

Essay mock 2024: Jamis Sajjad 260. (June)

The role of political leadership in  
undermining Democracy in third world countries.

1, Introduction.

2, Importance of political leadership for strengthening  
Democracy.

a) In providing the trail or way for strong Democracy.

b) political leadership renders policies  
of Economy

c) Policies of Health

d) education policies.

These phrases do not convey  
any message

3, Revolutionary politics for political leadership  
is the divergence from democracy.

a) political motives for the peoples of the countries  
and changing interests.

Write well directional and meaningful  
sentences

b) ~~undemocratic ways of politics.~~

c) believes in self power instead of power  
of peoples of the state



4) The political leadership is responsible for the polarization & depolarization of the states.

a) vast polarization among the mindset of the people.

b) Polarization among the institutions and reaches towards scrambling.

5) Impact of unpolitical way of political leadership.

a) Give get away from the improvements within the constitution.

U lack readings

U r good in ideas but need more focus on reading and writing please

c) weakening and affecting the writ of the state.

d) creating gaps between the state institutions and peoples of the state.

Critical Analysis.

Conclusion.



Democracy is the beauty of a state. That provides not only the freedom, equality and liberty ~~To the people~~ also grow up the economy and development of the country. Similarly, it provides ~~To manage the affairs of~~ the state and institutions according to the will of the people of all the nation. However, in some countries the political leadership combats the will of the people and divert the attention according to the priorities of them. ~~A~~ from the mindset of people to the mindset of leadership kept ~~behind~~ the thought of people ~~behind~~ instead of beyond.

In such case, the democracy faces consequences from the hands of political leadership.

Moreover, the democracy ~~is~~ ~~not~~ ~~grammatically~~ ~~correct~~ ~~sentences~~ ~~plz~~ the people of the states faced challenges in the form of weak institutions, outdated mindset, policies of the states, loss of support of developed world, ~~gap~~ ~~between~~ ~~the~~ ~~institutions~~ and people, loss of improvement in the constitution that ~~support~~ the society and politics and ~~formation~~ of the state.

~~Political leadership~~ ~~is~~ ~~considered~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~a~~ ~~strong~~ ~~part~~ ~~of~~ ~~strengthening~~ ~~the~~ ~~the~~ ~~the~~ ~~state~~. Because, the political leadership provides the strong support of the people of the state. The people of the state will considered ~~as~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~the~~ democracy of the state. ~~Similarly~~, they ~~can~~ ~~see~~ ~~the~~ ~~the~~ ~~democracy~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~state~~.



participatory Affairs. However, in some case they go against the free will of the people knowingly or unknowingly, depends the education of the people of the third world. So in such cases the leadership influences the democracy.

Similarly, the political leadership provides the way for the prosperity and progress of the country. That also bring the change in the people. They educate the people proper arguments. The uplifting of the society. But if it goes with the will of the leaders there is no democracy.

Mostly, the third world countries are facing various challenges in their economies. They have lost a much time in bringing the strong democracy to straight way for the economy. They have faced various problems in the area of political leadership and outside funding institutions. Either they have the problems in the constitution due to which call the strong democracy or due to the interference of the political leadership that affect directly the loss of economy.

Moreover, the changes between the strong political leadership to the democracy making police for the health and education of the people are depends upon whether these form the democratic system or form the will of political leadership. If these political not having the

They go against

work on your grammar plz

Have been grappling with

Try to exemplify your point plz



priorities for such policies. ~~that~~  
~~these policies~~. These economic policies not  
help the people of the state. but  
these are the just only the wastage  
of time of the country. that not only  
~~attending~~ holds them from the growth  
but also loss their reach from the developed  
world.

Contrary to, the revolutionary politics highly  
undermining the democracy in a broadway.  
This goes against the democracy and ~~challenging~~  
~~for it~~. The revolutionary politics of political  
leadership believes in their own ideas  
and ~~in~~ ~~implementations~~. This become an ideal  
of one political leader and struggle for  
the fulfillment. This is an undemocratic  
way of political leadership.

Plz work on writing  
comprehensive  
paragraphs

Similarly, this motives of political  
leadership motivate the people of the  
states and use them some times against  
the state institutions and ~~at~~

They political leaderships would have their  
own motives, may be they are some time  
act as proxy for the state and threaten  
them.

Plz enhance reading skills to get more ideas

~~When these political leaders working~~  
~~as the sole instrument of power~~  
~~of the people the power of the people~~  
~~is also used if they used their~~  
people against and get into power, then  
use their power against these people



than it is undemocratic way and  
the weakening of democracy of the  
state.

On the other hand, the political  
leadership is also responsible for  
making the people polarised according  
to the motives the other side  
goes against their motives. The  
implementation of their own motives intensify  
the polarization among them.

Similarly, a societal polarization makes  
places. The societal polarization is for long  
dangerous for the states. It can  
create create crimes and in between the  
societies and societal growth get  
affected from that.

Moreover, this polarization also came  
in the institutions and between the  
institutions. One can go with that  
idea of political leadership and  
one goes against that idea of it.  
This effect the working of the institutions  
and the coming of deliberate responses  
intensifies the towards the deterioration  
between the institutions.

Sorry these  
ideas are too  
complex



In addition to this

In addition to this, these impolitical and undemocratic ways impact the states directly or indirectly. If their motives are undemocratic, then it must halt its assault against the institutions. Otherwise, it will impact it.

Moreover, the country growth stops. The believers of democracy of democratic followers stop them from growing and sanctioned them for their institutions. Because, at some time it becomes correct for the more democratic countries. They can use their methods against them.

Even if the country is not the democracy changes for the prosperity of the people and improvement with the constitution.

The beauty of democracy limited with changes and improvement with constitution.

If the political leadership lacks of doing so, then it will become against of the democracy, then it will be considered as assault on the democracy.

Moreover, the society is not growing. The leadership failed instead of their self growth. The growth of the state is associated with the growth of the societies. With these the societies grows when there is democratic ways they are following.



In short, the political leadership plays a role for the weakening of the democracy associated with their motives. The political leadership bring their own ideas and changes the mindset of people of the states. Some times it follows undemocratic ways which becomes a threat for the democracy instead improving the democracy. The ideas of political leadership must be follows political ways to bring the political changes.

Write well connected passage

