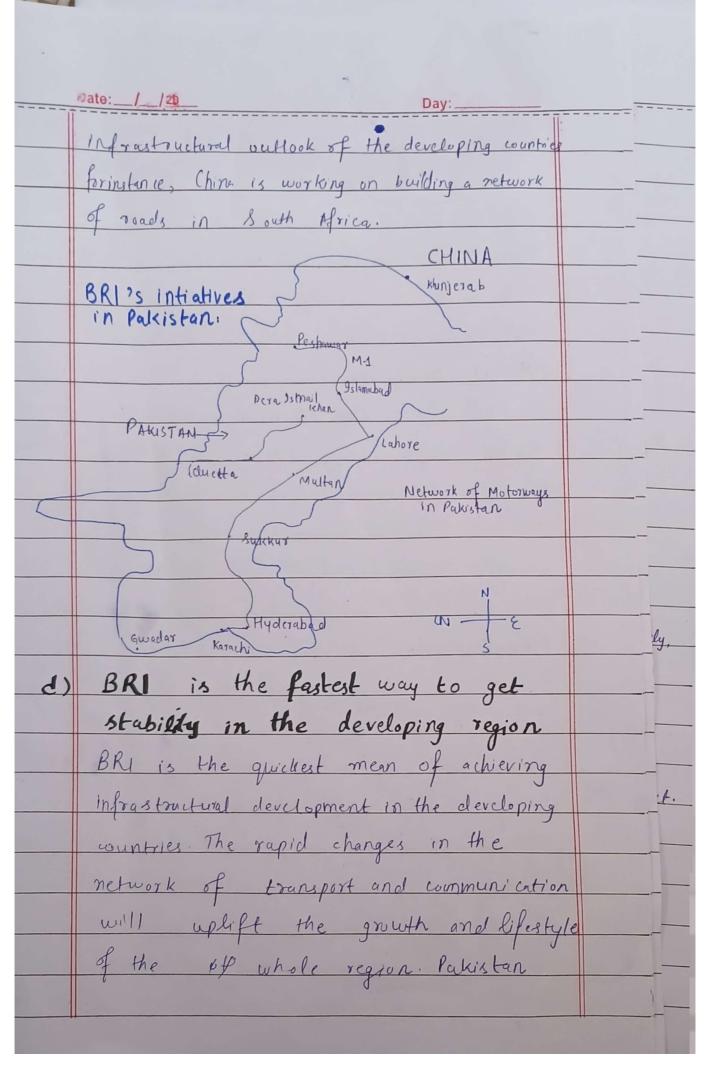
	Day: Thursday.
	Pak-Affairs Mock
0.2	Introduction:
	Belt and Road Intifiative (BRI) of China is
	a multidemensional project as it coms to uplift
	the Political worth of Beijing and to bring
	economic stability in the region BRI is undoubtedly
	a blessing for the developing countries to achieve
	economic prospenty. Therefore, in future BRI
	iveill prove to be the biggest success of not
	only China but also the developing lountnes.
	China's Political Growth through
	BRT:
	BRI is a brounchild of China intrated in
	2013 in which over 160 countries of the world
	are linked together to achieve mutual targets.
a)	Strengthening of China's Diplomatic
	Relations with other Countries.
	BRI is the first and foremost mean
	of China to gain political growth because
	this initiative provides China a chance
	to interact and deal with more than

D. 10: \_\_/\_/20 half of the world. Such an initiative has increased the fame and name of China. The treaties signed by Beijing are directly linked with the means of money China's political growth. b) Rise in the status of Yuan: The Belt and Road Intiative (BRI) of China is adding into the Political worth of thing not only through building infrastructure but also by boasting the economy of China i.e Puon. China has agreed to do currency swap with multiple countries like Saudi Arabia, which is directly helping China to raise its currency against dollar. c) Beijing is becoming a center of political attention: The initiative of BRI is not restricted to china itself, instead it is providing chins a vital chance to interact with the world. The developing countries, on the other hand, are agreeing upon the terms of conditions of China

9)	Pakistan seeks to achieve economic
	stability by signing BRI.
	Pakistan is a developing country which
	has signed 51 projects with China on
	April 20, 2015 under BRI. The agreement of
	Pakistan and China on these projects wint
	at the economic interests of Pakistan which
	it can accomplish by becoming a part of
	BRI Hence, Pakistan and all developing countries
	in BRI, are seeking their own interest.
6)	BRI and Rise in Development:
	The initiatives of road, trains, optic
	fibre, communication cables and highways
	are directly linked with the rise of
	development in the respective regions. For instance,
	Lahore is a hub of economic activity as
	it owns a sophosticated network of roads
	and flyovers built under BRI.
()	BRI and Infrastuctural Growth:
	The positive impacts improf
	BRI are not limited to the
	regional development. BRI will change the



Date: \_ /\_\_/20\_\_ It implies that BRI has prioritized the status of China on the honzon of the world. d) BRI and China's trade: It is rightly said that, " No roads are a reflection of no trade." Chiny's BRI works solely on building road and network of transpotation. This infrastructural development will ultimately lead to the flourishment of trade. Ching is a big market of electrical, mechanical and automobile products. BRI will provide thing to access to the local market of other countries and by doing so, the political growth of Chini is governteed. BRI reflects the interest of the Developing countries to achieve economic connectivity with China BRI is not focused on building the political and economic worth of China, but it also provides a chance to the ludeveloping countries to utilize the four's of BRI. Thus, BRI is a holistic and comprehensive project of China.

Day:	
signed CPEC i-e China Pakistan	
Economic Comidor with China in 2015	Q
and it has already completed a number of	
high Prifile projects the completion of	
BRI will definitely turn the tables	
and a distinctive outlook would be seen.	
Critical Analysis:	
BRI is a comprehensive initiative of	
China which ensures the presence of china	
in the development of China. The developing	
countries, like Pakistan, are seeking their own	
national interests out of BRI. BRI is	
currently a hot matter which reflects the worth a	f 1t.
Conclusion:	
9t is concluded that the developing	
world is inclined to achieve economic	
connectivity by becoming the part of BR1.	
China is gainery the Nighest advantages	
of BRI as its currency, political importance	
diplomatic value are becoming the center	
of attention. Therefore, BRI will bring	
profit to both, China and the developing world.	

	Date: /_/20 Day:	
08	Introduction:	
	Pakistan was achieved as a result of	
	unified political movement that ensured equality.	
	Unfortunately, the national unity and equality were	e
	lost after its creation and now it is confronting	
	the challenges of inequitable distribution of.	
	funds, revenue, and resources. However, the	
	serival of national unity and implementation of	
	constitution can prose the inequality.	
	Pakistan is unable to achieve the	
	dream of equitable distribution of	
	respurces.	
	Pakrstan is unable to achieve the dream of	
	equitable distribution of resources because	
	of various internal and few external	
	factors. The government is not inclined	
	towards the development of the country and	
	the country is durided into conflicts	
	and coises. The inequitable distribution of	
	resources is an alarming issue which	
	needs to be addressed at its carliest.	

Date: / /20 a) Federal and Units are not on one Page: In Pakistan, the federal government is not supported by the Provincial government and the provincial governments does not back up the national cause. Such an un supportive condition leads to the inequatible distribution of resources among the provinces. Federal government shows biasness on the basis of support from the provinces and others are ignored. b) Disparity Among the Provinces: Pakistan is unfortunately marked with the internal disparity among the Provinces. for instance, Sindh and Punjab blame each other for eating more shares from the federal government. Similarly, Balochistan is given the share according to its Resource generation. The Internal disparity is leading Pakistan into serious conflicts and consequently the resources are not distributed equally.

Date: / /20 Budget Quota in Jobs Water Factors of Disponity Among Lack of Provincial Mineral in Bal oachistan c) Un implementation of the Provincial Autonomy The legislative ideals of Pakistan are not upheld by Federal and Provincial assemblyes. The constitution grants provincial autonomy to provinces under 18th Amendment Unfortunitely, this milestone of granting liberty to province is limited to legislative documents and is not implemented till date the failure to execute the provincial autonomy is the cause of conflict. d) Self- Centered Politics of the Political Heads: Pakistan is unable to distribute its resource equally among the privinces

	D. (e://20 Day:
	because of the subjective Political
	approach of the Political heads. The
	Polotical activism primotes provincialism
	and setteentered approach instead of uplifting
	nationalism and harmony. For instance, the
	regional Parties of Sindh, MdM and PPP; uphold
	the narrative of bloming Punjah for enguling
	the majority of the share of resources.
e)	Rise of Terrorism and Security
	Issues:
	The security issues, rise in insurgencies,
	perival of terrorism etc are the major
	reasons which have kept provinces in an
	inequitable position. Federal government
	spends a substantial amount on
	defence so that the external and internal
	threats are kept in cheek and in
	doing so, the provincial share is disturbed
	which causes unequal distribution. The
	developing status of Pukistan is a
	great hindrance in the develop provincial
	rift of Pakistan over resources.

f)	Lack of Revenue:
	Unfortunately, the country is still
	on the road to achieve economic stability,
	which is one of the major reasons of provincial
	inequality. Pakistan is already a loan-seeker
	from international entities and unable to
	generate its own revenue. The absence of
	trangeted rema sevenue and stable GDP is the
	factor behind the inequitable distribution of resour
	Pakistan can ensure equitable distribution
	of resources among the provinces: by
	Despite of the multiple reasons behind
	the mequitable distribution of resources,
	Pakistan can ensure provincial harmony by
	following the underlying suggested ways.
9)	Uphelding the Salient Features of
	18th Amendment.
	The legislation done in the context
	of provincial autonomy needs to be
	executed. There is a dire need to
	execute 18th amendment 80 that the
	execute 10 and and

	Day:
4)	Promoting Collective Concerns of Pakistan
	instead of Self-centered Issues:
	The distribution of resources is a collective
	cause which cannot be achieved if the
	politics of self-centered interests continues.
	The provincial and federal representatives
	should embrace collective concerns of
	the public instead of propagating their
	i drosyneratic agendas.
	Cocitical Analysis:
	Today, Pakistan stands divided
	and devoid of harmony because of the
	internal issues. These issues are hampering the
	equitable distribution of resources among the
	provinces The public, government prepresentatives
	need to work for the joint cause of Pakistan.
	Conclusion:
	It is concluded that, Pakistan is unable
	to achieve economie stability due to
	its failure of equally distributing the
	resources among the provinces. There are

	D. (c) 1 20	
	numerous reasons behind this failure.	
	However, by seriving the execution and	
	giving provincial autonomy to the	
	units, Pakistan can achieve the dream	
	of equitable distribution of resources.	
Q3		
<u> </u>	Introduction:	
	The glory cherished by sub-continent is lost	
	due to the overwhelming socio-politico circumstanie	8
	Unfortunately, the sub-continent is marked with	
	lawksoness, poverty, illiteracy, unemployment and	
	political instability. However, the real status of	
	glerious sub-continent can be revived by	
	sticking firmly to the principles and teachings of Siz	syed Ahmed
	A Cursory Outlook on the Socio-Political	RIGII.
	circumstances of Subcontinent.	
	Sub-continent is a region in South-Asia	
	that comprises of pakistan, India and	
	Bangladesh. The Muslims in these regions	
	are living in adverse circumstances.	

Date: \_ /\_\_/20 Day: Socio-politico challenges of Muslims in Sub-continent Pak steen Muslims o facing political instability, poverty, Illit cracy, unemployment Indi a (Muslims are facing, genouse poverty distrimination Illeteracy) Climatic chillerass Political issues illiteracy Poverty Role of Sir Syed Khmed Khan in Context of Current Socio-Political Issues: There are various issues faced by the Muslims residing in the countries which comprise the sub-continent. However, the adverse socio-politico circumstances of sub-continent ean be overcomed by reviving the spirit Muslim plationalism and acknowledging the identity of Muslims. This can be

	Date: Day:	7
	achieved by following the ideology of Sir Syed A	hmed
a)	Muslim Nationalism.	Kraji.
	Six syed Ahmeda khon was the biggest	
	Proponent of Muslim Unity, He always	
	directed muslims to stay united and	
	work for the national cause instead of	
	being divided and disputed. Umfortunately.	
	the Muslims of sub-continent are not unified	
	under the um brella of Mulim nationalism	
	and therefore, they are cought in multiple crises	,
6)	Muslim Education as Envisioned by	
	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan:	
	The current situation of Muslims of sub-continent	
	is worse than ever because of their sway from	
	education. For instance, the literacy rate of Pakistan	
	has dropped to 59% from 62%. Sir Syed Ahmed	
	When worked endlessly to educate the Muslim	
-	masses so that their socio-politico situation may	
	change.	
()	Unity of Muslim Ummah:	
	The chaos faced by the Muslims	
	of sub-continent is due to the fact	
3500		

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	that they have forgotten the golden principles	
	of galam and unity of ummah. Sir syed Ahmed	
14	Khan has advised the Muslims to stay	
	close to their center i-e Ummah so that	
	no external threat can harm them.	
d>	Scientific Advancement and Muslim	
	unity.	
	The Muslims of Sub-continent are lagging	
	behind due to their backwardness in the field	
	of science and research, for instance, only 2.5	
	million of Ph.D scholars exist in Pakistan. Six	
	Syed Ahmed Khan wanted Muslims to Participate	
	in the scientific research so that they know	
	as much as the other world.	
e)	Political Awareness of the Masses:	
	Sir syed Ahmed Khan was a learned	
	man who directed the Muslims of	
	subcontinent to be political aware. This	
	would be helpful in their cause as they	
	will take part in the degislation of their	
	rights. Unfortunately, the present Muslims	
	of sub-continent are politically asleep.	
	and their nationalism is at risk.	
	all may maribrousine is at its a.	

9)	Friendly Relations with other Minorities:
37	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan never allowed Muslims
	to play with the freedom and rights of minorities.
	He is remembered as "one of the biggest champion
	of human rights? Unforthnately, the Muslims
	are facing socio-politico challerges because
	they are ignorant of their own rights and
	are involved in the violation of rights of other minorities.
4)	A Desire to Grow instead of a stagnant
	Society.
3000	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan worked tirelessly
	stagnation brings decay. The Muslims of
	sub-consinent have lost their identity
	due to lavishness which brings stagnation.
	The nuturalism will only be revived,
	if Muslims give up their slumber
	and work for the mutual cause of
	Critical Analysis:
	Presently, the Musloms of sub-continent
	are facing multiple coises that are

	@ate:/	:
	a lot of money and investment to	
	produce energy. Unfortunately, Pakistan	
	lacks investment and foreign investors	
	hestitate to invest in passistani land	
	due to security and economic threats.	
()	Persistent Difference Between Demand	
	and supply:	
	The population of Pakistan has exceeded	
	over 21 Billion whereas the Installation	
	of the renergy projects have declined.	
	This has wented a difference between	
	the demand and supply. This is an issue	
	of growing concern.	
<u>d)</u>	Energy Shortfall:	
	Pakistan is facing energy issues. One	
	of them is the serious issue of energy	
	shortfall. The energy production is low	
	so the national grid is unable to meet	
	the gap between the demand and the suppl	y
	Also, the industries and mills are prioriti	and .
	in supplying energy i-e electricity and	
	gas , while domestic users are	
	rgnored.	

I	Date: _ /_ /20	
	dam would have be completed for so long	
	but it is still under construction. Similarly,	
	Kalabagh dam has not yet approved a green	
	signal. This delay is not only increasing the	
	energy is sues but also the cost of the energy	1
	projects is increasing.	
h)	A Constant Rift between Federal	
	and Provinces.	
	The federal center, Islamabad, is put in you	
	with the provincial units. Provinces blance	
	federal for not complying with them in their	
	projects. More over, the provincial autonomy is	
	also challenged they are not at liberty to	
	take various steps. This rividary is one of the issues which are is creating energy crises.  Pakistan Can Overcome the Energy	
	Pakistan Can Overcome the Energy	
	Crisis:	
	The energy resources, natural location and foreign	
	interest of investment are likely to overcome	
	the energy crises of Pakistan in future.	
	The energy issues, slow progress in	
	energy sectors, shortfall of energy and	
	other issues can be a resolved by following	
	these strategies.	
		100

	Date: / Day:	
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9)	Renewable Energy options should be	,
	Given Priority.	fo
	Pakistan is repleated with the renewable energy sour	es. d
	The foreign investors and local enterprises should	
	avail these options so that maximum	L
	production of energy is ensured.	D
	China is working on the construction	
	of wind fribe turbines in upper and lower	+
	region of Pakistan. Punjub is focusing on	
4-1-1	building solar parks. Sindh how installed than Ther	mal project.
6)	CPEC Projects should be Revived:	
	The CPEC initiated in 2015 under the	
	flag of BRI must be revived so that the	
	under-construction prower projects and be	
	completed. Pakistan is a developing economy.	
	if cannot Overcome its energy issues withou	4-
	an external aid. Therefore, CPEC is the	
	golden duck for Pakistan to overcome energ	y crises.
	The Differences Among Federal and	
	Units should be Addressed:	
	The progress is always propelled	

	≥ate://20 Day:
	where unity exists as unity is strength.
	Unfortunately, Pakistan locks unity
	among the federal center and provincial
Al-	units. This disunity is doing harm to Pakistan
	as various high profile energy projects are
	still in pipeline and their execution is not yet grant
d)	New Dams Should be Built to
	Increase the Energy Production.
	Unfortunately, there is a slow trend of
	development of new dams in Pakistan. It is
	due to the provincial tuste over water
	reserves. The government requires to build
	new dams like Kalabagh dam, Diamer Basha
	dom, Dasu dam etc so that energy is added to the national
e)	Shortfall of Energy should be
	Minimized.
	In Pakistan, there is a huge
	difference between the energy need and
	energy production. Resultantly, a shortfall
	is created as cities experience a loadshedding
	of more than 8-10 hours in summer and
	rural areas are subjected to the