, amphibians, mammals, birds,
	dies out. The planet has experienced five previous
	mass extinction events, the last one occurring 65.5
	million years ago which wiped out the dinosaus
	from existence Experts now believe that we're in
	the midst of a sixth mass entir tion. Unlike previous
	mass extinctions caused of natural phenomena, the
	sixth mass entinction is caused by human activity,
	primarily, the unsustainable use of land, water and
	energy: use, and climate change.
	One of the most serious risks to the
	long term viability of Earth is the rapidly changing
	dimate Global warning is one of the greatest
	causes of environmental damage Moreover, increased
	emissions of green house gases in our outer
	atmosphere caused by fuel Combustion raise the
	earth's average temperature Fox inclance; according
	to the international revouce, 23 has been claimed
	as the hottest year in the history. Climate change
-	has an infact on human life and the economy
-	by disrupting the Earth's climatic systems, sesulting
	in natural disasters, such as, floods, droughts, faming,
-	and yclones Pakistan, being a climate vulnerable
	country has seen an increase in the frequency of
	entreme climatic events. According to German Watch,

The introduction is lengthy. So Date	O. Car
sh <mark>orten it a bit</mark>	I
countries most affected by himate change chimate	
change is expected to increase the frequency	1
and intensity of heatwaves, droughts, riverine and	1
floshfloods, landshides, and sea storms or yclones.	1
a is realoge of trickers in the section it is	-
· Climate change: The threat is real	+
The world's dimote is changing	+
because of our own actions. Wend weather conditions	+
are experienced frequently in many parts of the	+
world different habitats are changing permanently.	+
making it difficult for its dwell is, both plaints and	+
animals, including us he wans, to live there	+
Melting land we and the expansion of	+
sea water as it warms, has resulted in global sea	1
level having risen by about & inches since reliable	-
several keeping began in 1880 Moreover, glaciess are	1
melting almost everywhere in the world be it the Ayps	4
Himalayas, Alaska, Andes, and Africa. The oceans	-
absorb carbondionide and an overease in Coz is	
because of the human a truty since the Industrial	1
Revolution The air of ation of ocean waters is	
harmful year marine animals and plants. The extinction	on
of species is going to happen more likely, with	
40 percent of ecosystems affected this century.	
as the hollest was to a little chinale chance	
The Role of UNFCCG	
United Notions Framework	
Convention on Climate Change (ONFCCC) together	1
with Kyoto Protocol (1997) and Paris Agreement	1
	+
(2015) provide the international legal framework	+
for multilateral forts to address climate.	+
change in the whole both man mand an mediates	+

Maria Protocol The Kyoto Protocol The Ky to Protocol was adopted in 11 December, 1997 whenty, there are 192 Parties to the Kyoto Protocol In short, the Kyoto Protocol operations he kyou the (UNFCCC) by committing grindent to the Countries and economies in transition to limit and voluce greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions in acros ance with agreed individual targets. The Convention it elf only asks those countries to adopt policies and mediuses on mitigation and to report periodically. This iternational heaty was midely hailed as the most significant onvironmental treaty ever negotiated, though some critics questioned its effectiveners. THE PARIS AGREEMENT went winder and but bar The Paris agreement is the legally binding international treaty on dimate change, to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C compared to pie industrious levels. This requires economic and social transformation to face the limate changes now and moving in to the future, based on the best available science. The Paris Agreement works in a five year yde of increasingly ambitious climat action by 2020; countries communicate their plan known as 'nationally determined contributions". The Paris Agreement also provides a framework for financial, technical, and Capacity-building support to those countries who need · COP 28: , VAE Climate Conference The COP 28 UN Chinate Change Conference in Dubai in UAE, was biggest of its kind. It was particularly

You've not properly understood
momentous as it marked the conclusion of the first
"global stocktake" of the world's efforts to address
chimate change under the Paris agreement. This meeting
included a call on governments to speed up the
transition away from fossil fuels to senewables
such as, wind and solar power in their nentround
of climate commitments.
the de- Cotti Adiliano di March Continui hacera
Recommendations for Pakistan
Pakistan being a climate vulnerable
country needs to give more importance to the
challenges of chimate change and environmental
degradation În Mis regard, Pakistan's National Climate
Change Policy 2012 has been a good effort. It is requi-
- red that the policy should be implemented in letter.
and spirit. Incompany is the said
Moreover, upgrading of aimate Change
Division into a full-fledge ministry was a
commendable step Howver, after 18 th amendment,
the ministry has been again converted to Division.
Climate change is a global scale problem, and
this needs global coordination. In this content,
the Climate Change Ministry must be restored.
n the Public Sector Development Program
for fisca year 2022-23, allocation for combating
dimate hange should be increased because the cost
of environmental degradation has been growing fast
over the years. Furthermore, Pikistan needs fast tracking
afforts in miligation and daptation. In this regard,
climate conscious agriculture, preparation to fight chimate
relate calamities, general public awareness, and
forestation campaigns could play important role.
End the answer with conclusion
Scanned with CamScanner

1	· travers of expensive electricity in Police #on@
1	Energy Issues
1	Pakistan has been facing multiple challenges
1	like; political vistability, constitutional crisis, security
	threats, economic crisis, etc. One of the serve crisis
1	faced by the country is energy cruis where the
	state not only faces the inadequate amount of
	loadshedding but also expensive electricity costs. This
	energy crisis have for regening negative implication
	on industries, agriculture, markets, domestic life, and
	public sector. The state needs to address this issue at
	the earliest, if not addressed, it will cause negative
	inflications on the national life of Pakistan.
	Problems in energy sector are majorly two,
1	first loadshedding, and secondly, expensive electricity
	generation de la source de la segui estada alla diju
	ale that subsidies wanted in war I say stought the
	Loedshedding in Pakistan de bloom air.
	The energy sector of Pakistan is facing severe loadshe
	-dding loadshedding in the urban area varies from
	4-5 hours a day, while in sural area 10-12 hours
	aday. In the summer 2023, the shortfall was well above
	the 7000 MW. In the summer 2022, the shortfall was.
C	more than 1,000 MV and I adshed during in the urban
	centres was around 7-18 hours a day, whereas insural
	areas it was around 16-18 hours a day.
	electricity that 'Konda System' This electricity that
1	· Expensive electricity generation
	Pakistan generates the most
	expensive electricity in Asia and 3rd most
	enpensive electricity in the world. Domastic charges

Reasons of expensive electricity in Pakistan. Pakistan generates more than 60% electricity the Hydrocarbons. [2000 MW electricity units are installed caper of diesels, 8000 MW of LNG, around 7000 MW of COC Almost all of these hydrocarbons are imported, resin dollar from interaction market and the price in dollar from interaction market and the price interrational market keeps changing. Thus, all the electricity made from HC is expensive. The Conditionalities of IMF takes a toll on energy sector. IMF conditioned the provision of loan to pakiste with the increase in per unit price of electricity, to do that subsidies would be waved off Scandly, the first price would be increased in Paristan, more than 60% of the electricity is made by fuel Thirdy, may Pakistan rupee doval the devaluation further increased the price of electricity. Problems with electricity distribution There are numerous problem in distribution. There are numerous problem in distribution increased the price of electricity. Problems with electricity distribution There are numerous problem in distribution increased the price of electricity. Problems with electricity distribution There are numerous problem in distribution increased the price of electricity. Problems with electricity distribution There are numerous problem in distribution increased the price of electricity. Problems with electricity distribution There are numerous problem in distribution increased the price of electricity. Problems with electricity distribution to electricity seed one of the major reasons in the price hite is electricity theff konda system! This electricity theff in urban centres and rinded courses is being reported. It is mostly done of industrialist, builder ond agriculturalist. Mesena, there are still some remote areas where there is no concept of electricity.	900	<u>विकार्य देश देश देश देश देश देश देश देश देश देश</u>
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namine meas more there is no copy cept of electrical		The state of the s
		bill Thus, it leads to expensive electricity.