

Subjective

Question 04

China playing with same
Book of US and better
Mediator

1- Introduction

China is pursuing same strategies of US such as increasing exports, establishing banks, providing loans, and supplying weapons. It can be a better mediator because it has no imperialist ambitions, no regime change policy and internal interference in the affairs of countries.

2- Critical Evaluation of the Statement China is playing with same Book as US played

Day

increase exports

Day

supply weapons

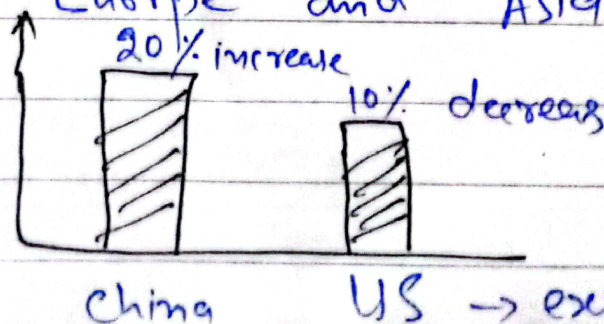
US Strategies

create dollar
hegemony

Establish
bank &
provide
loans

i) China is also ^{increasing} ~~rising~~ exports

China is aimed
at increasing its exports, it
has dominated the markets
of Europe and Asia



ii) Providing Loans as US provided

Pakistan is main beneficiary of Chinese loans. Other countries have also obtained loans from China. US has also secured debt from China.

iii) Weapon Exports same like to US

Pakistan and other middle eastern countries such as Iran are buying weapons from China. According to SIPRI, Pakistan has become major importer of Chinese weapons.

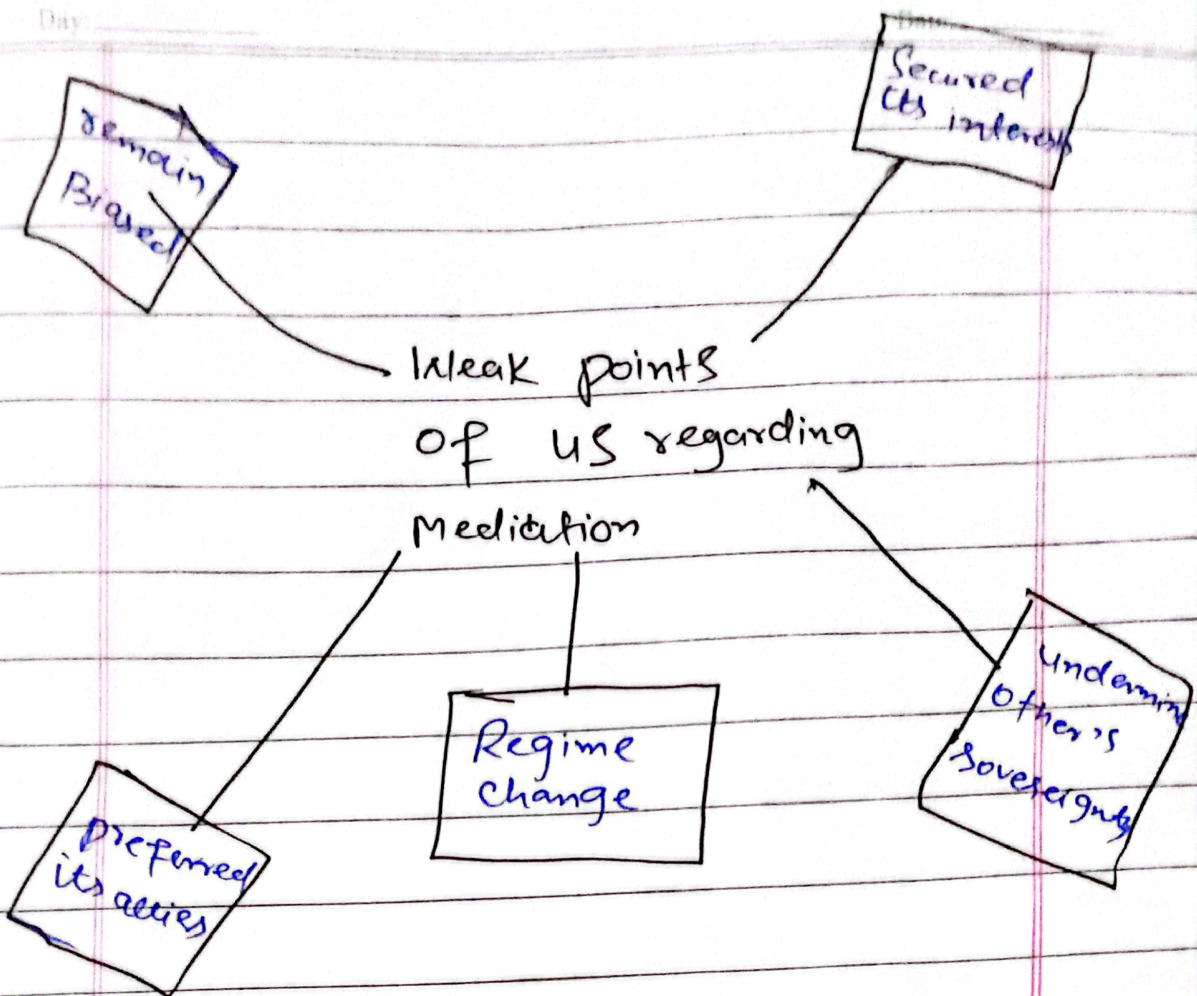
iv) Promoting its currency like US

China is conducting trade with most countries in local currencies. Russia has conducted recent transactions in local Chinese currency, Yuan.

v) China is securing Trade routes like US

Guantanamo is a major trade hub and it has been secured by China. Strait of Malacca and Taiwan Strait are also under the control of China.

3- China as a better mediator than US



a) Chinese Strategies

i) No regime change policy

From the rise of China, it has not changed a single regime for its interests. But US has accessed of changing many regimes without the consent of their people.

ii) Absence of internal intervention in other States' affairs

China remains on other side regarding interfering in internal affairs. During political instability in Pakistan, it has not dared to intervene.

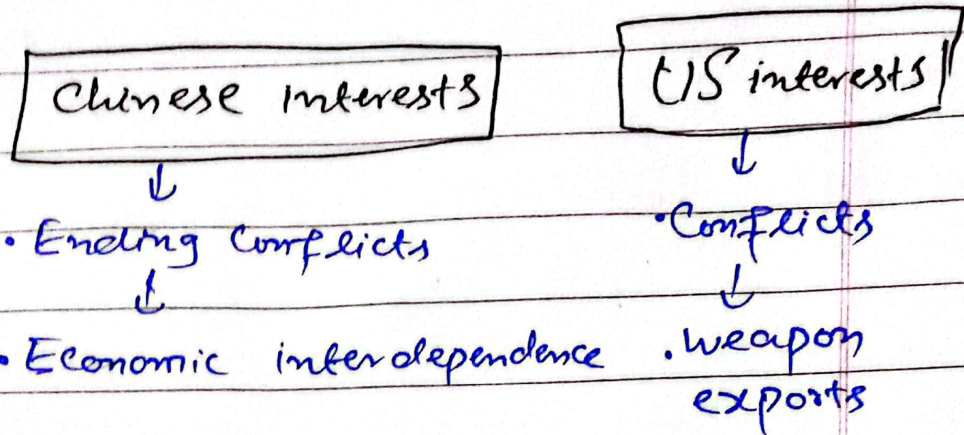
iii) Ends Conflicts

Saudi - ^{from} ~~China~~ rivalry was a long-standing conflict. But China has eradicated by pursuing both rivals to end their conflicting points.

iv) Believes in Mutual progress of Allies

Unlike US, China promotes mutual

Collaboration because it falls under its interests. US interest were in conflicts.



v) pursues no imperialist policies

US promotes imperialism by creating dependency of countries on itself and sanctioning them.

US → Sanctions for imperialist aim


China → only for rival states

Therefore, China & plays important role in mediation between states.

Day _____

4. Conclusion

Hence, it becomes abundantly clear that China is, to some extent, following the same book of US. But it is a wonderful mediator between countries due to its mutual progress slogan. Noam Chomsky has also said that China is far better than US.



Question 05

Expansion of Hamas-Israel
war and impact on global
power politics

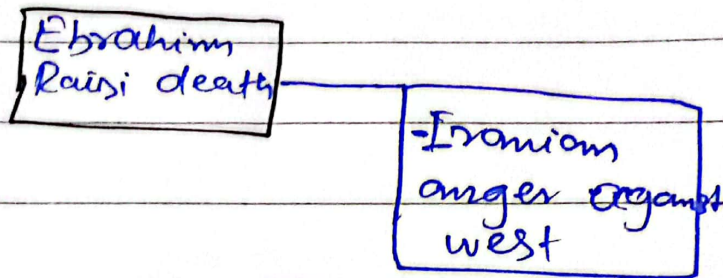
1- Introduction

This ongoing war can be expanded due to various reasons such as Iran Israel enmity, presence of Hezbollah, militant groups such as ISIS, Egyptian intervention and Yemeni Houthis intervention. This could change power politics by diminishing US role, blocking Arab-Israel rapprochement, increasing Chinese influence and Iran Arab fostering Arab unity.

2- Reasons of expansion of Hamas Israel war

i) Iran Israel enmity: Iran could intervene

Iran has already fired missiles on Israel recently. If an opportunity arises, it is most likely that Iran could plunge into this war.



This angry Iran could exacerbate the conflict

ii) Role of non-State actors such as Hezbollah

This group is already fighting ^{against Israel} and providing support to the Hamas. They

would also like to join
the war in case of
expansion this war to Iran.

Iran plunges
into ↓

Hamas Israel war

Hezbollah backed by Iran
↓
would also intervene

iii) Houthis could intervention and
expansion towards Yemen

They have targeted
Israeli and us ship in Red
Sea due to this conflict. If
other groups intends to expand
war, Houthis would also not
remain behind. In this way,
this war can be expanded.

iv) Egyptian intervention due
to Israeli attack on Rafah

Rafah is a

Day _____ Date _____
city very close to Egypt. If
Israeli strikes remain continue,
this war further expanded
towards Egypt. as well.

v) Militants such as ISKP
Sympathy could expand this
war

Militants groups
are fighting against western
hegemony. But they have sympathy
with Palestinians, it can be
argued that they could also
broaden this war.

3. Impacts of War on Global power politics

i) may diminish American
role in region

war has
exposed duplicity of US

due to its sympathy of Israel.

US weapons used in Israel Hamas war

As a result, the Arab countries would hesitate to collaborate with USA.

ii) Arab unity could be emerged

This war is already bringing Arab countries close to each other. In case of expansion, Arab countries could collaborate as well. Saudi-Iran rapprochement is a prominent example.

iii) Increase Chinese influence in Region

China has already mediated between Saudi-Arabia

Day _____ Date _____
and Iran. With diminishing
role of US, increasing role
of China can be observed
in Middle East

iv) Russian influence can be
strengthened in Middle East

In case of
expansion of wars US would
stand Israel. Russia, being a
traditional enemy of US, would
stand with Arab countries.
Russia has also active in
Syria. As a result, it could
enhance its influence in the
region.

v) IMEC would be halted

This is a
mutual project of Arab
and European countries

UAE, and Saudi Arabia are member of this project. In case of expansion of war, this project would be restricted due to unavailability of Arab countries.

vi) Israel - Arab rapprochement would be restricted

Arab and Israeli countries were engaged in normalizing relation, but this war would restrict their rapprochement.

vii) Divide in European politics

Many European countries are accepting palestinian state. This clearly shows a divide between Europe because some countries favor Israel.

4- Conclusion

Hence, it is clear that there are various chances of expansion of this war at a regional level. Furthermore, this war could change power dynamics as well. It could change existing power politics with new dimensions.

Question 07

Reasons for Revival of Insurgency in Pakistan, Impact on Pak-Afghan Relation, Solutions

1- Introduction

The reasons of revival of insurgency in Pakistan include revival Taliban in power, TTA support to TTP, misperception of security forces of the country. It has affected Pak-Afghan relations by blocking Trade activities, soaring tensions and deporting of Afghan refugees. The solution could be diplomatic engagement with Taliban government and rehabilitation of Trade activities.

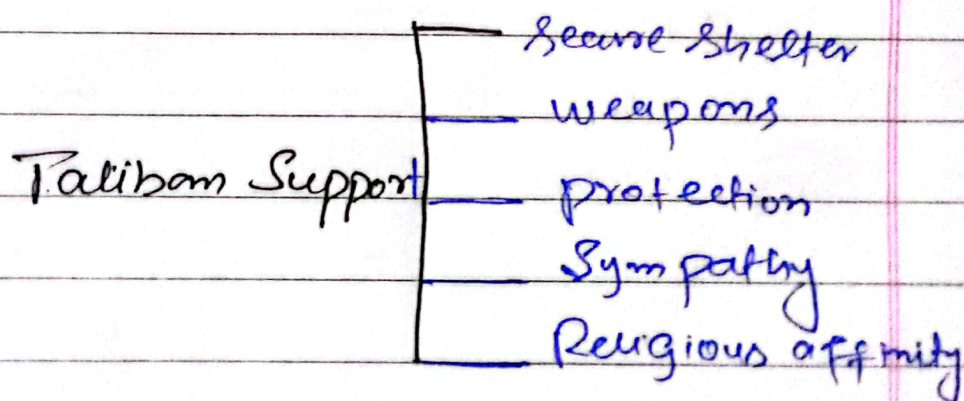
2- Reasons of Revival of Insurgency in Pakistan

i) Revival of Taliban Government

Taliban Government promotes insurgent groups. Being militants themselves, they have deep-rooted sympathy for their counterparts.

ii) Taliban Support To TTP

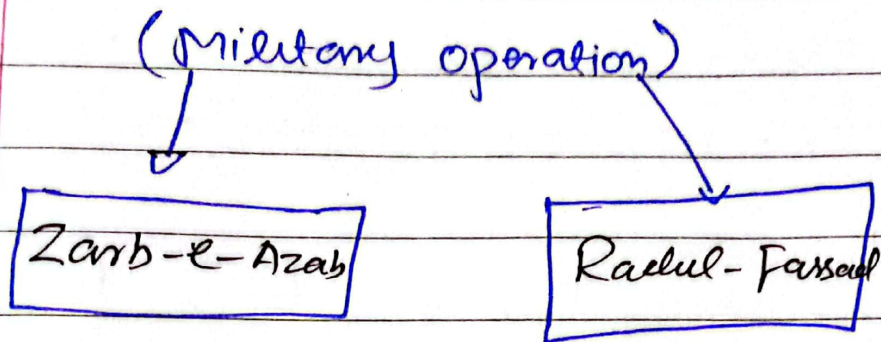
Taliban supports TTP, Tahrir Taliban Pakistan.



this support of Tal. Taliban

to TTP cause the revival of insurgency in Pakistan.

iii) Misperception of Pakistani security forces that militants have been eradicated after operations

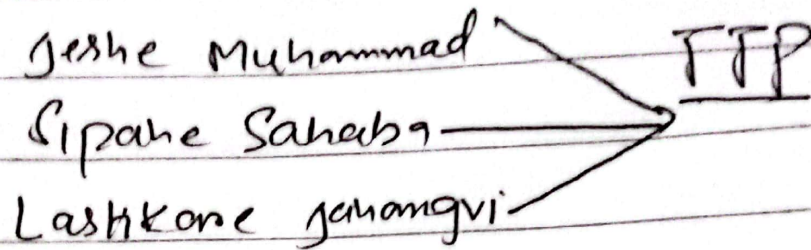


After these operations, security forces realized that they have not been eradicated. But it proved their mistaken approach

v) Merger of Militants: A united insurgency

During this period of after operations, militants

has strengthened themselves. The small parties have been merged into larger factions.



3- Impacts of insurgency on Pak-Afghan relations

i) Sending Refugees back to Afghanistan

After rise in militant activities, Pakistan decided to send undocumented refugees back to their home country Afghanistan.

ii) Relation between both neighbours became tense

The foreign departments of both countries exchanged inflammatory words. The main issue was of rising insurgency in the country.

iii) Blocking Trade activities

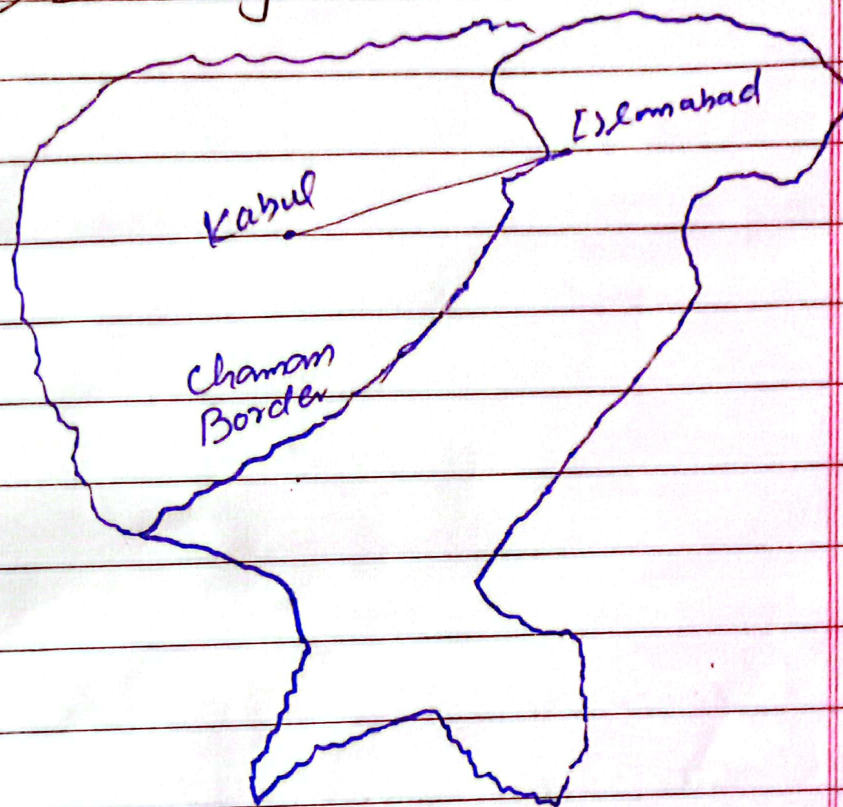


FIG: Showing border of Pakistan and Afghanistan.

The trade activities on Chaman border were completely restricted.

Now, it has started to
renew trade activities.

iv) Taliban government / Kabul
anger against Islamabad

Due to refugee
problem and closeness of
borders, Kabul government
infuriated at Pakistan.

They wanted renewal of all
trade related activities. That
have been renewed gradually
now

4- Recommendation for curbing
insurgency in Pakistan
and improving Pak-Afghan
Relation

i) Diplomatic pressure on
Kabul for not supporting
TTP

A diplomatic channel could improve and curb militancy in Pakistan. When Taliban would stop supporting TTP, it will be eradicated by security forces of the country.

ii) Taking Strong military Action against Militants

A strong military action against militants necessary for eradication: Muhammad Amir Rana, a security analyst, has said that militants could be eradicated with strong military action.

iii) Reminding Kabul of its agreement in Doha Deal

Taliban have pledged

Afghan soil would not be used for terrorism activities. But now it is being used for it. Pak should remind them

iv) Increasing Trade and exports to Afghanistan

Taliban are in dire need of economic activities. Pakistan could utilize this opportunity of conducting trade with Pakistan. Should also allow Afghanistan to conduct Transit trade activities.

5- Conclusion

In conclusion, the reasons of insurgency in Pakistan can be traced from Taliban revival. It has also impacted the relation of both states. By adopting careful activities, the tense relation can be restored.

Question 03

Dependency of Pakistan on IMF: Implications and Solutions

1- Introduction

Pakistani economy is dependent on IMF because of rising debt, circular debt, Trade deficit, and fiscal deficit. The implications are undermining sovereignty, removal of subsidies and ^{creating a} cycle of dependency on IMF bailouts. The solution to this problem can be investing in human capital, rising exports, and attracting investments.

2- Reasons of dependency of the economy of Pakistan on IMF

i) Uncontrollable interest of debts

The interest of debt forces country to go to IMF. Economic survey of Pakistan, more than half of budget goes for paying the interest of debts.

ii) Trade deficit: low exports

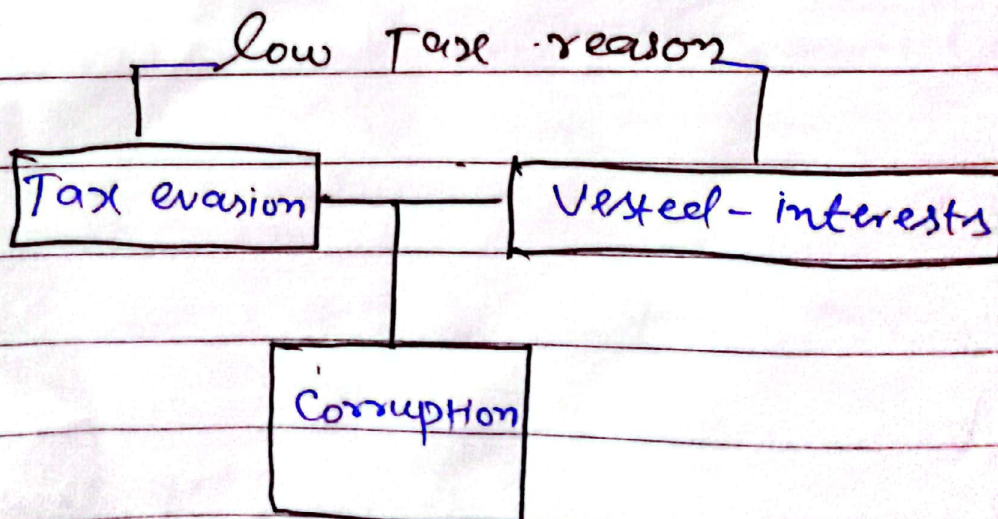
Exports generate revenue but the exports of the countries have been declined. Economic survey of Pakistan 2023 the exports have been declined 23% in comparison to 2022.

iii) A Curse of Circular debt

This curse also forces the country to knock at the doors of IMF. This debt stems from the energy sector of the country.

iv) Low Tax Collection

The economy of country runs through the taxes of public. Various problems cause low tax collection:



3- Implications of Bailouts

i) Undermines Sovereignty of the Country

IMF forces Country to accept its Conditions. State Bank governor was appointed by IMF. Although it should be internally appointed, IMF recommended a person.

ii) Creates difficulties for poor

IMF bailouts remove subsidies on the prices that result in higher inflation.

Inflation in Pakistan = 21%
people faces difficulties regarding their daily life.

iii) Creates a cycle of dependency

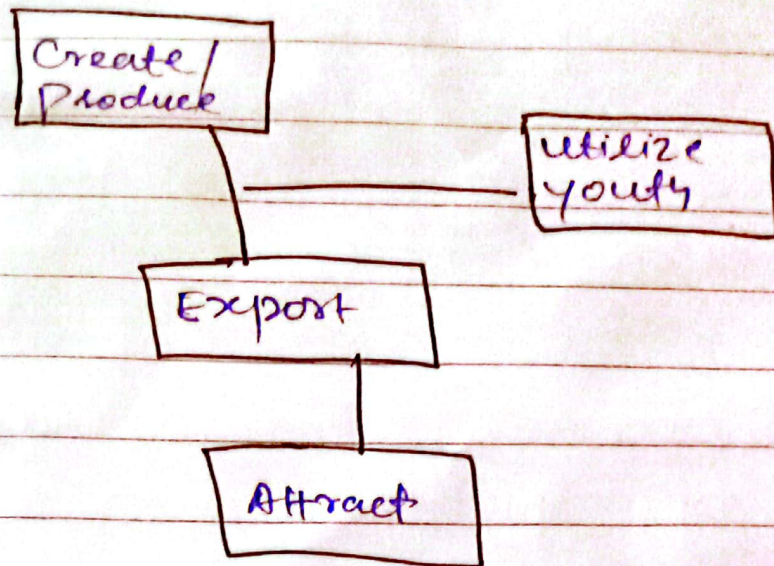
It does not provide benefits rather make a country dependent on these packages.

Pakistan bailout package
Current = 24th

iv) Burden on Salaried class

IMF bailouts are approved on the condition increasing tax net. The salaried class comes under the affect of this directly.

4- Recommendation for decreasing dependency of Pakistani economy on IMF



i) Rising exports by creating quality products

Following the example of China, Pakistan can also create cheaper and quality products for increasing its exports revenue.

ii) Utilizing youth bulge

UNDP = 60% population

of Pakistan is very young.
This youth can be utilized by

providing STEM Education and sending to foreign markets. Their contribution can be taken in technology as well.

iii) Decreasing the expenditures of government

Government expenditures that are unnecessary should be eradicated. Bureaucracy should be provided less facilities. Extra ministries should be merged under single ministry.

5- Conclusion

In conclusion, the Pakistani economic dependency on IMF is due to internal problem. As a result, ^{the} country is facing severe implications. But the problems and the dependency of the country could be mitigated by adopting careful steps.