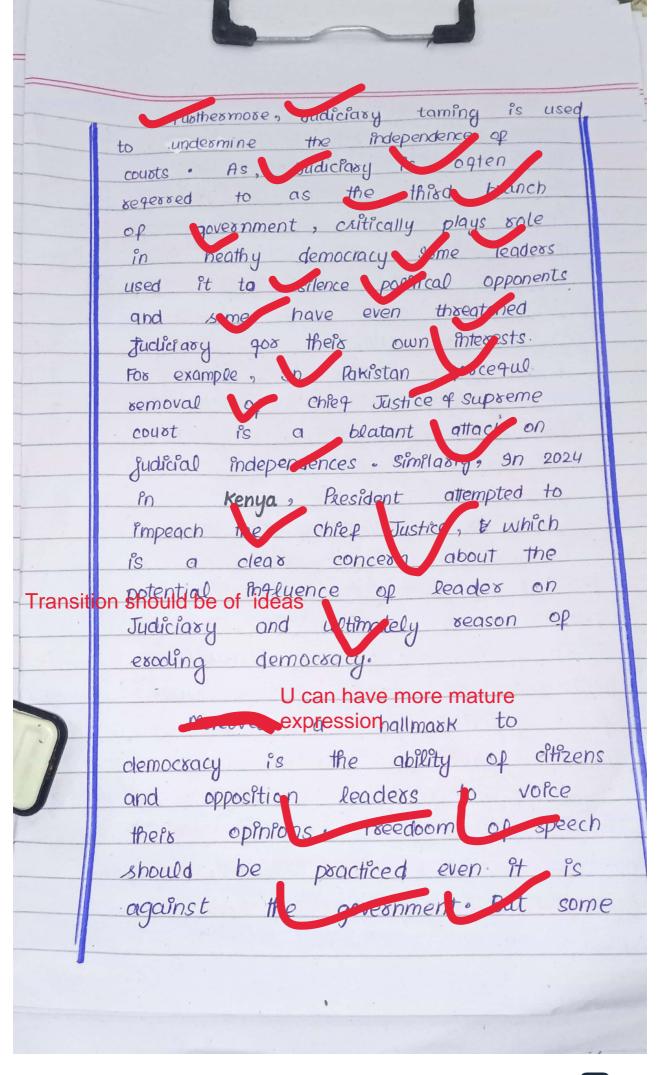
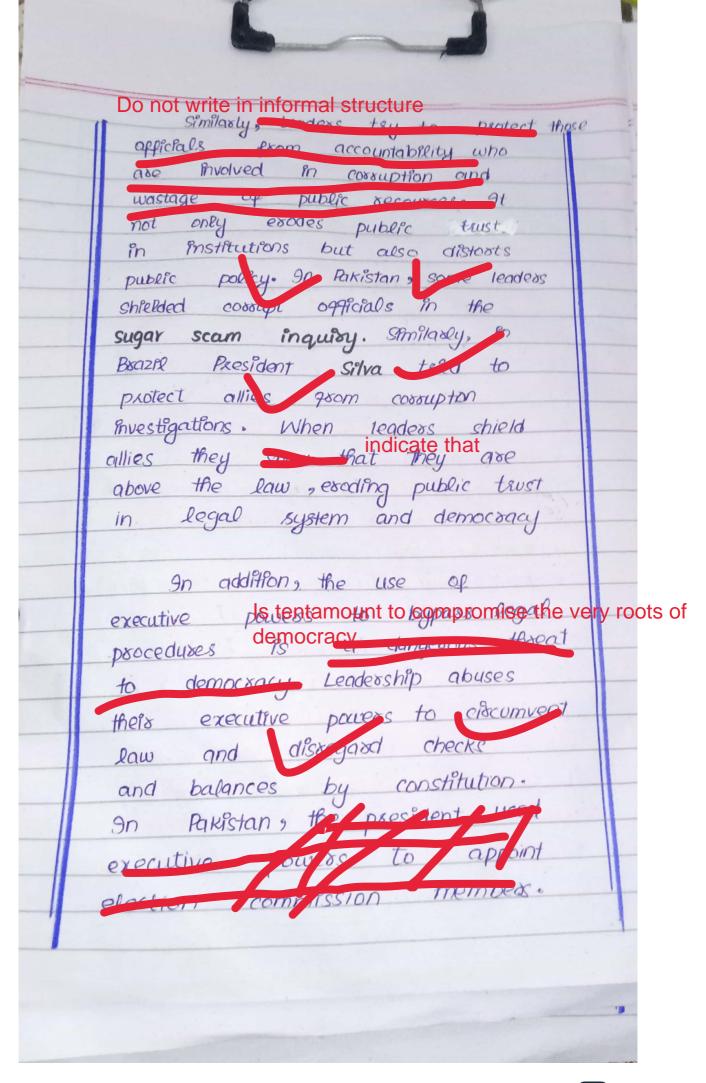


embezzlement of public binds and assets rading to solo-political polarization, economic stagnation, weakend institutions and regional stability. The essay will delve into role of political leadership in undermining democracy in third world countries and its consequences. To begin with Electron mer ferences ase under inin democractic process. Rigging in elections, votes suppression and propoganda tech compaigns are the tactics used by political leaders, By undermining the integrity of elections leaders can effectively nullify the will of people and entrench their on power, dealing a blow to democracy. Similary on Pakistan's 2023 election, allegations of military intervention and manipulating voter surgaced. This undermines the legitimacy of electoral process and weakens democracy.

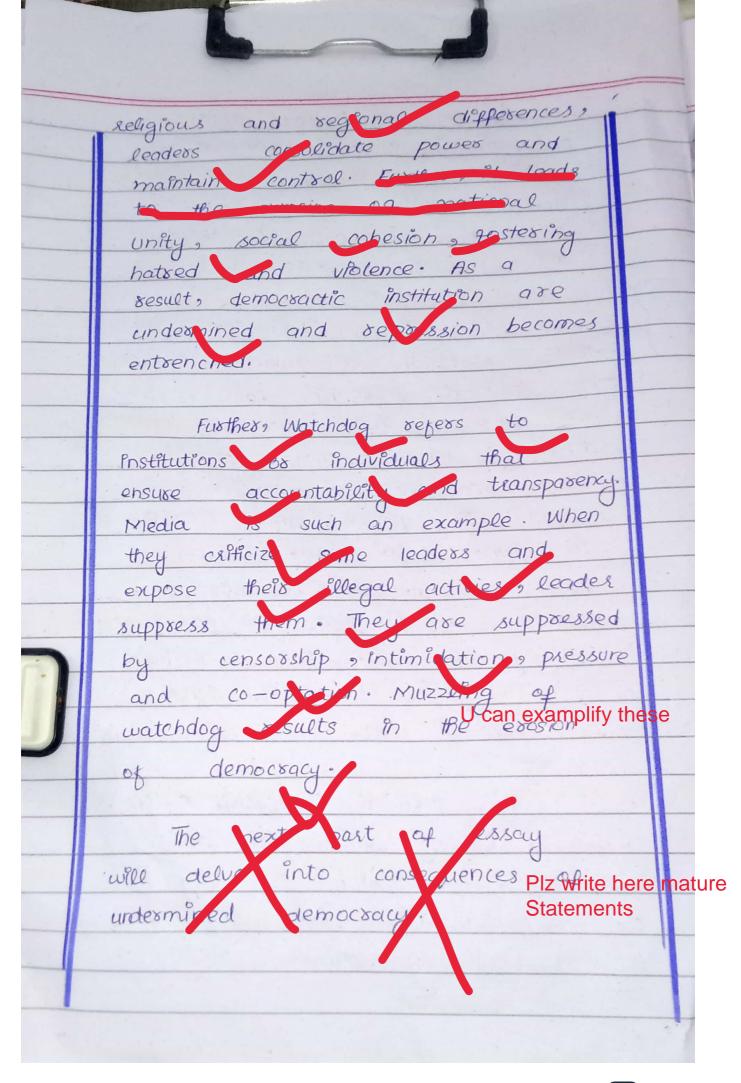


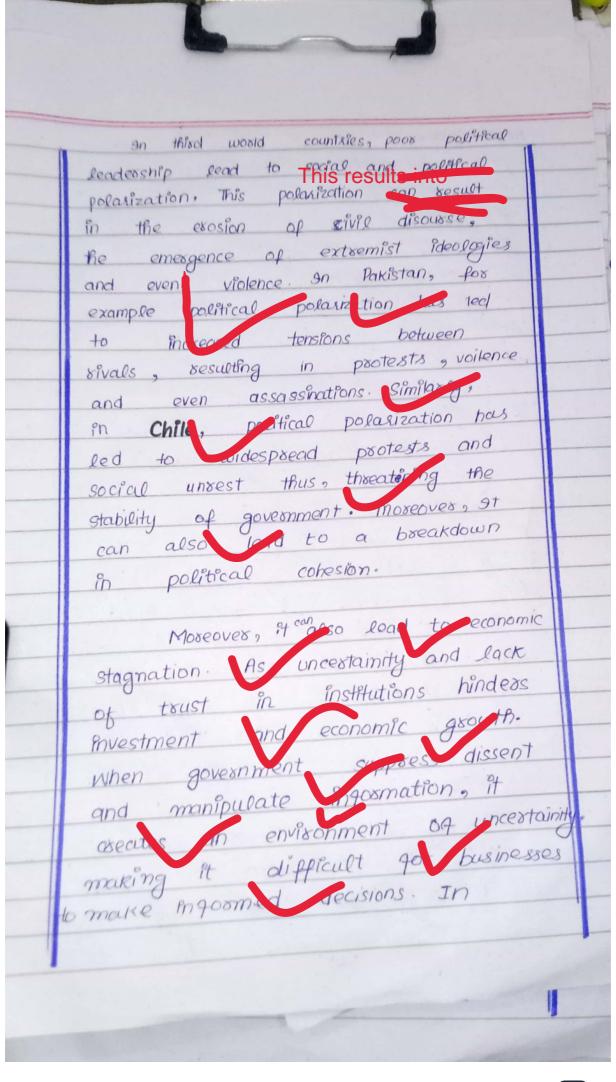
leaders resort to stelen strending dissent and suppression of opposition voices. In 2023, the assest of Paki tani political and in opposition Amran Khan sends a clear message that criticism of government will not be topsated similarly, In 2024, the assest of Ugandian Peodes Bobi Wine goes beyond dissent. When opposition leaders are targetts it discourages offices from challenging the status quo and undermines democracy. Likewise, weaponining the law ls another technique use political leaders It regers to the practice of using the legal system as a tool to narm, intimidate or silencing others often for political gains. Besides, also involves exploiting loopholes, manipulating legal procedures or abusing the paves of law to achieve declared outcomes. In India, The inlawful Activities Prevention Act (UAPA) , designed to combat genuing security threats

is now used to assest activities and weapor sation pocess of deveralists. This law disinge obcorrages people from salsing their voves against injustice e democractic process and hiharas achievement. Additionally, political leaders use money and resources Plegaly that involves the esecution of fake contracts or invoices to siphon or quinds, using public funds 908 personal use, galsing accounting seconds to conceal the theft and misusing government coads gos personal expenses. In this context, cossuption charges against grome south Assian president Cyril Ramphosa begraights the fact that leader goe ensiching themselves at public expense. When Leaders are not held accountable, It executes a rulture of impunity where such activities become norm.



Similarly, In Turkey, Erdogan bypassed parliamentary approval 208 silitary operations, in syria, Iraq, Libya operations. and in kurdish regions. This lead to democratic be ksliding and exocion og sule og law. In third world countries, the exploitation of natural resources political leadership has become a cancer that undernines democracy and perpetuates povisty-These corrosive practices concentrates power and wealth en hand a gew. moseover The exploitation of resources also suggestand for environmental stability and long-toom well-being of country. As a secret, democracy is hollowed out. Also, political leadership often explorts existing divisions to exode democracy , perpetuating a cycle of polarization and conflicts. By manipulating kibal, thing





Argentina, political polarization and poor leadership has resulted in economic stagnation characterized by high inalcution and chasenay fluctuatures. Consequently, economic stagnation leads to increased povesty, unemployement and social unrest. Furthermore, it can also lead to the weakening Results into oceatie institutions, resuring in a gragice society and state mat is wable to govern eggectively. In Pakistan poor lead whip sesulted in a gragile state that is strugg to main stability. As institutes weaken , the overall stability and effectiveless of the government are compromised making it challenging to address socio-economic challenges. Lastly, Fragil These become requessing can become breeding grounds gor conflict and instability. In Pakistan,

for example, it has led to the proliferation of Challenges to groups, pasing significant and to regional security. Similarly, Syria and libya have become hotbeds of extremism and violence, impacting the entire region. As Plz solidify
Exemplify this point y lead to increased conflicts, terrorism and humantarian crisis, quether destabilizing the region. on a nutshell, the sole of political leadership in third world ountries Though various tactics leaders have exoded democracy The consequences of these actions are far-reaching and devastating. Ultimately, the fact or democracy in thisd wood countries depends on the ability of political deaders to prioritize the need of their attrens and work towards building domocoactic gystem - that deliver on the promise of peace, prosperity

