

Q.2

Does the Belt and Road initiative (BRI) signify China's political growth or is it reflective of developing world's inclination towards economic connectivity. Discuss

Introduction:

Belt and Road Initiative of China was launched in 2013. It is the biggest geo-economic project of 21st century. It consists of six corridors connecting number of continents. BRI signify political growth and influence of China in region. BRI provide states access to markets, political growth of China is ensured by collective growth, influence decision making and socio-cultural influence.

Relate your headings to the qs statement

BRI: Major Projects and Corridors

BRI is project of China. It consist of six corridors including central Asia, South Asia, Eurasia, China, central Asia and Iran corridors, ASEAN, China, ASEAN corridor and China Pakistan Economic Corridors. Major projects under BRI are

Bullet Train, Dry ports
Highways & Sea ports.

This project signifies political growth
country through number of objectives.

Shortest access to market:

China's traditional trade route is
lengthy. It takes 39 days. While BR2
has reduced the distance to 11
days. It will have a lot of benefit
for economic and political growth
of China.

Policy of collective growth:

China has adopted the policy of
US of collective growth. As BR2
involves central Asia, South Asia, ASEAN,
and Eurasia. In this way it
would lead to political stability in
whole region.

Influencing Decision making of BR2
Countries:

China is making investments in
different sectors in various countries
of region and connecting them

Economically. Resultantly, China is having political influence on the decision making of those countries.

Socio cultural influence of china

Another major benefit from political growth of china is enhancement of socio cultural influence of china. As BRI has resulted increased employment, promotion of chinese culture and learning of chinese courses in all BRI countries.

IRAN - KSA deal brokered by china

Similarly, BRI has resulted in enhanced influence of china in middle East. China has 230 Billion \$ investment in IRAN.

China is also investing projects like Neom city in Saudi Arabia.

Through her influence in region she mediated the peace deal between Saudi Arabia and Iran. China played sequential role in bringing both countries closer.

BRI: Signifying political growth not just economic connectivity. BRI has major role

is the countries of China political of As employment and in

in proliferation of political country. Although, it growth includes infrastructure project and this economic connectivity. But through this project China is successfully became major power played of the region. Due its influential power, whole world is transitioning from unipolar to multipolar order. Another significant step is IMEC that is USA and Europe based project. It has initiated as response to increasing geo-political influence of china.

Short and incomplete answer.

Conclusion:

BRI is remarkable project led by china and expanding in number of countries. It has been playing key role in political growth of china. It has increased the influential power of china in whole region. Saudi Arabia - Iran deal brokered by china is best example of geo-political role of china. Enhancing military influence of china on Taiwan and response of other powers like Russia indicate strong political influence of china. As mention

Improve the references and the paper presentation

above BRG is not just a country but
economic connectivity of a country but
also signifying its political growth
through increased influence in whole
region, and containing the US influence
in Taiwan.

A 20 marks answer should have
around 15 subheadings and be
on 8-9 pages

Q.3

Keeping in view the Socio-political
circumstances of Sub-continent, Discuss
the role of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
in creating ... ?

Introduction:

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was great
muslim leader. He observed the condition
of muslims of sub continent. Resultantly he
initiated the Ali Gath movement and
played key role in social, educational
and political uplift of muslims. He gave
two nation theory and illicit the path
of national identity of muslims. He
advised the muslim not to join
Congress, insted focused on educational
and social progress. He established
MAO college, Scientific Society. He

played major role in minimizing the differences among British and muslims of sub-continent.

creating muslim nationalism through Education:

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan observed the situation of muslims and found that muslims were lagging behind the Hindus because of lack of education. He also observed that social deterioration of muslims was because of their conservative attitude towards British. He worked to reduce the differences between muslims and British.

He advised the muslims to stay away from politics and achieve higher education. Hindus were advanced because of their education.

Educational institutions:

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan established MAO School. It was upgraded to MAO college in 1963. Muslims were taught English, Science and Persian. He also established Scientific Society. Various schools

of Society translated the western
knowledge in Urdu & Persian.

Urdu-Hindi controversy and nationalism

in 1860 Urdu Hindi
controversy started in Banars. Hindi
wanted to make Hindi official language
which led to wide spread protests
resolutions against Urdu. Sir Syed Ahmed
was highly disturbed by this situation

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan said
to his friend Shakespeare, This
controversy has proved the
futility of my wish of
Hind muslim unity. Muslims
can't be same nation with Hindus.

Political circumstances and Nationalism

Initially Sir Syed Ahmed
wanted to unite Muslims and Hindus
but when he saw the selfish demands
of Congress. He convinced that Congress
was only representing Hindus.

He advised the Muslims not to
Join Congress. As Congress was
safe guarding rights of Hindus.

Letters to Both:

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan wrote letters to British governed explained the causes of independence. He was that Muslims were not responsible for the war but their social and political circumstances and social inequalities aggravated the war.

Social Services in creating nationalism

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan did not like the conservative attitude of Muslims. He worked for the social uplift. He published Tehzeeb ul-Akhlaq in which he advised the Muslims to adopt new social trends.

He set a task for the protection of Urdu. As events like the Hindi controversy were fueling the Urdu language.

Religious Services for Muslims:

Due to unjust attitude of British Muslim. They were unable to practice their religion.

freely. Their mosques were destroyed by
Hindus. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan took
practical step for the religious identity
of Muslims. At MAO college Muslims
were taught Islamic teachings and
Hadith also. Muslims freely practiced
their religion.

Two Nation Theory

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan is considered
as pioneer of Two nation theory. He
was major advocate of separate national
identity of Muslims. Initially he wanted
to unite Hindu and Muslims.

He stated that

"I see Hindu and Muslims
with the same eye"

But due to prejudiced attitude of
Hindus - He advised Muslim to demand
their separate home land.

According to two nation theory:

Muslims were different from
Hindu in Religion, custom, language,
culture. They can't be same with
Hindus in any aspect.

Indeed, this two nation theory became
base for feeling of national identity

muslims and ideology of separate
It incited the demands of
among muslims of Sub-continent.

Add more arguments

Conclusion:

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was a great
thinker and pioneer of
two nation theory. Through his Aligarh
movement he set task for the
social and political uplift of muslim
and consequently for the feeling of
nationalism and separate identity and
ideology of homeland. He established
MAO college and Scientific Society to
teach the muslims new trends and
western education and research. As he
believed that was a reason for the
degraded condition of muslims was
such education. He was highly disappointed
by the prejudicial attitude of Hindu and
advise muslim to join them.